

Search for Gluonic Hybrid Mesons via Photoproduction at Jefferson Lab



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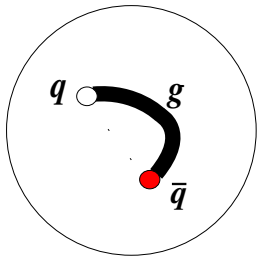


PANIC 2008

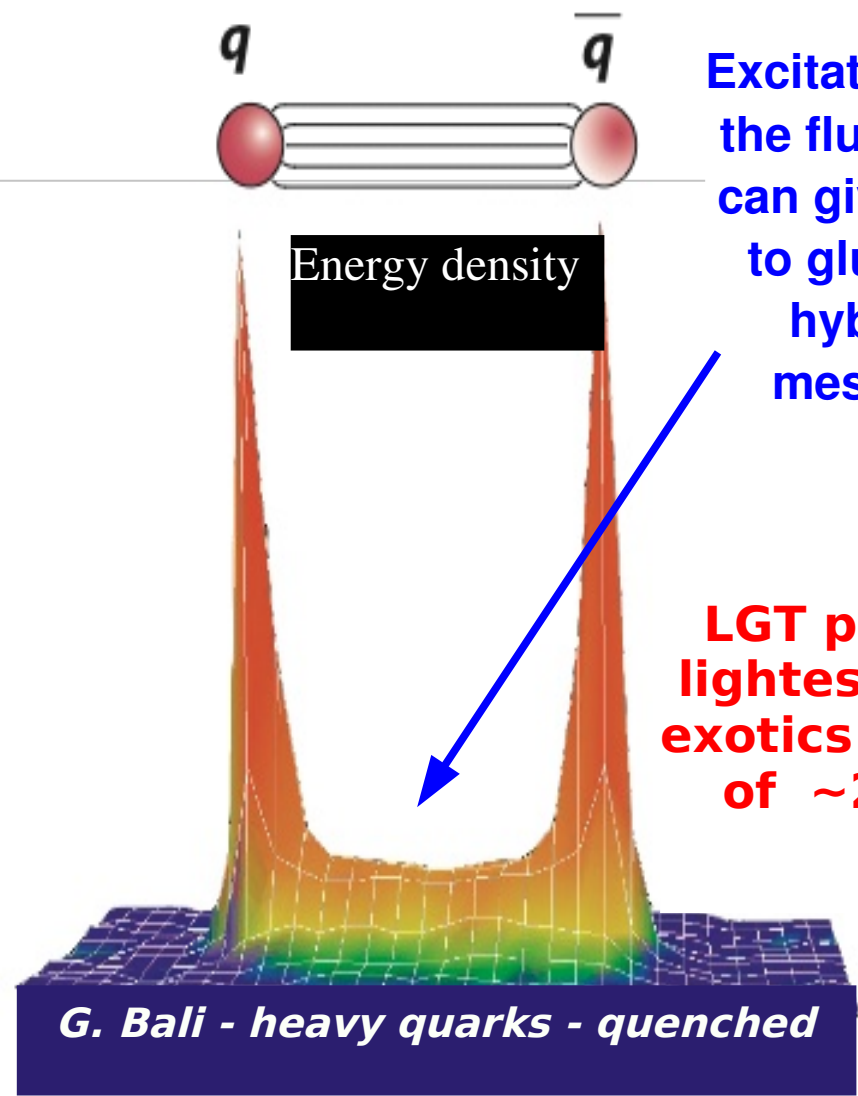
**9 - 14 November 2008
Eilat, Israel**

Overview

- **Motivation & Identification QCD Exotics**
- **Candidates for Exotic Mesons**
- **The GlueX Experiment**
 - **Hybrid Meson Search at Jefferson Lab**



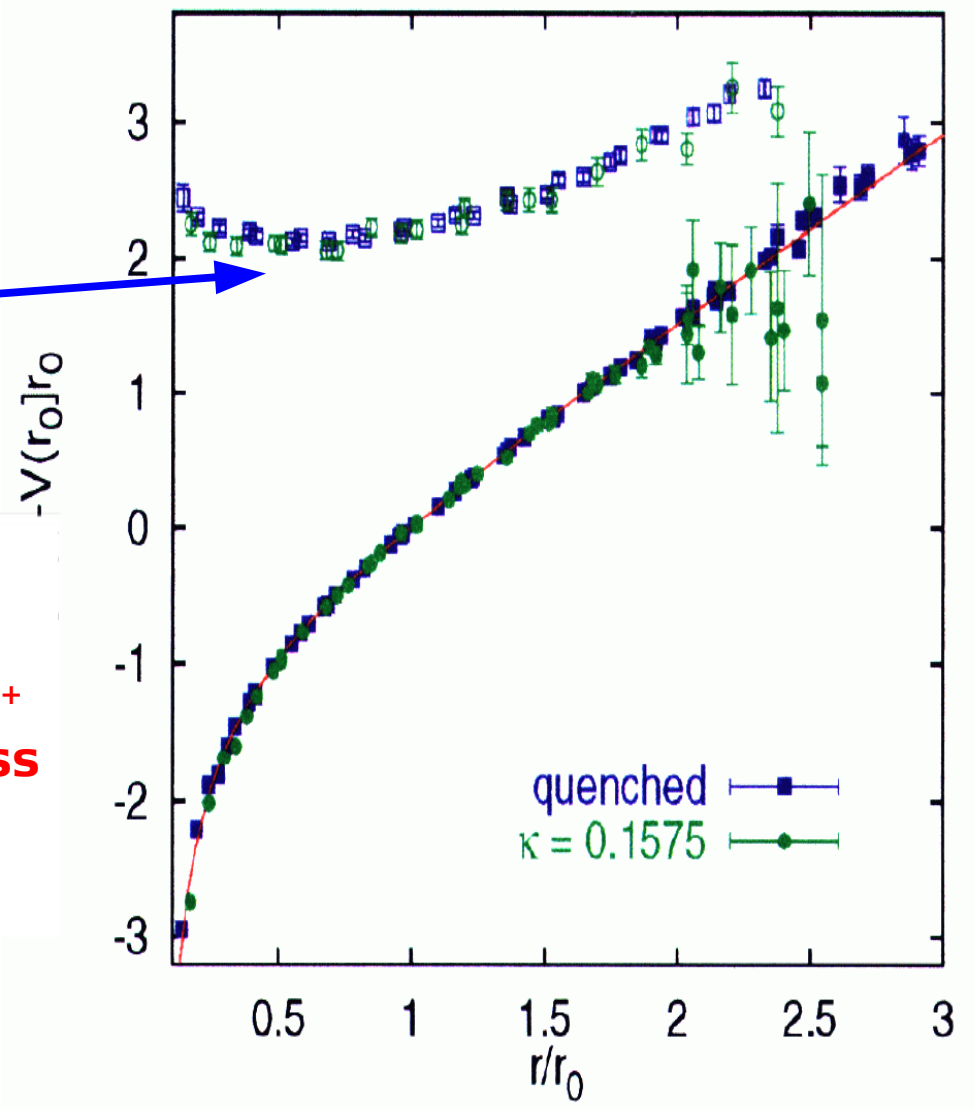
Gluonic Excitations



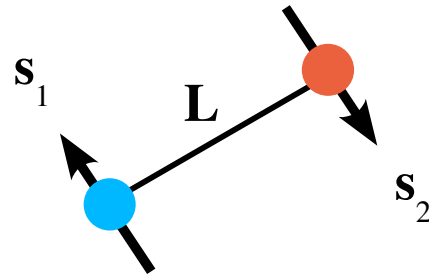
Excitations of the flux tube can give rise to gluonic hybrid mesons

LGT predicts lightest $J^{PC}=1^{-+}$ exotics w/ mass of ~ 2 GeV

G. Bali - heavy quarks - quenched



Quark Model Meson Spectrum



$$S=0,1$$

$$L=0,1,2,3,\dots$$

$$\vec{J} = \vec{L} + \vec{S}$$

$$P = (-1)^{L+1}$$

$$C = (-1)^{L+S}$$

Meson quantum numbers characterized by given J^{PC}

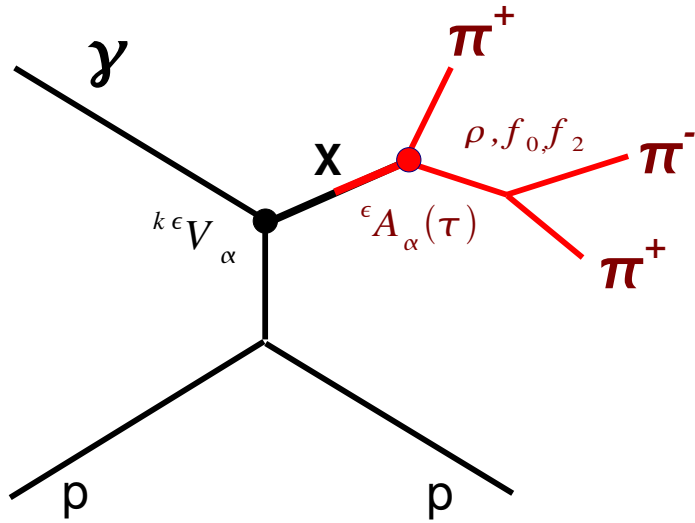
Allowed States:

$$J^{PC} = 0^{-+}, 0^{++}, 1^{--}, 1^{+-}, 1^{++}, 2^{--}, 2^{-+}, 2^{++}, \dots$$

Forbidden States (**Exotics**):

$$J^{PC} = 0^{+-}, 0^{--}, 1^{-+}, 2^{+-}, 3^{-+}, 4^{+-}, \dots$$

Partial Wave Analysis unraveling the bumps



$$I(\tau) = \sum_{k\epsilon\epsilon'} \epsilon\epsilon' \rho_{\epsilon\epsilon'}(\tau) \sum_{\alpha\alpha'} k\epsilon' V_{\alpha'}^{*\epsilon'} A_{\alpha'}^*(\tau) k\epsilon V_{\alpha}^{\epsilon} A_{\alpha}(\tau)$$

