
Rate estimate vs. 0

$$\gamma + p \rightarrow \rho p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- p$$

$$\sigma = \frac{N}{\epsilon \mathcal{L}}$$

σ : Cross section

ϵ : Efficiencies

\mathcal{L} : Luminosity

Based on: $\gamma + p \rightarrow \rho p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- p$

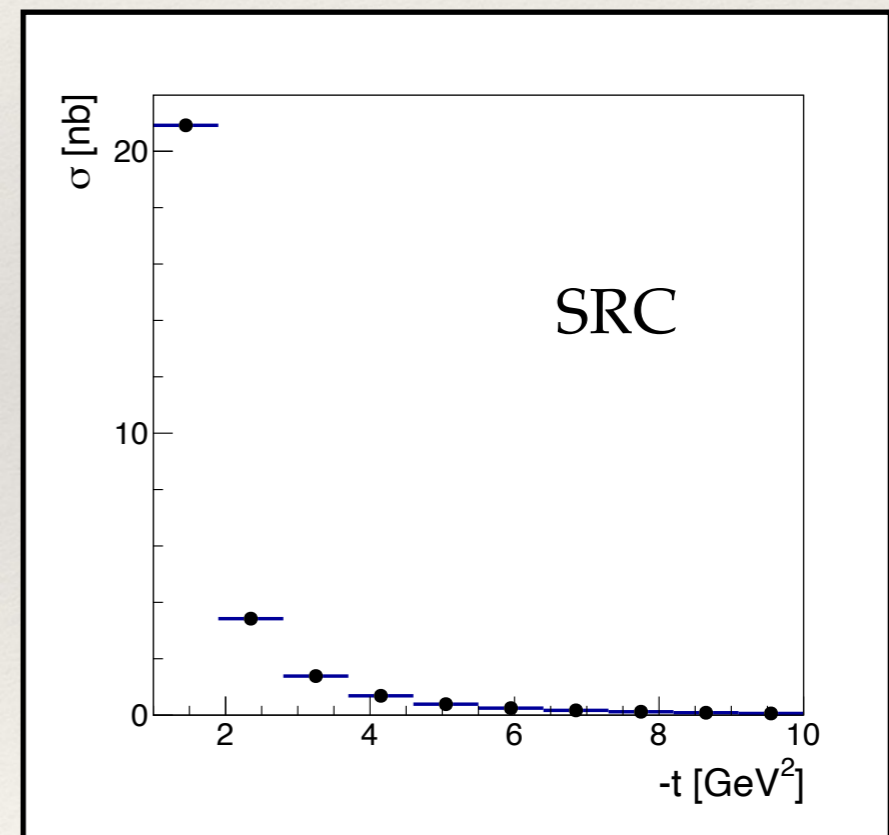
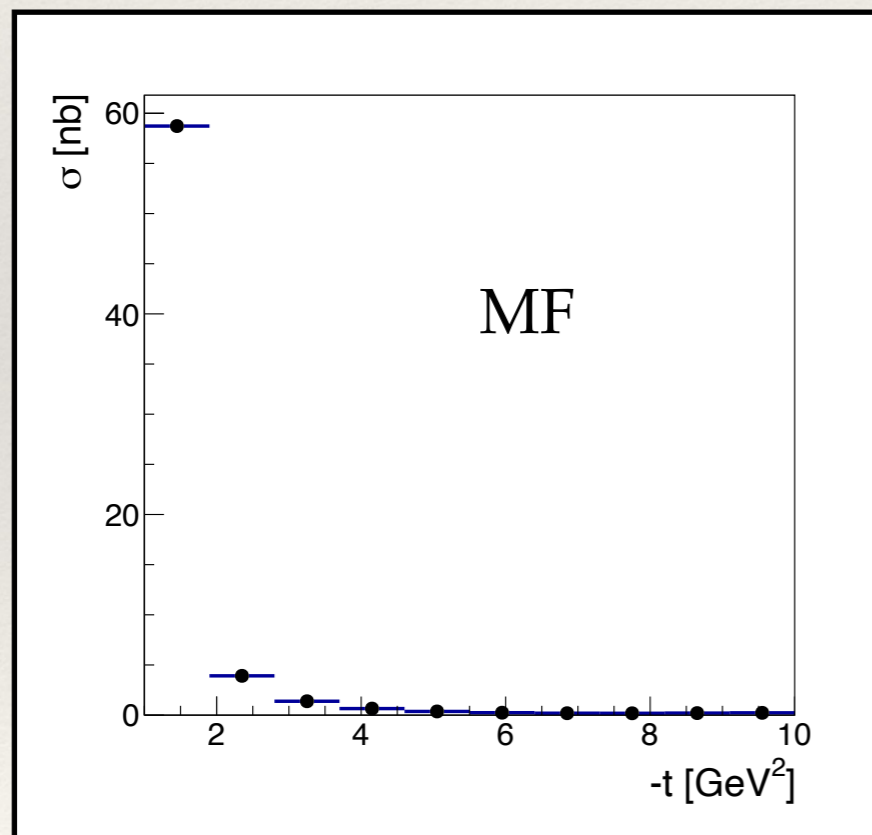
$$\sigma = \frac{N}{\epsilon \mathcal{L}}$$

