November 9 Group Meeting Understanding the Energy Resolution

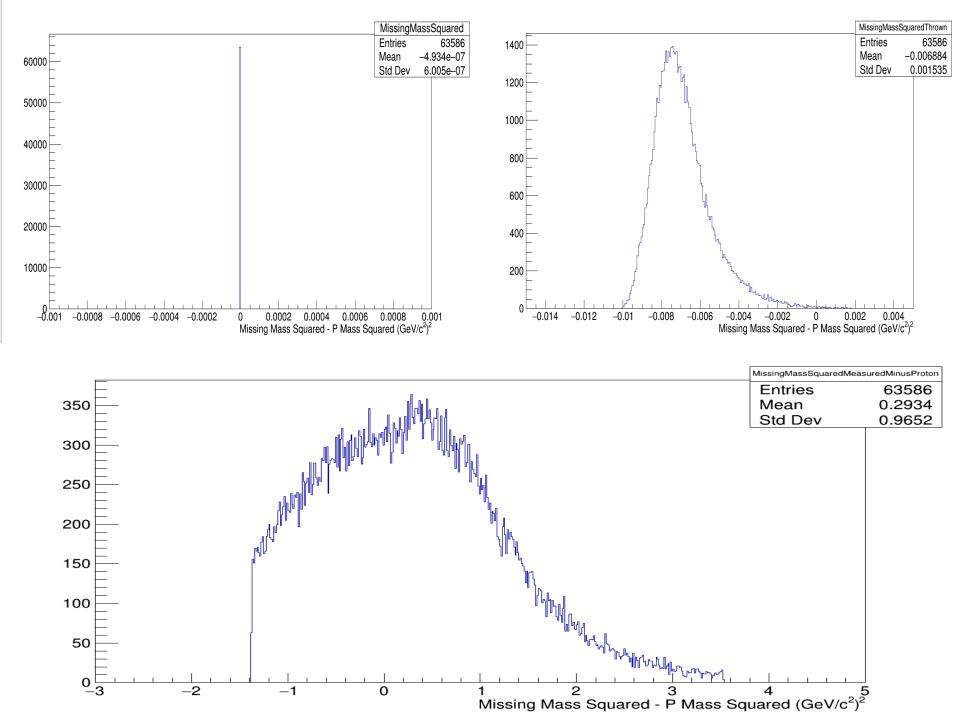
Andrew Schick

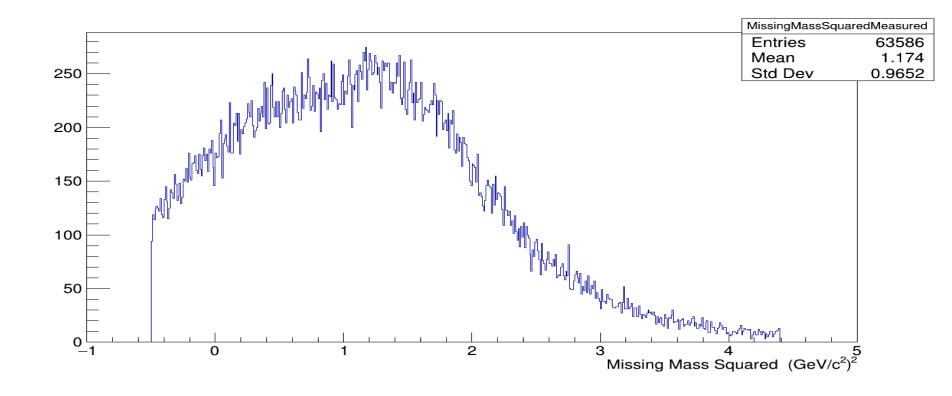
Status Update

- Analysis of run data on hold
- Full effort is being applied to MC

IN Progress:

- Including the FCAL and BCAL trig requirements into simulation
- Adding to my list of histograms the fractional variation: (thrown - fit)/thrown

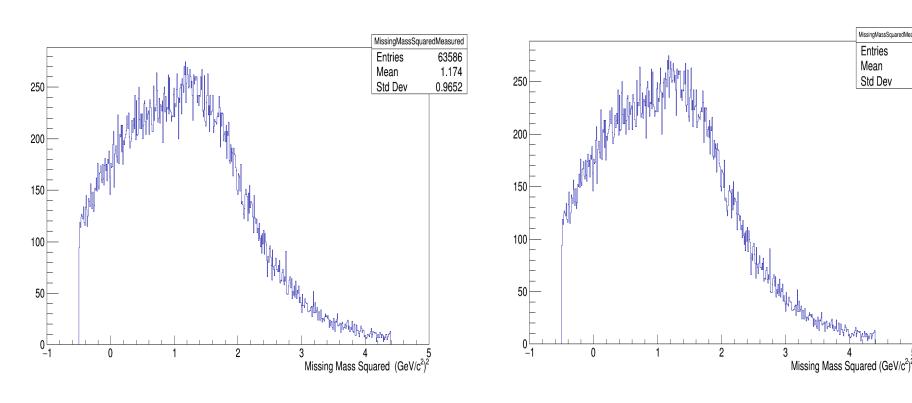




$$q_{\gamma} + m_p = p_{\pi +} + p_{\pi -} + k_p$$

$$(q_{\gamma} + m_p - p_{\pi+} - p_{\pi-})^2 = k_p^2 \approx m_p^2$$

Something weird with root? (No)