For unpolarized beam & target:

$$I(\tau) = \frac{1}{\tau} \sum_{k\epsilon} \left| \sum_{\alpha} k\epsilon V_{\alpha}^{\epsilon} A_{\alpha}(\tau) \right|^2$$

unknown

Complex parameters varied in the PWA to fit the data

$$A_{\alpha, M}(\tau) = A_X^{\lambda_1\lambda_2; M} * A_{iso}^{\nu_1\nu_2; \lambda_1 \dots}$$

$$A_X^{\lambda_1\lambda_2; M} = D_{\lambda M}^J(\theta, \phi) \frac{\tilde{L}}{\tilde{J}}(L 0; S \lambda | J \lambda) (S_1 \lambda_1; S_2 - \lambda_2 | S \lambda) K$$

Wigner
D-functions

Clebsch-Gordan
Coefficients

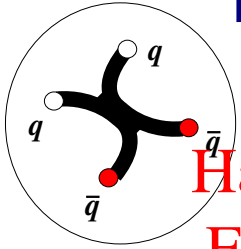
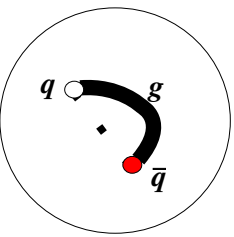
Mass Dependent
Factor

$${}^{\epsilon}A_{\alpha}(\tau) = a [A_{\alpha, M}(\tau) \pm b A_{\alpha, -M}(\tau)]$$

$$\tilde{J} = \sqrt{J(J+1)}$$

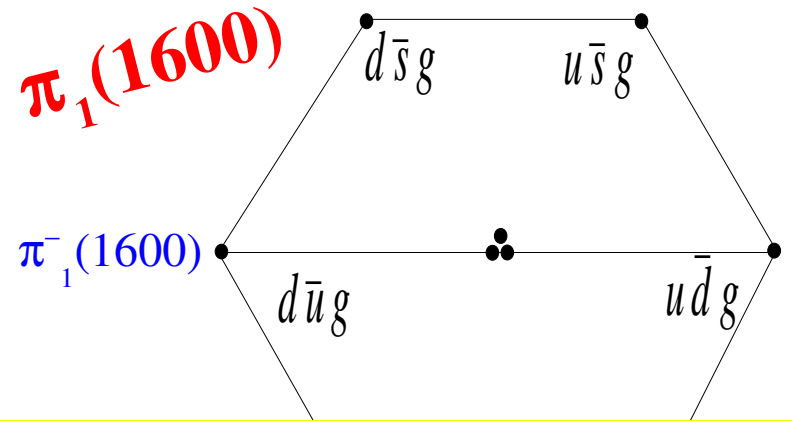
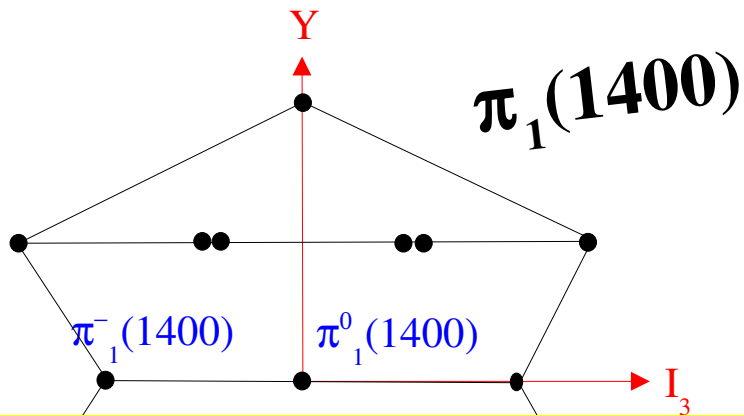
Helicity Decay Amplitudes

Several Exotic Candidates Exist



Have we observed an Exotic Multi-Quark?

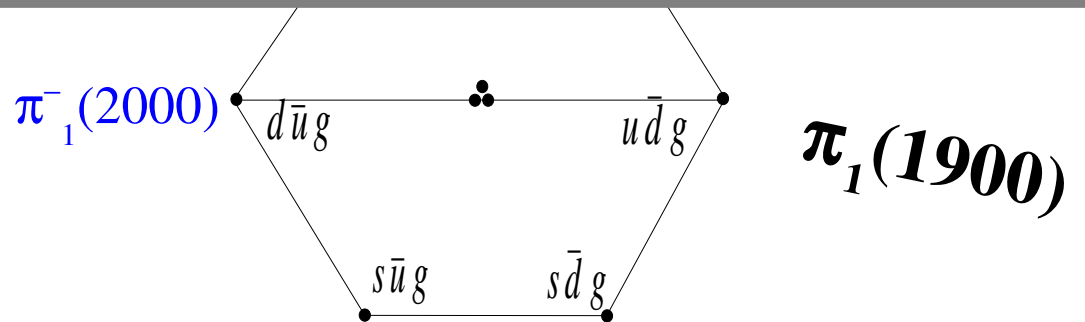
Have we observed a Gluonic Hybrid?



But there is a rich history of controversy



Multiplet 17



$J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$ Exotic Candidate

$\pi_1(1600)$

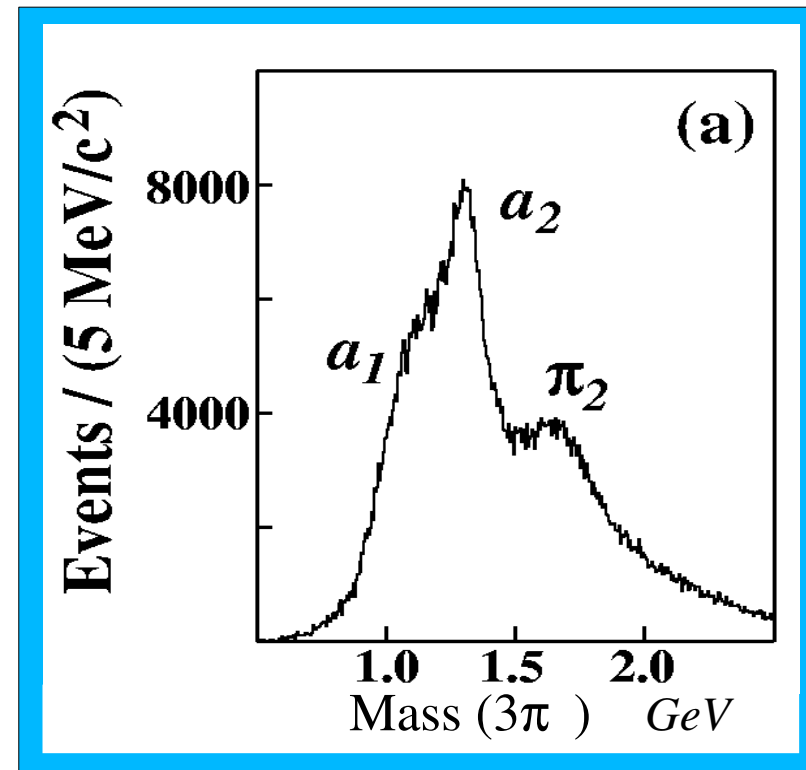
– BNL-E852

- Observe structure in the cross section & rapid phase motion
 - $\rho\pi$, $\eta'\pi$, $b_1\pi$, $f_1\pi$, $\omega\rho$
- BNL-E852 Claims of Consistent Exotic Nature in all Decays

– VES

- Observe structure in the cross section & rapid phase motion
 - $\rho\pi$, $\eta'\pi$, $b_1\pi$
- VES Claims Exotic in $b_1\pi$

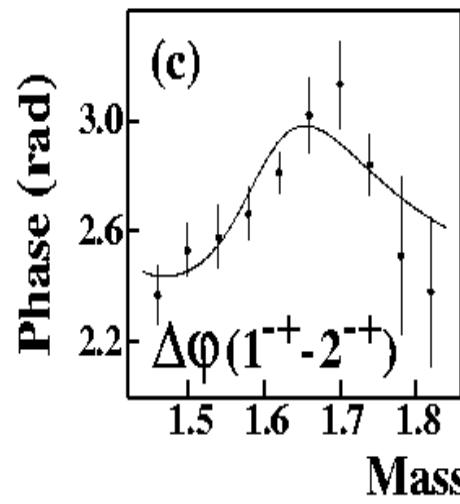
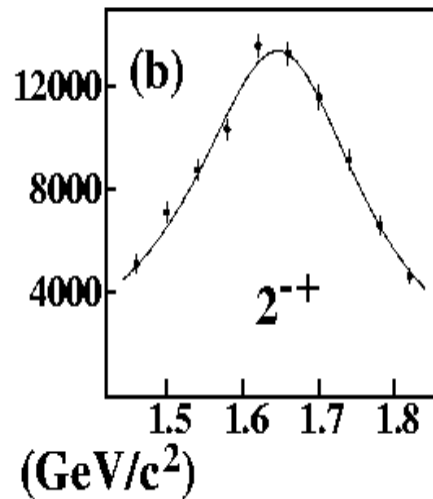
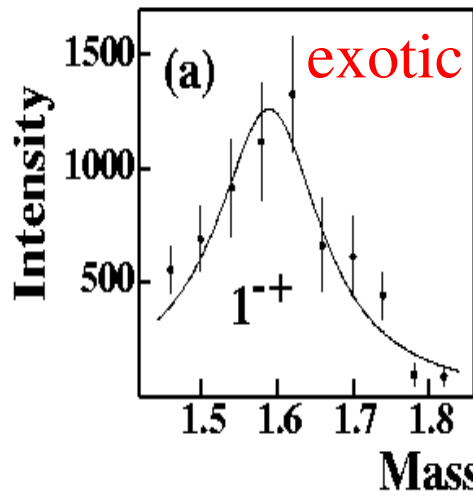
$$\pi^- p \rightarrow X^- p \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+ p$$



Both groups agree that a $\pi_1(1600)$ exists!