σ : Cross section

ϵ : Efficiencies

\mathcal{L} : Luminosity

From the generator:



$$\sigma = \frac{N}{\epsilon \mathcal{L}}$$

σ : Cross section

ϵ : Efficiencies

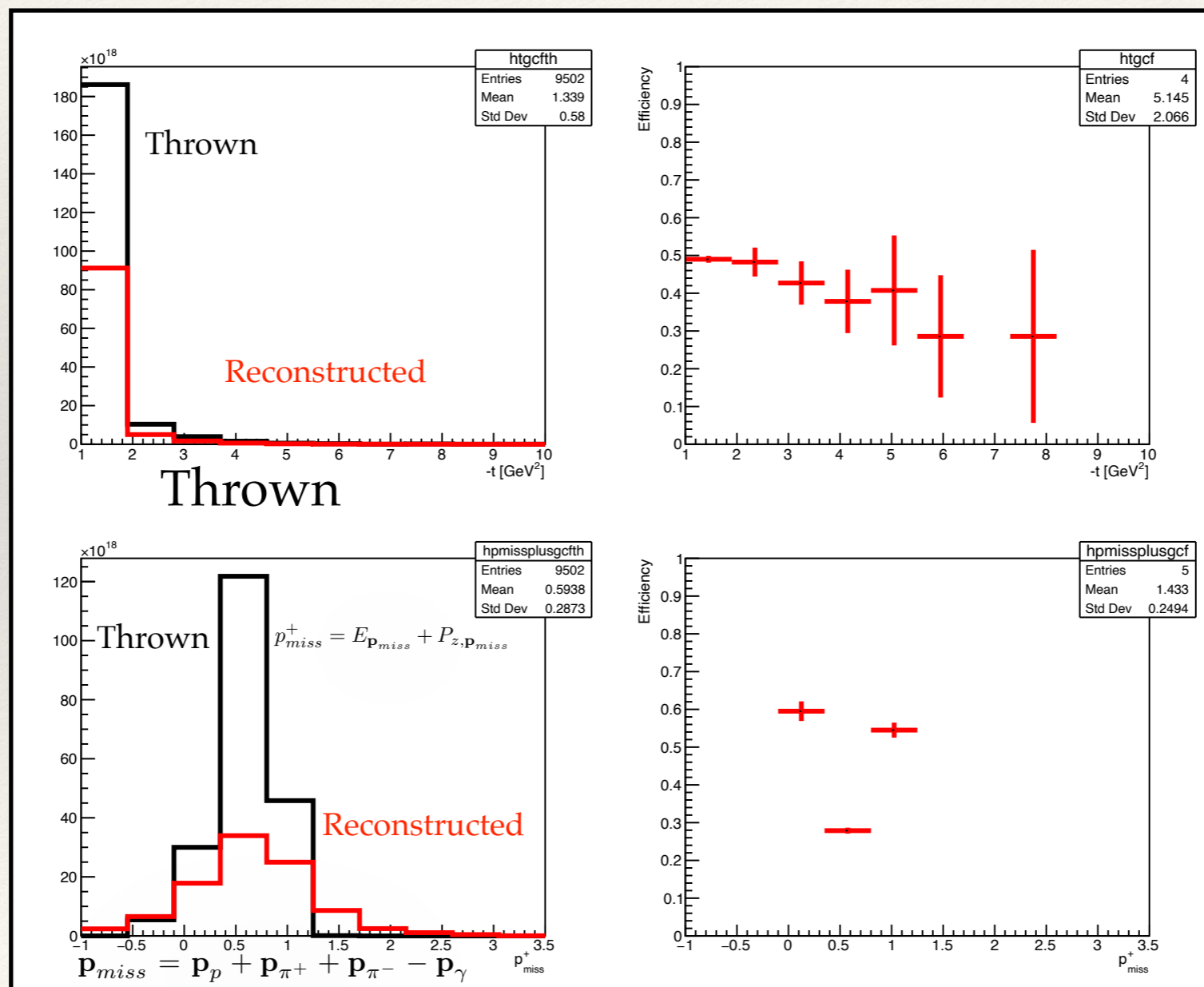