Exotic $\pi_1 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+$

250k events; 21-24 waves

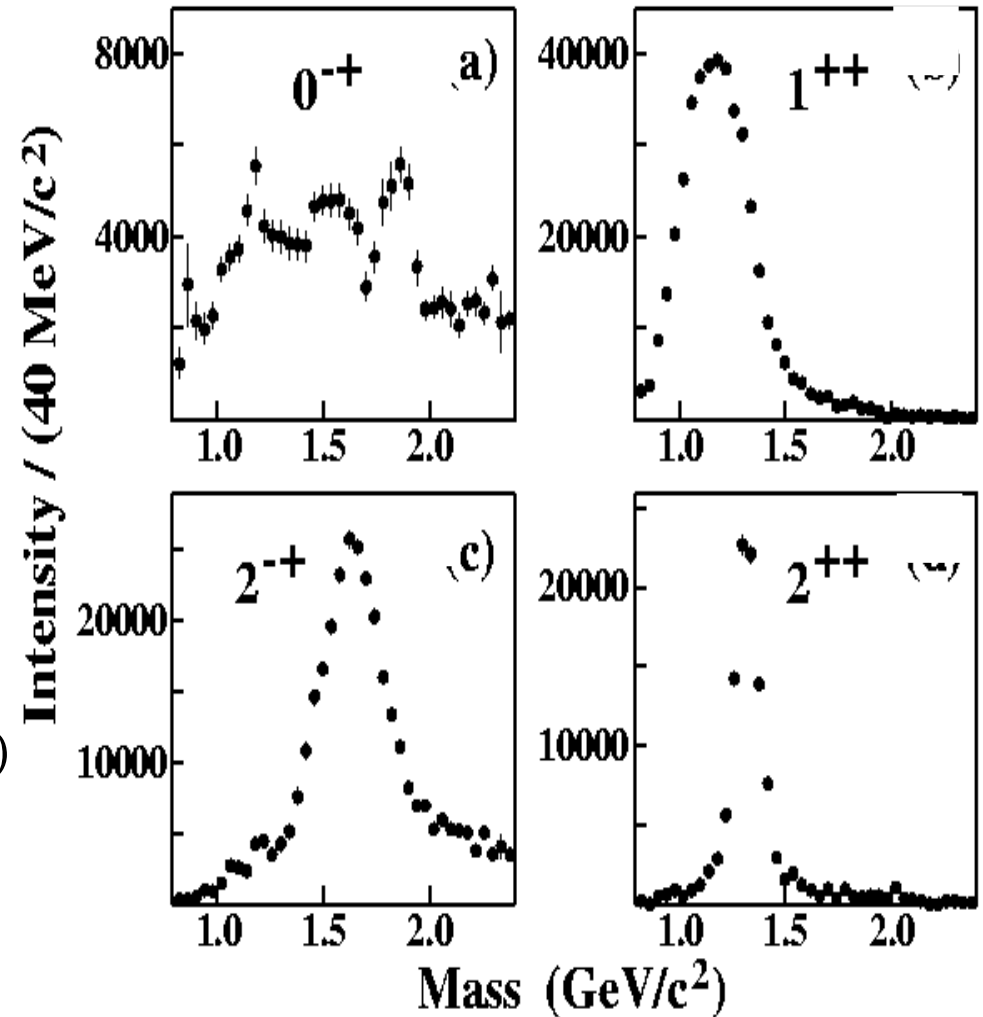


$$J^{PC} = 1^{--}$$

$$M = 1593(\pm 8)(+29-47)$$

$$\Gamma = 168(\pm 20)(+150-12)$$

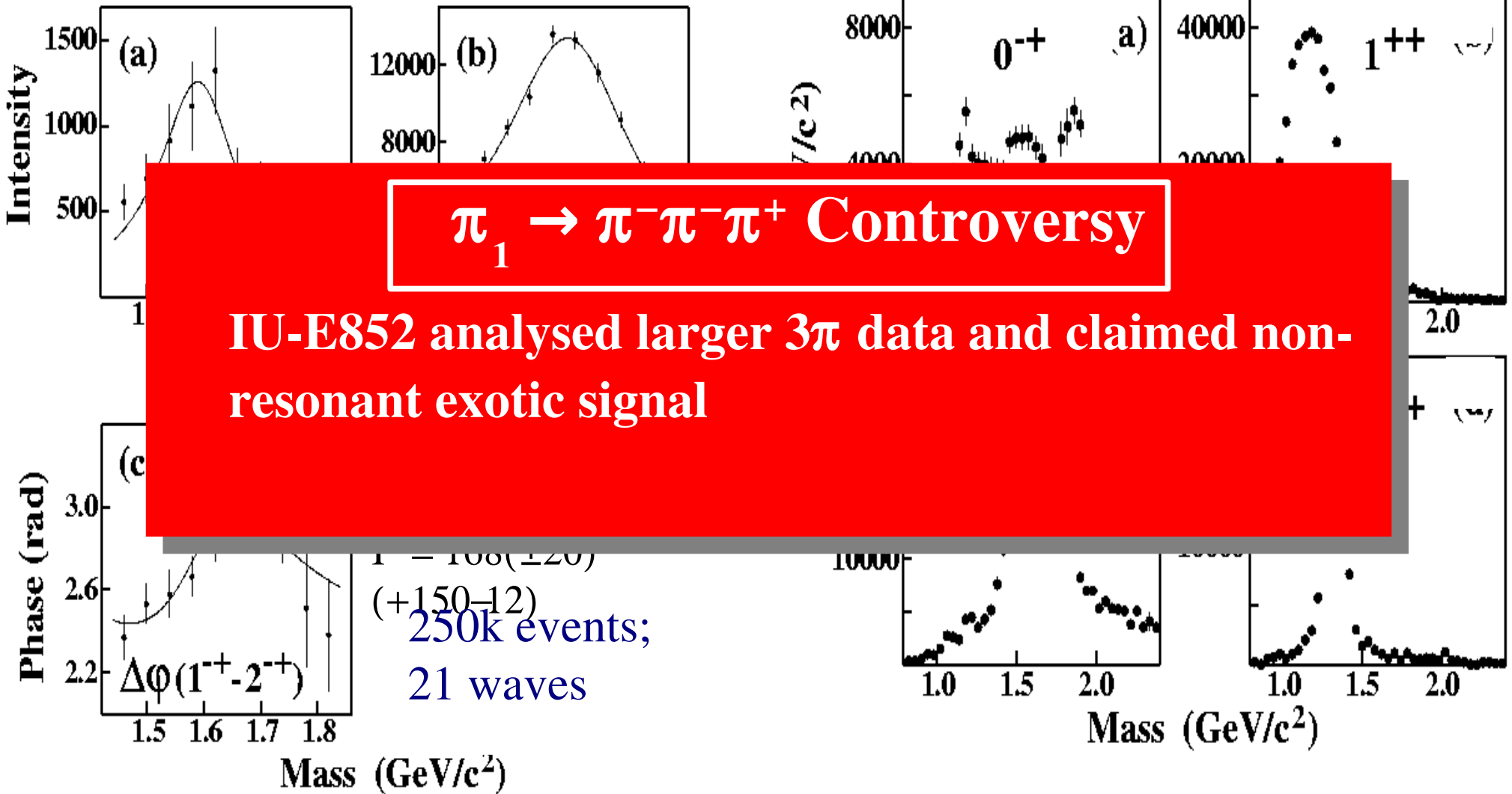
250k events;
21-24 waves



PWA of $\pi^- \pi^- \pi^+$

Exotic $\pi_1 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+$

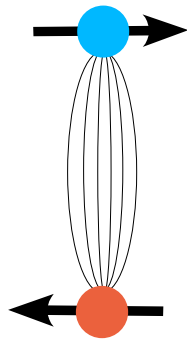
250k events; 21 waves



Photoproduction of Gluonic Excitations

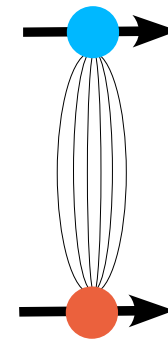
- It has been pointed out^{1,2,3} that in the case of photoproduction exotic hybrids should be produced copiously.

pseudoscalar probe

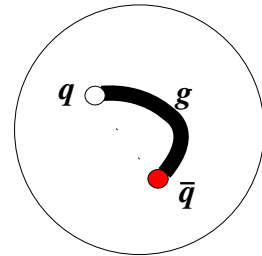


$$quarks \ J^{PC} \otimes flux\ tubes \ J^{PC} = \ 1^{--}, \ 1^{++}$$

vector probe



$$quarks \ J^{PC} \otimes flux\ tubes \ J^{PC} = \ 1^{--}, \ 1^{++}, \ 3^{--}, \ 3^{++}, \ 1^{+-}, \ 1^{-+}, \ 3^{+-}, \ 3^{-+}$$



¹Close *et al.* Phys. Rev. D52:1706 (1995)

²Afanasev *et al.* Phys. Rev. D57:6771 (1998)

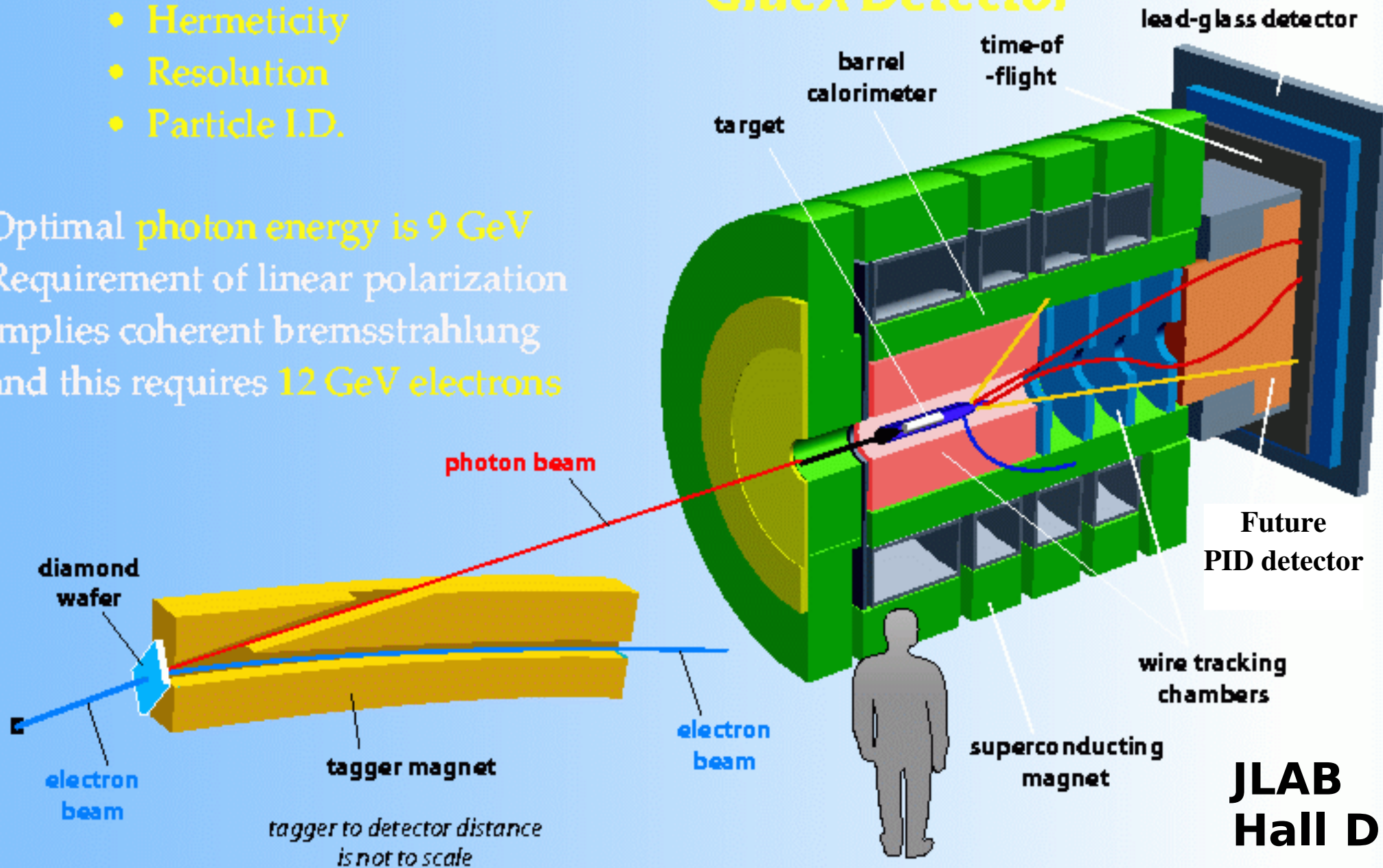
³Szczepaniak *et al.* Phys. Lett. B516:72 (2001)