\mathcal{L} : Luminosity



Efficiencies:

$$\epsilon = \frac{N_{reconstructed}}{N_{thrown}}$$

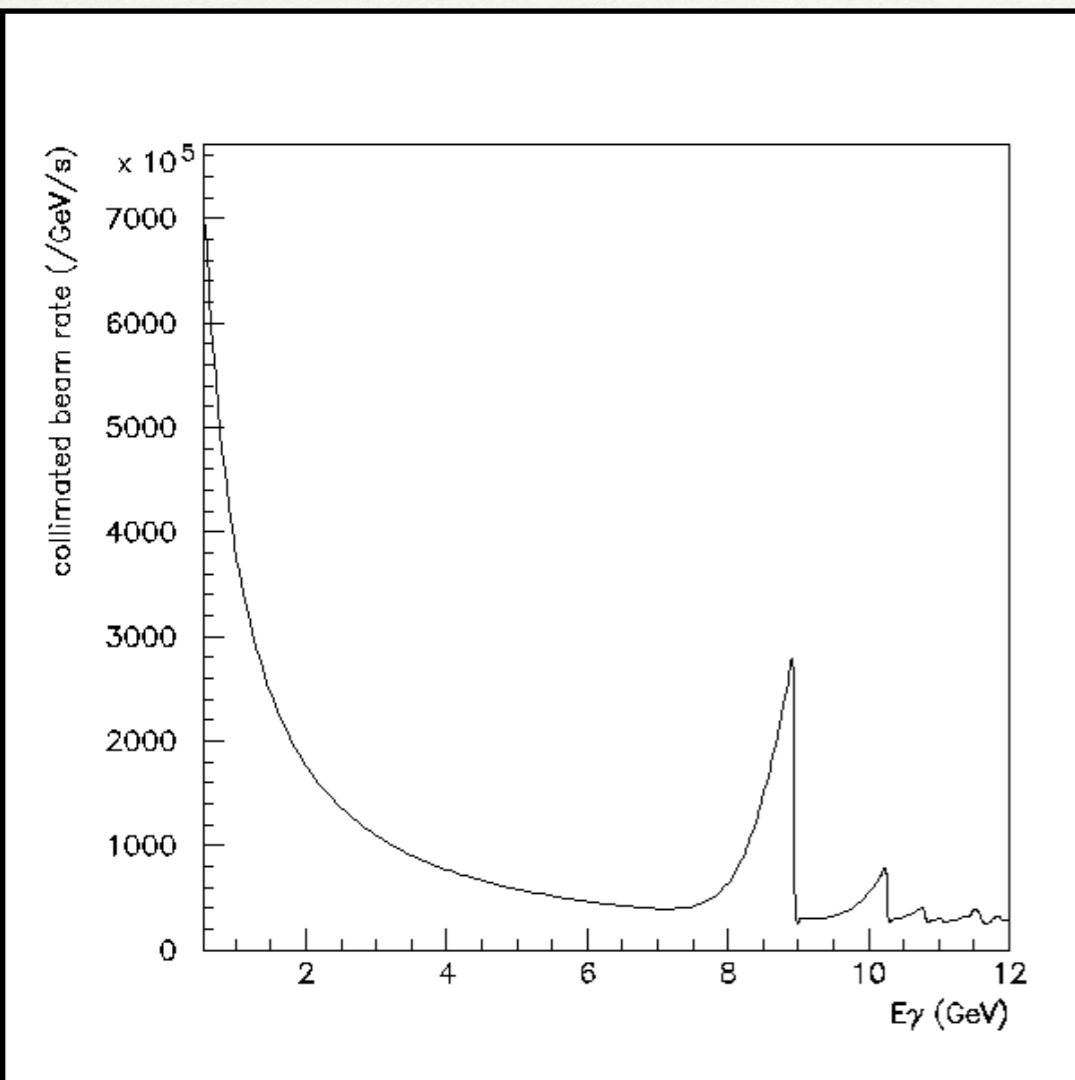
Monte-Carlo based: Assumes the simulation reproduces the data.



$$\mathcal{L} = \text{Flux} \cdot \text{Target Thickness}$$

From the calculator:

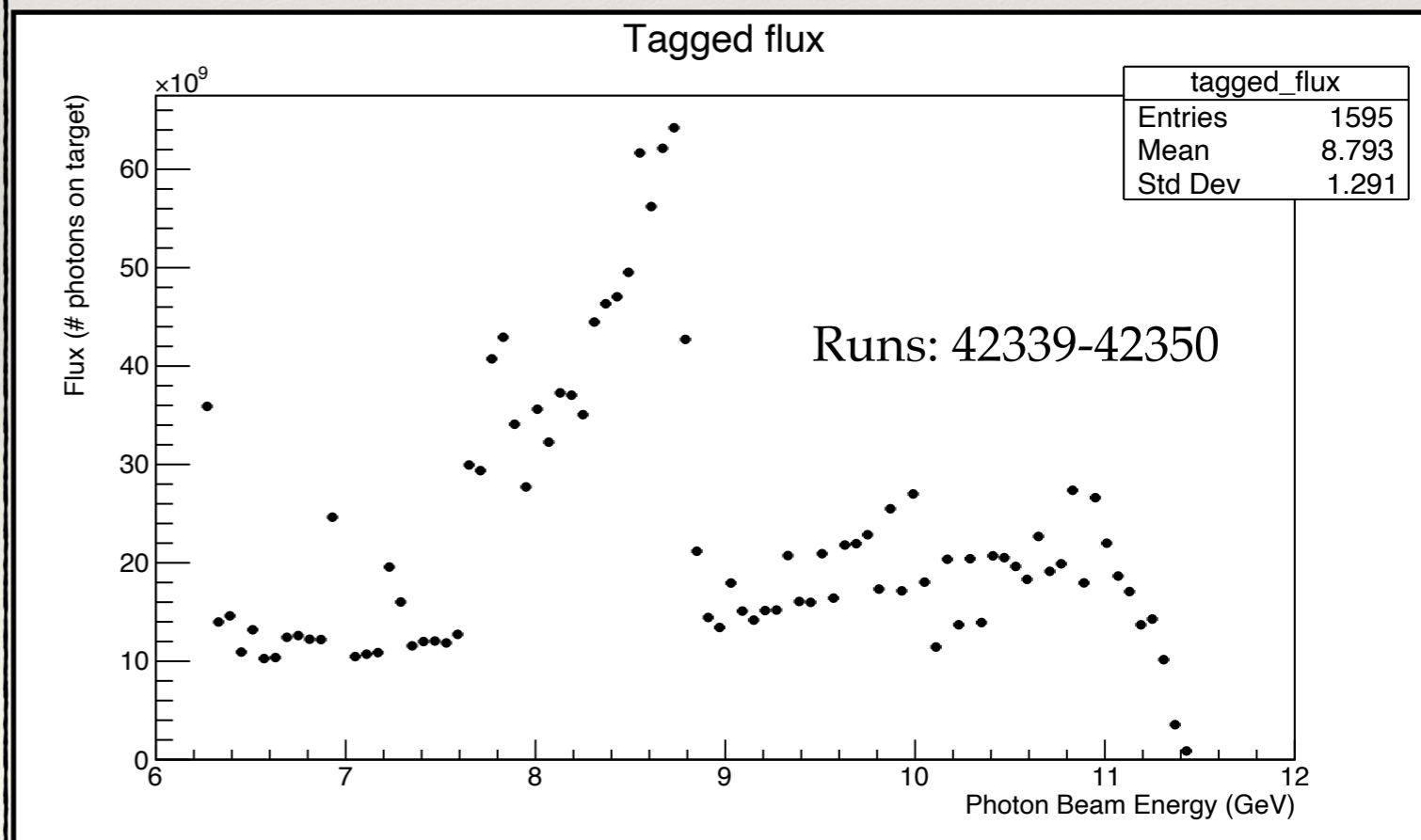