Optimized for doing amplitude analysis

- Hermeticicity
- Resolution
- Particle I.D.

Optimal photon energy is 9 GeV
 Requirement of linear polarization implies coherent bremsstrahlung and this requires 12 GeV electrons

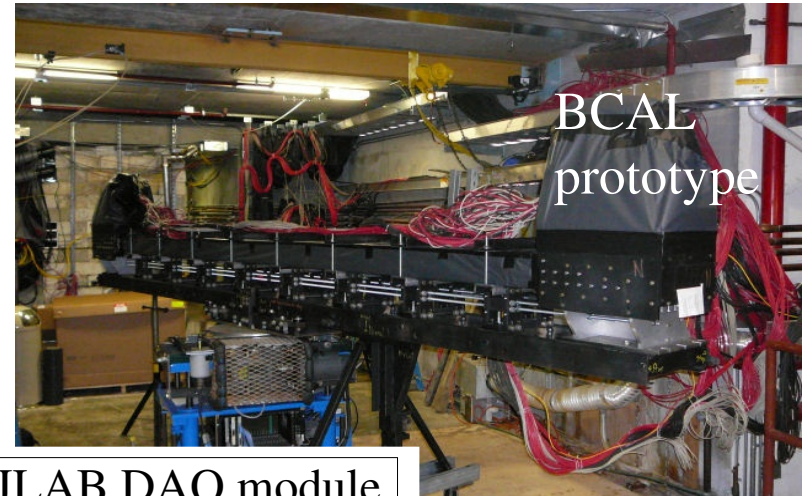
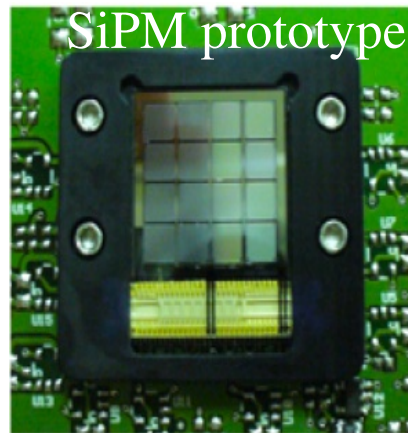
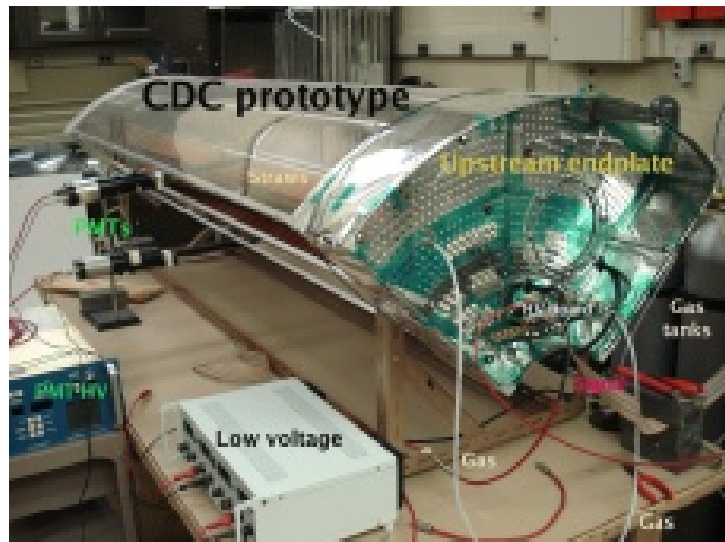
GlueX Detector



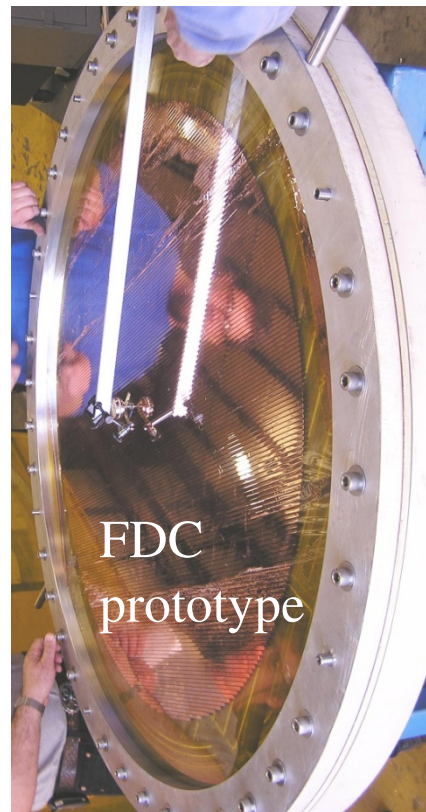
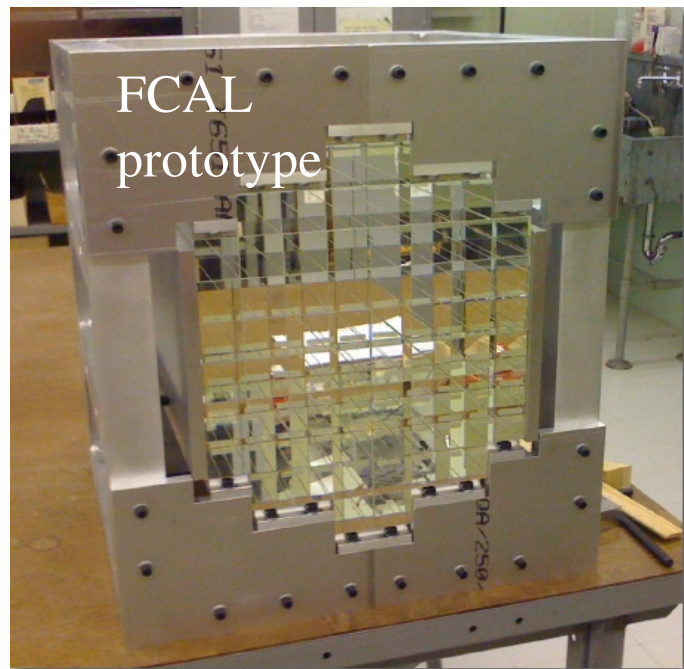
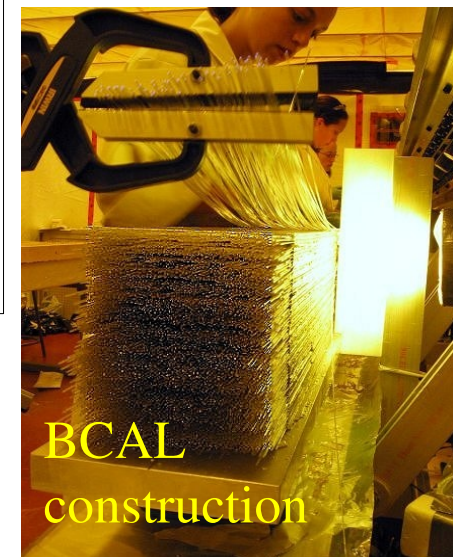
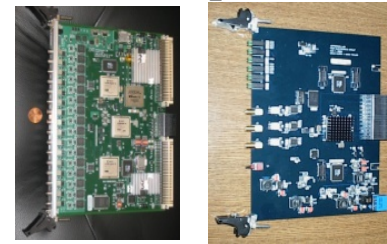
Collaboration has been carrying out R&D for the last 7 years

**JLAB
Hall D**

GlueX R&D



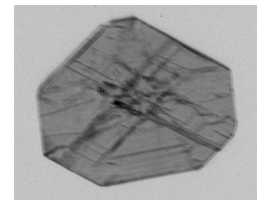
JLAB DAQ module development



Active Collimator



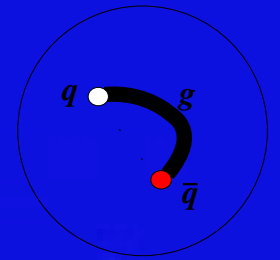
synthetic diamond R&D



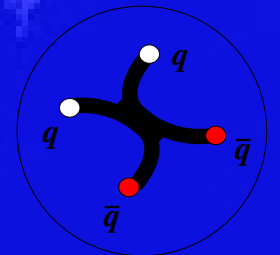
Status of GlueX

- (DOE) CD-3 granted in September
- HALL-D civil construction start beginning 2009
- Detector procurement/construction starts now
- Beam on target: 2014