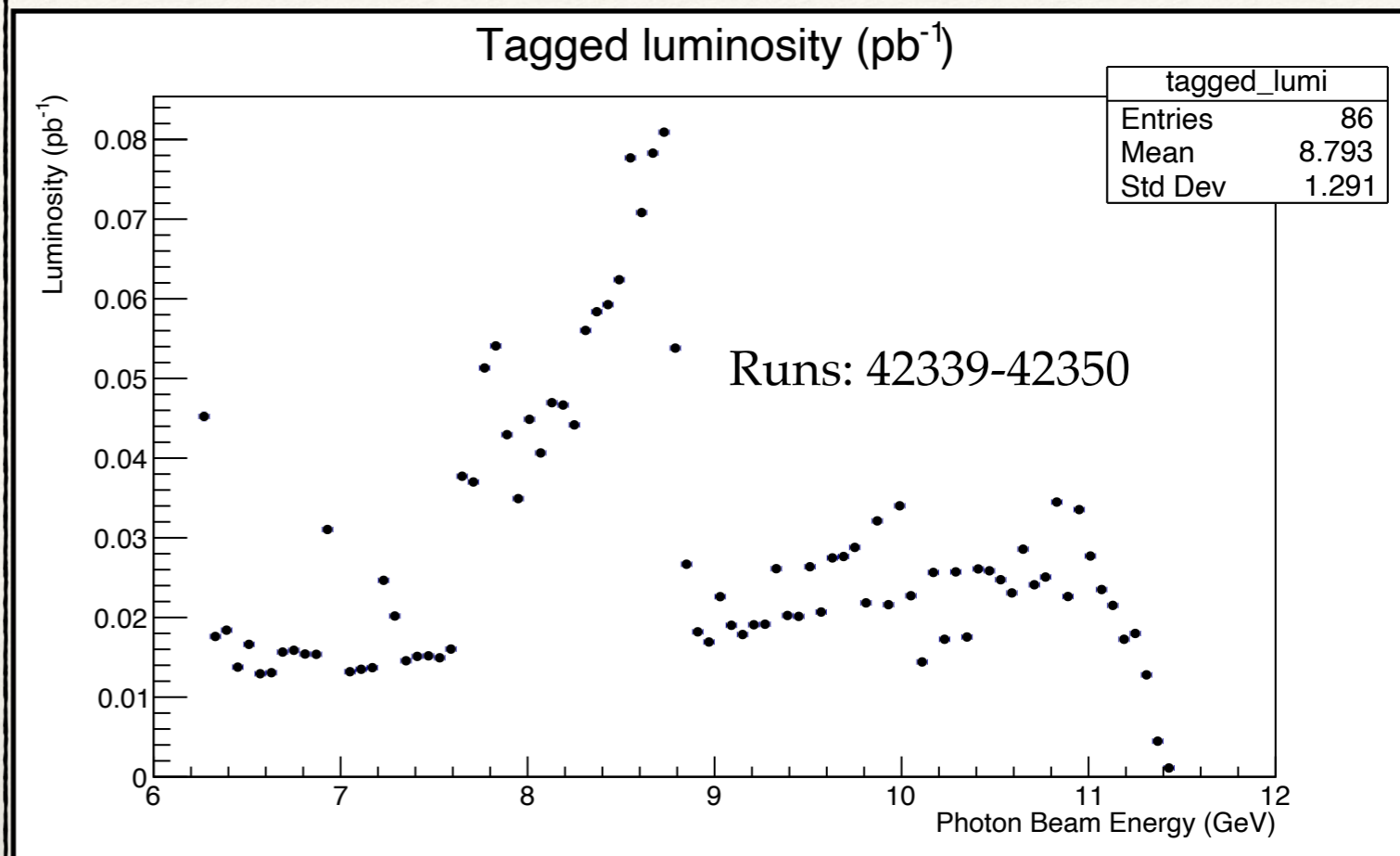
<http://zeus.phys.uconn.edu/halld/cobrem/s/ratetool.cgi>



Energy Dependent:

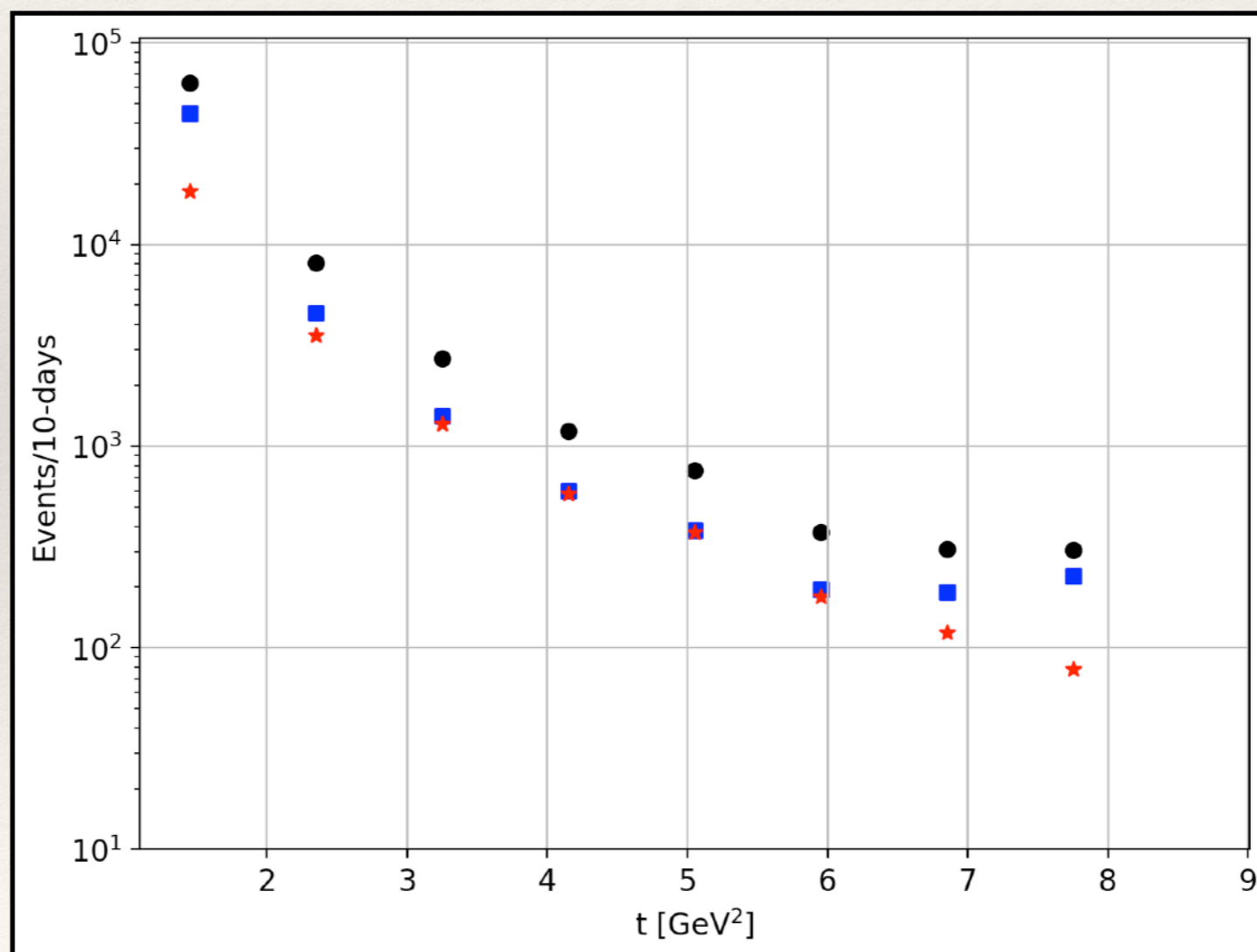
Using the number on the proposal: $2 \times 10^7 \gamma/s$

Using the hd_utilities:



Target

	Thickness [cm] / % X0	Atoms / cm ²
D	30 / 4.1	1.51E+24
4He	30 / 4	5.68E+23
12C	1.9 / 7	1.45E+23
LH	30 / 3.4	1.28E+24



$$\gamma + p \rightarrow \rho p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- p$$