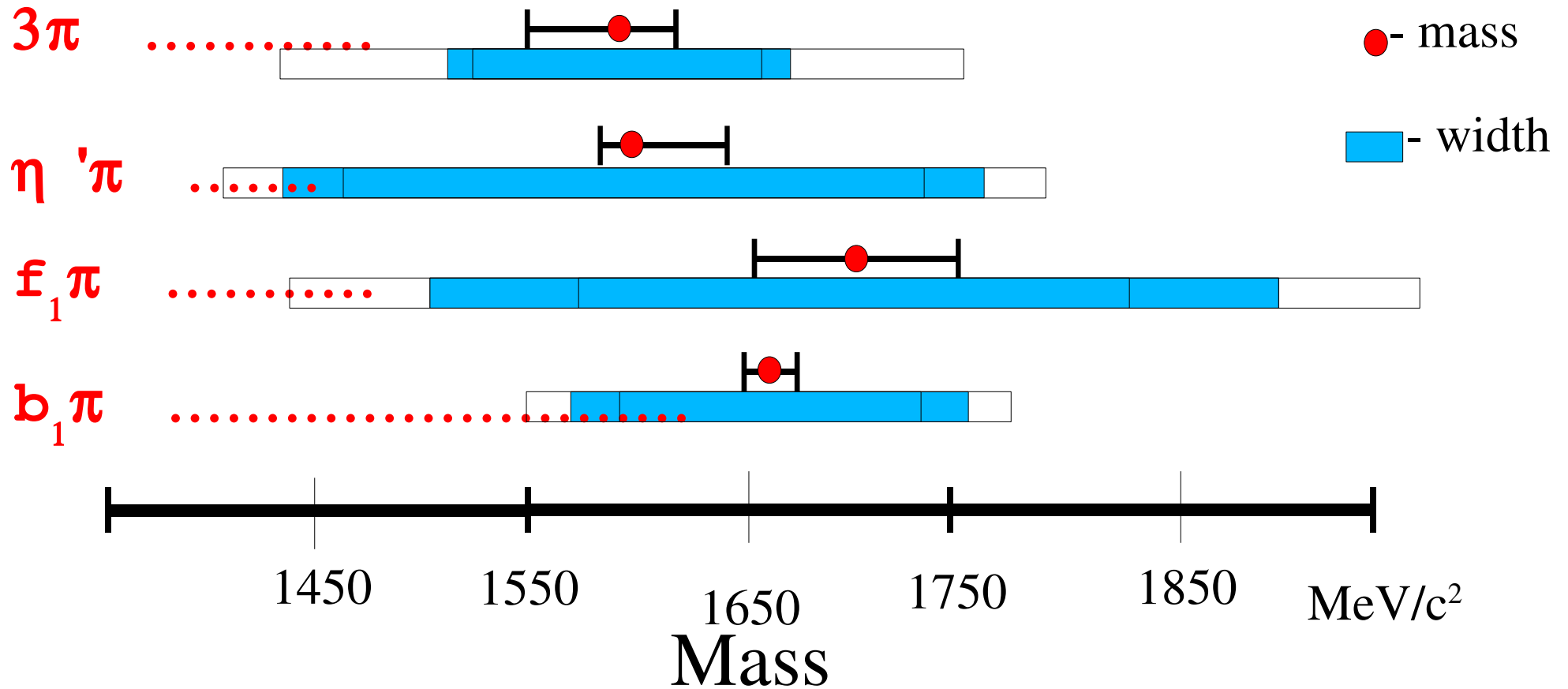
Summary & Outlook



- **The Quark Model of hadrons works surprisingly well, yet QCD allows for a much richer spectrum of hadronic matter**
- **The excitation of the gluonic fields leads to an entirely new spectrum of mesons**
 - ◆ Several promising exotic candidates exist
 - ◆ Exotic hybrids should be copiously produced via photoproduction
 - ➔ Virtually unexplored production
- ◆ **The JLAB GlueX program plans to firmly identify and map out the exotic spectrum**



$\pi_1(1600)$ Consistency



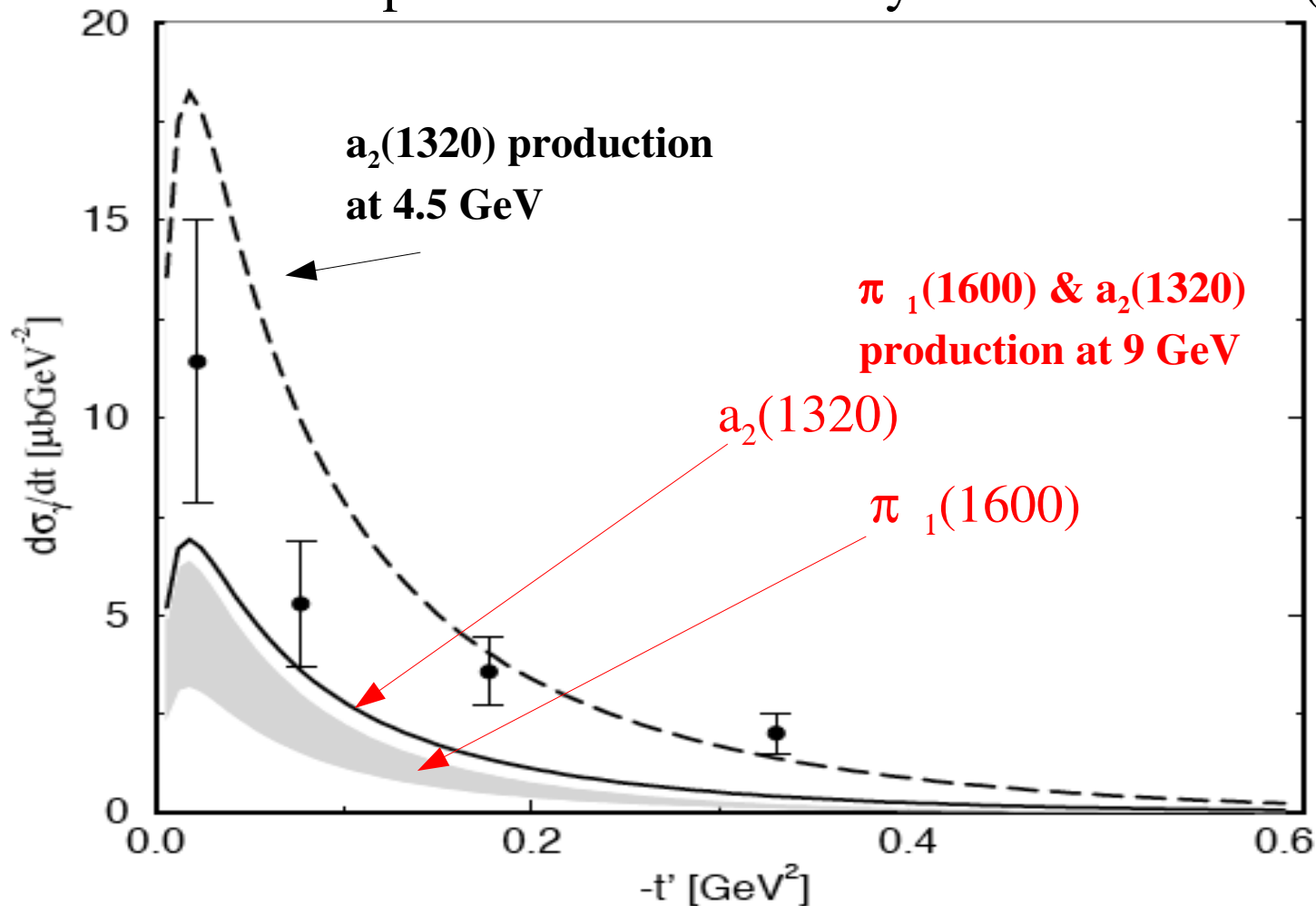
Not Outrageous, but not great agreement

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow p X^-$$

Results from all 4 channels suggest Pomeron production

Role of Photoproduction in Exotic Meson Searches

A. Szczepaniak & M. Swat Phys. Lett. B516 72 (2001)



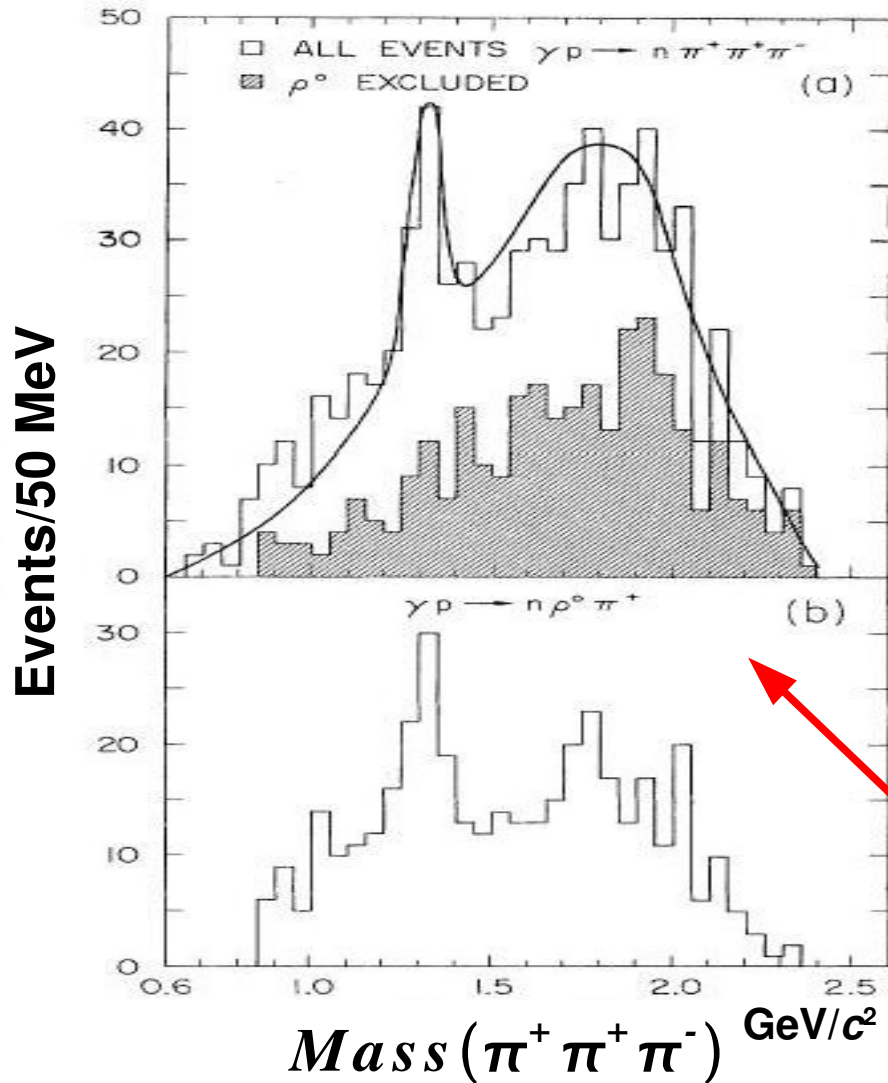
the ratio of exotic to nonexotic meson-production cross sections is expected to be by a factor of 5 to 10 larger, in photoproduction than in hadroproduction

Existing Meson Photoproduction Data

$$\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^+ n$$

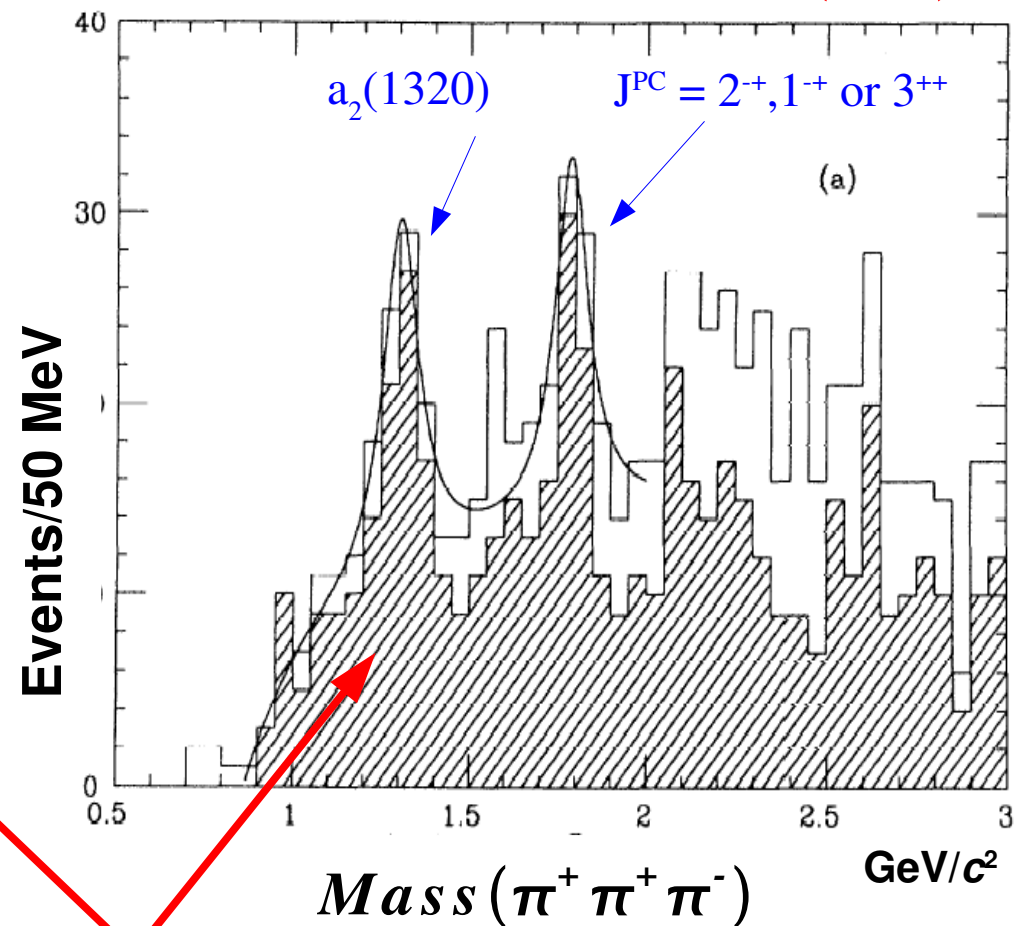
$$E_\gamma = 0.7 \text{ \& \ } 1.3 \text{ GeV}$$

Ballam et al., PRL **23**, 1322 (1969)



$$E_\gamma \approx 19 \text{ GeV}$$

Condo et al., PRD **43** #9, 2787 (1991)

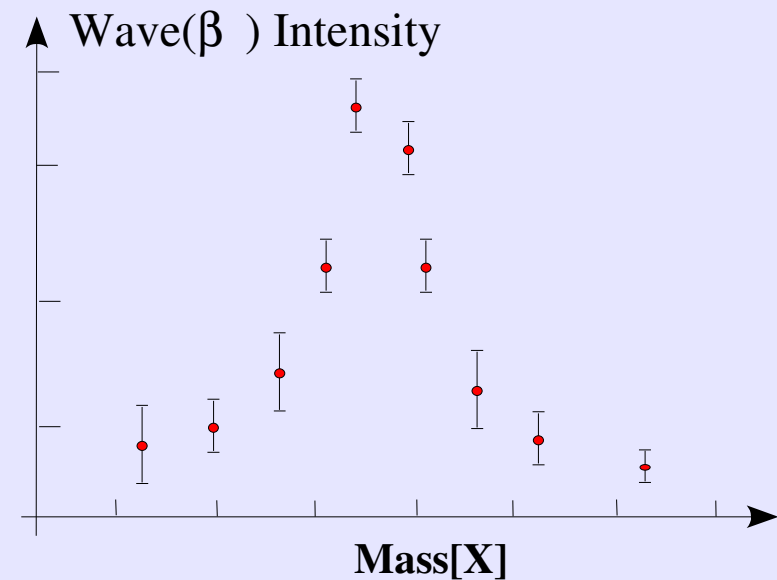
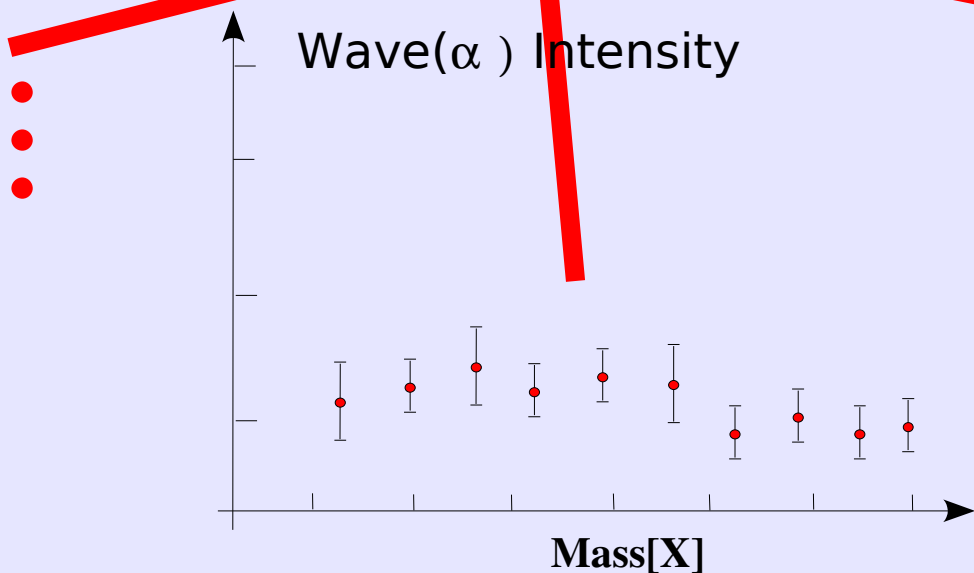
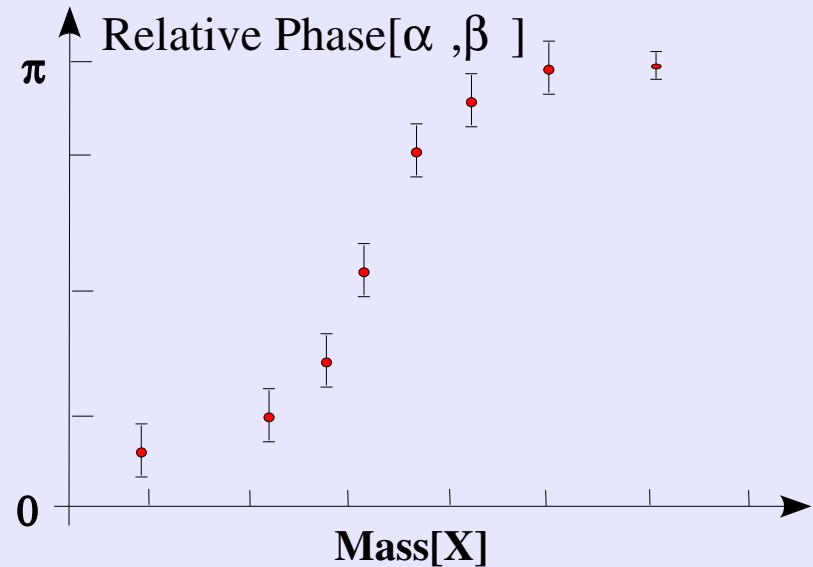
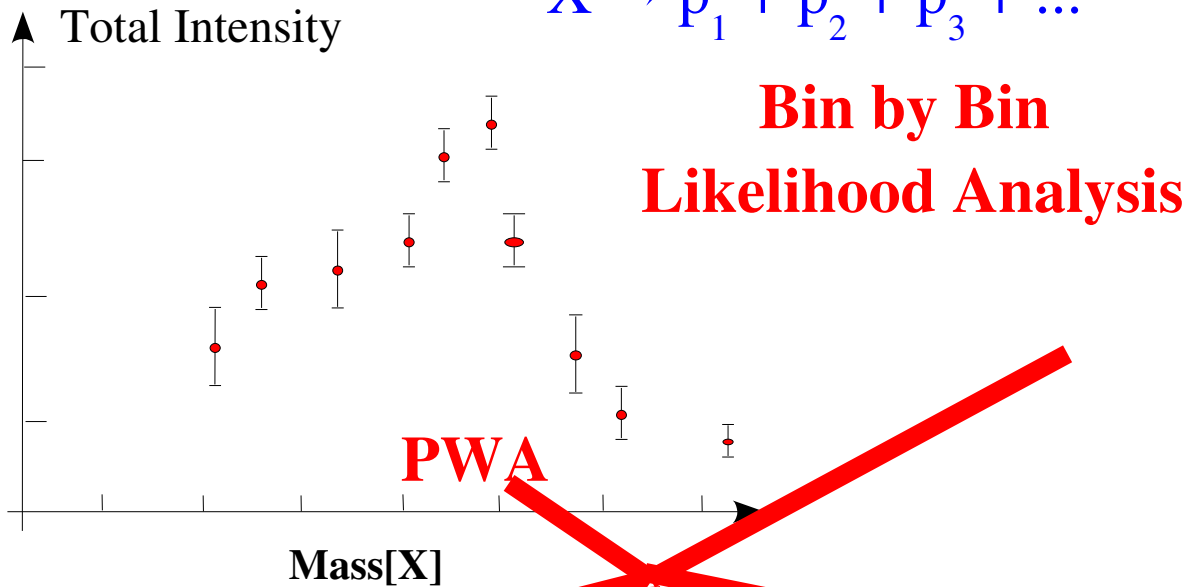


~600 events

Partial Wave Analysis

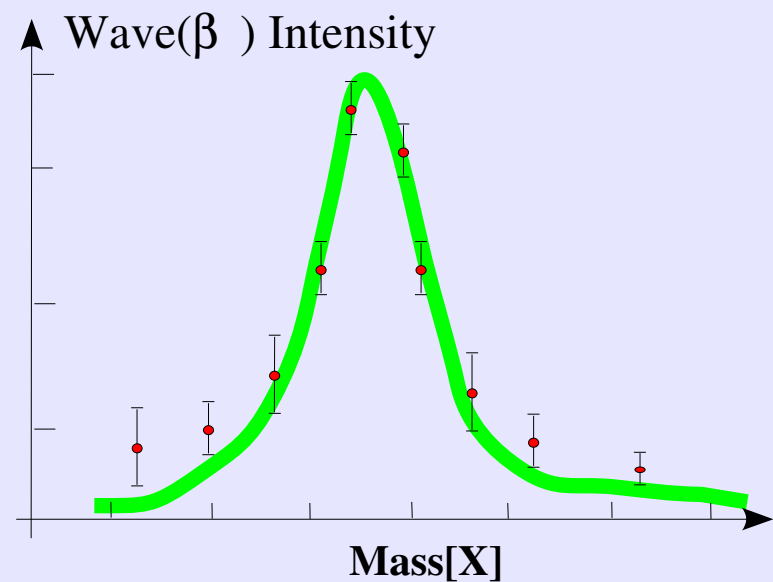
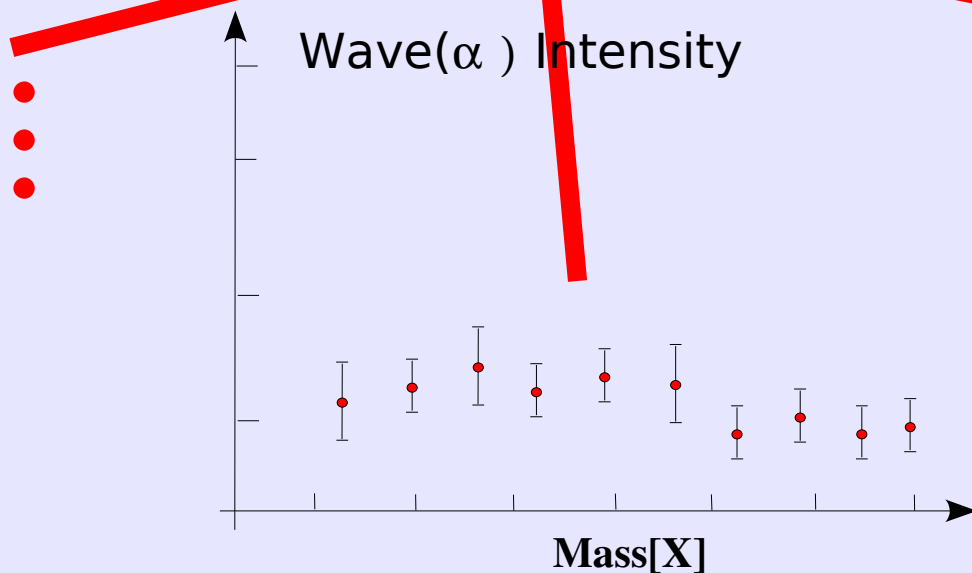
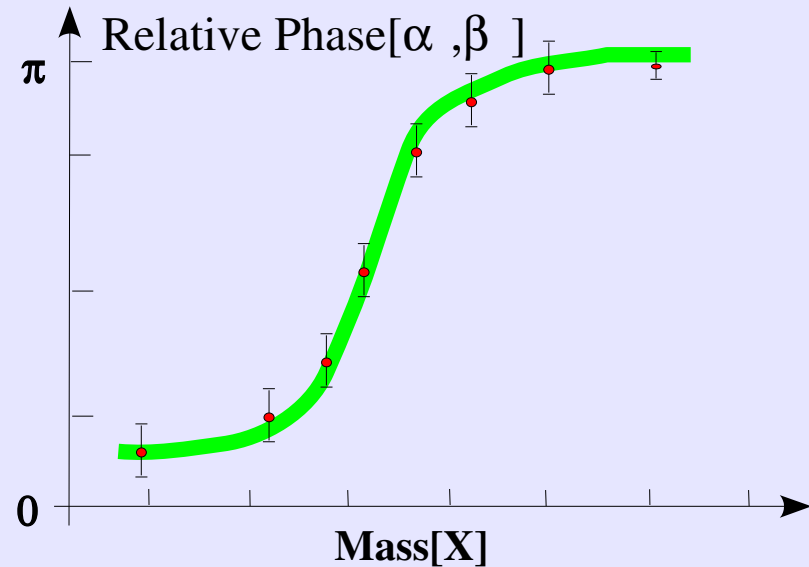
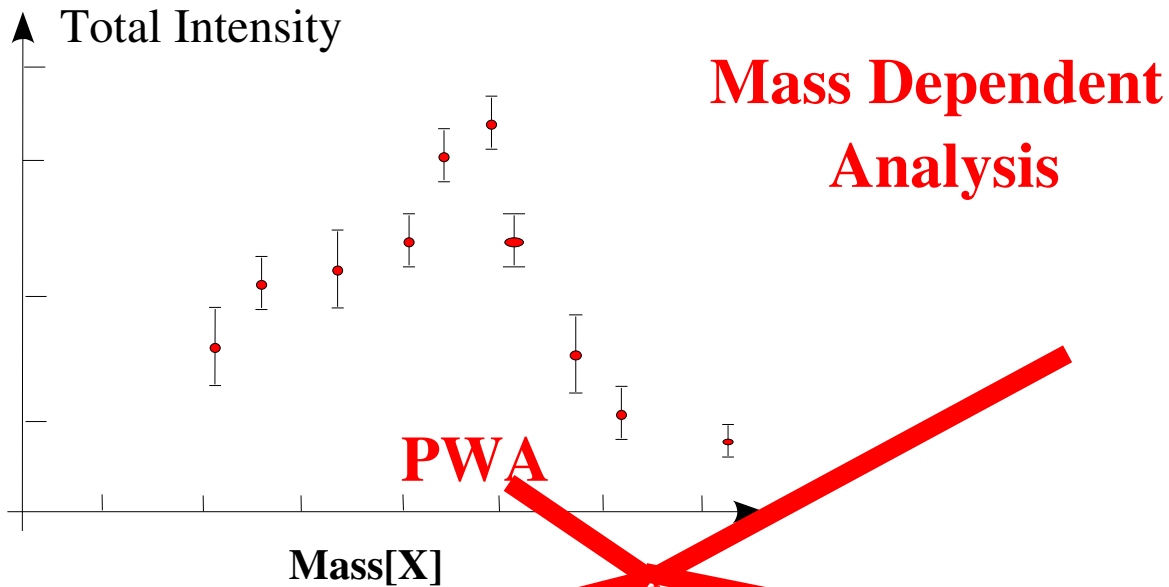
Step 1: Decompose to Partial Waves

$$X \rightarrow p_1 + p_2 + p_3 + \dots$$



Partial Wave Analysis

Step 2: Extract Resonance Parameters



$J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$ Exotic Candidate

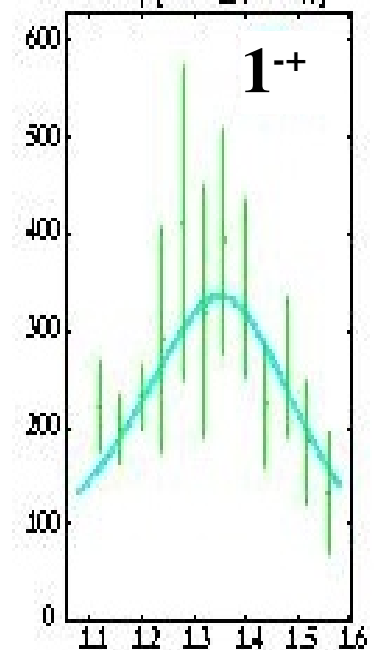
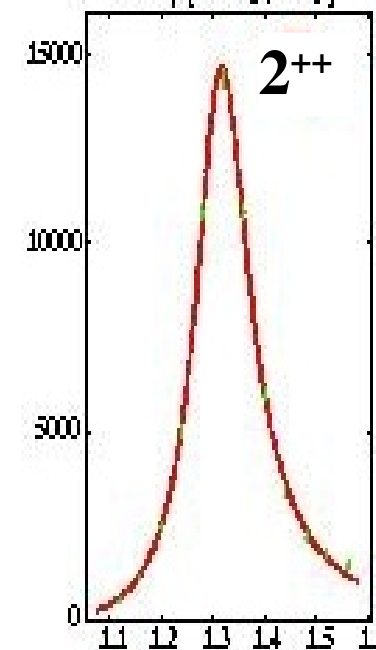
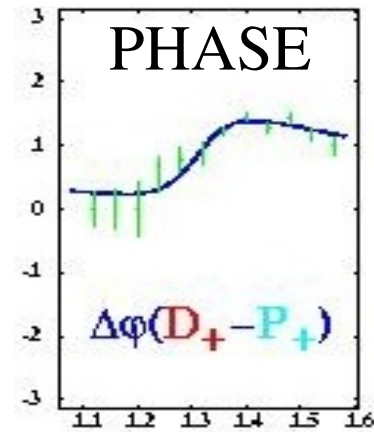
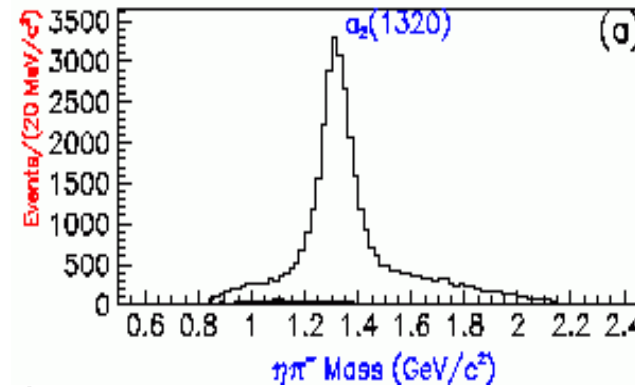
$\pi_1(1400) \rightarrow \eta\pi$

– BNL-E852 & Crystal Barrel

- Observe structure in the cross section & rapid phase motion
- Simple Breit-Wigner ansatz describes data
- **Both Claims of Exotic Nature**

– VES & IU-E852 _{$\eta\pi^0$}

- Observe structure in the cross section & rapid phase motion
 - VES reported results earlier but no claims of exotic
 - IU-E852 $\eta\pi^0$ result differs slightly in the phase
- Results compatible with BNL findings
- **VES Did not Claim Exotic**
- IU-E852 claims rescattering effect



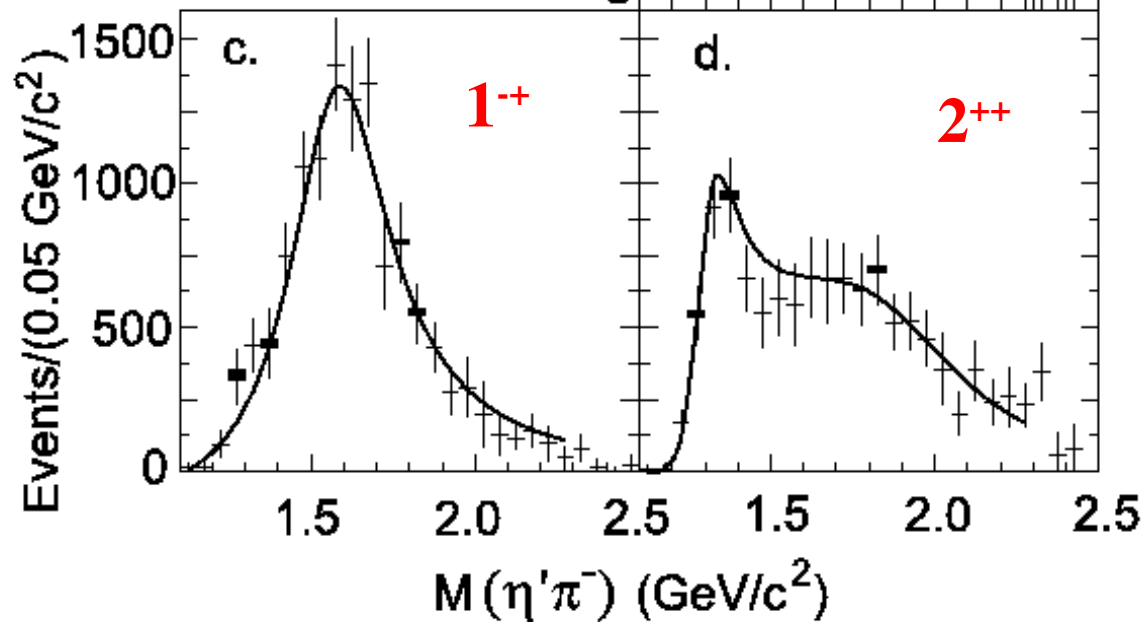
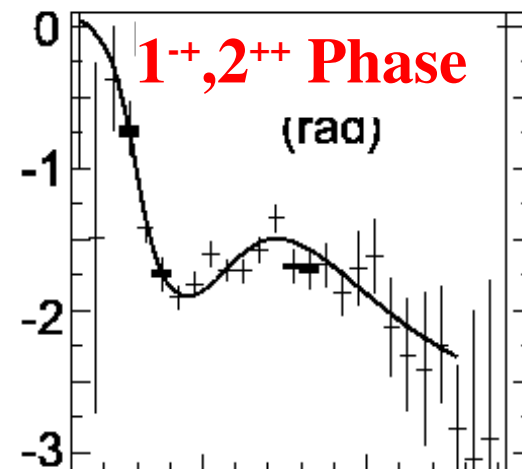
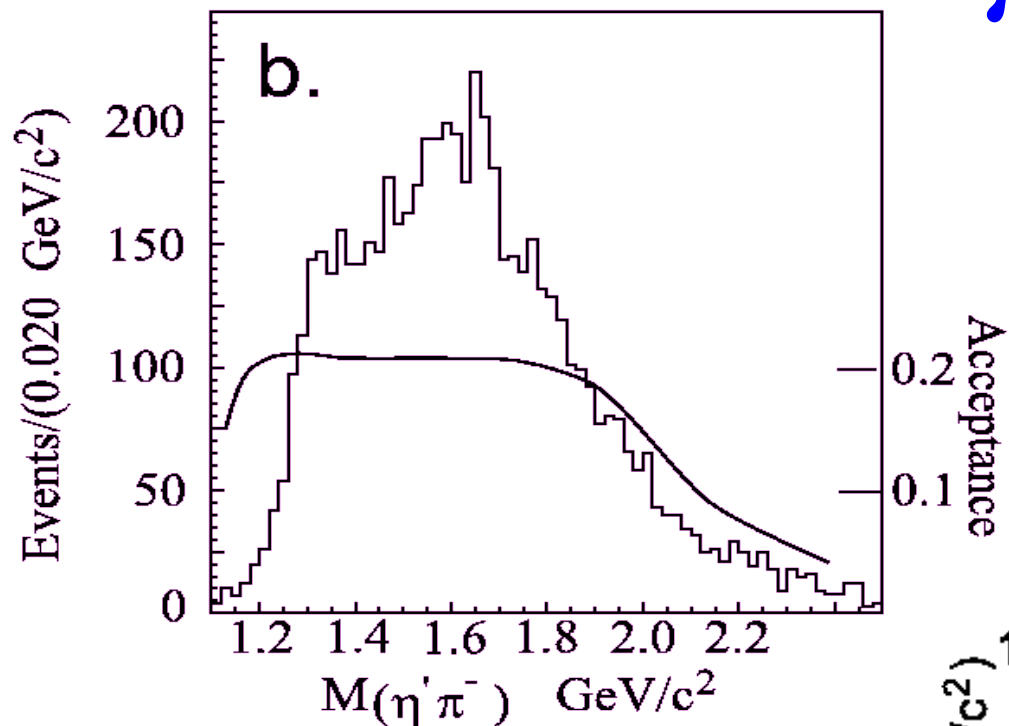
All groups agree on findings but disagree on interpretation

Observation of Exotic $\pi_1(1600)$

$\pi_1(1600) \rightarrow$

$\eta \pi$ Mountain in the Molehill

PWA



BNL-E852

$\pi^- p \rightarrow p \eta' \pi^-$

Yet Another $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$ Exotic Candidate

BNL-E852

$\pi_1(1600)$ & $\pi_1(2000)$

Observe structure in the cross section & rapid phase motion

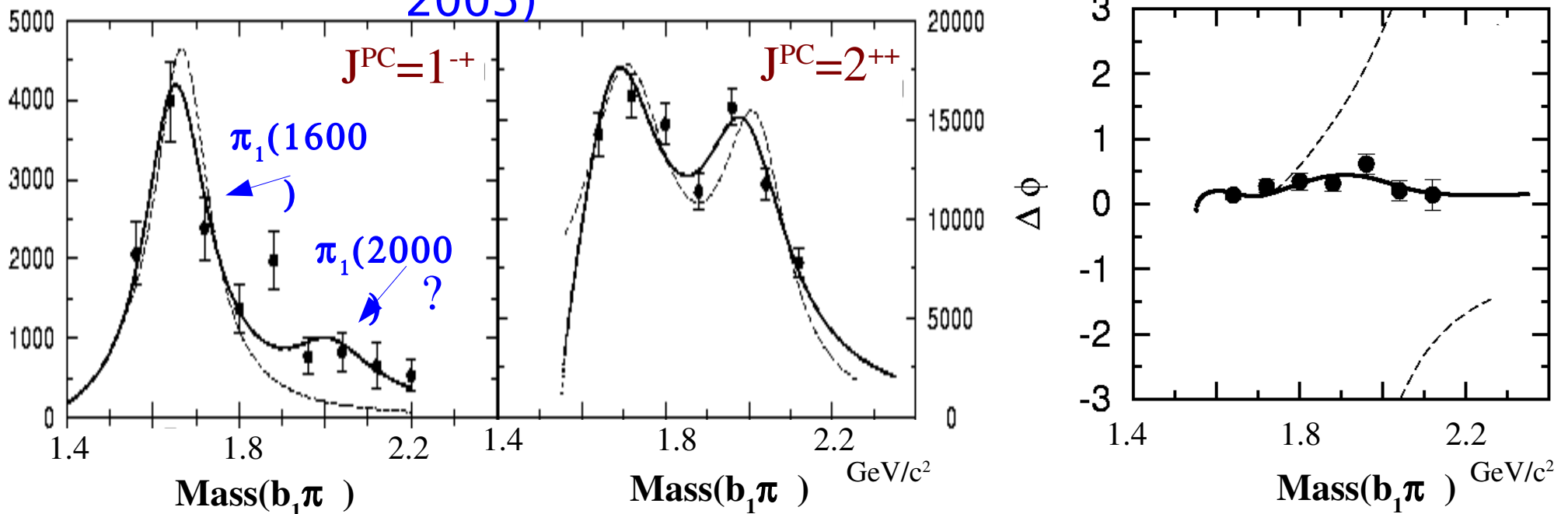
- $f_1(1285) \pi$

(Phys. Lett. B595 109 2004)

- $b_1(1235) \pi$

(Phys. Rev. Lett. 94 032002

2005)



BNL-E852 Claims of Consistent Exotic Nature in both Decays