Done by hand

VS Using .M2() Entries

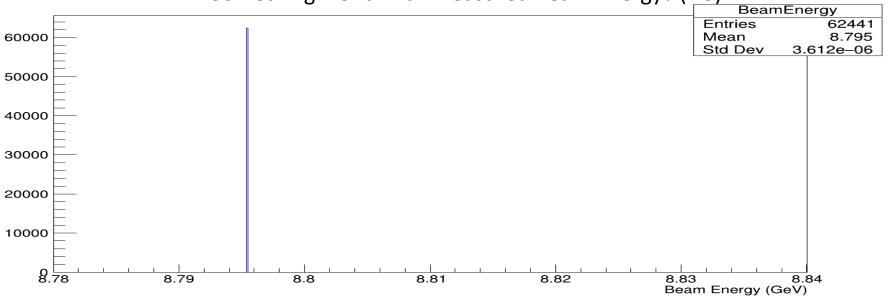
Mean

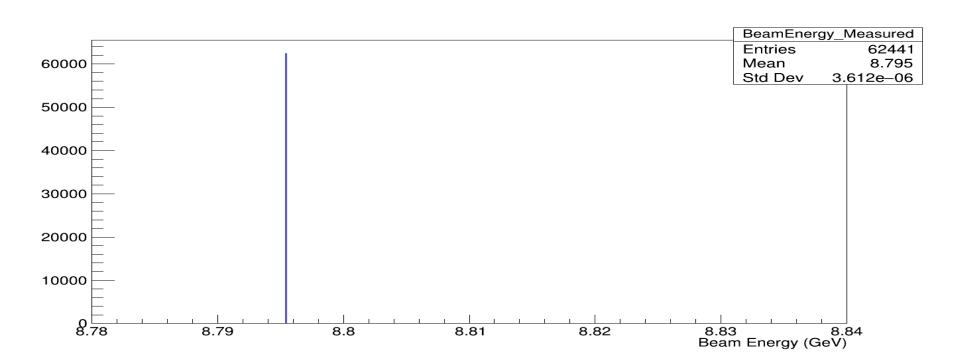
Std Dev

1.174

0.9652

Something weird with Measured Beam Energy? (No)





Where could we be going wrong?

$$(q_{\gamma} + m_p - p_{\pi +} - p_{\pi -})^2 = k_p^2 \approx m_p^2$$

$$(q_{\gamma} + m_p)^2 + p_1^2 + p_2^2 - p_1 \cdot (q_{\gamma} + m_p) - p_2 \cdot (q_{\gamma} + m_p) + 2p_1 \cdot p_2 = k_p^2$$

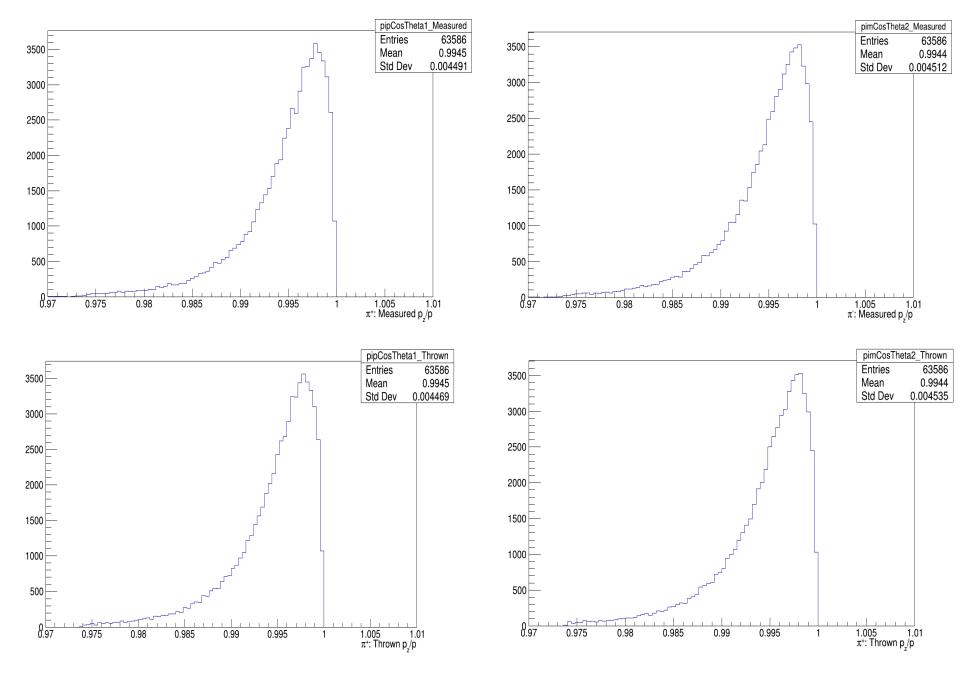
$$p_1 \cdot (q_{\gamma} + m) = E_1 m + E_1 E_{\gamma} - \mathbf{p}_1 \cdot E_{\gamma} \hat{z}$$

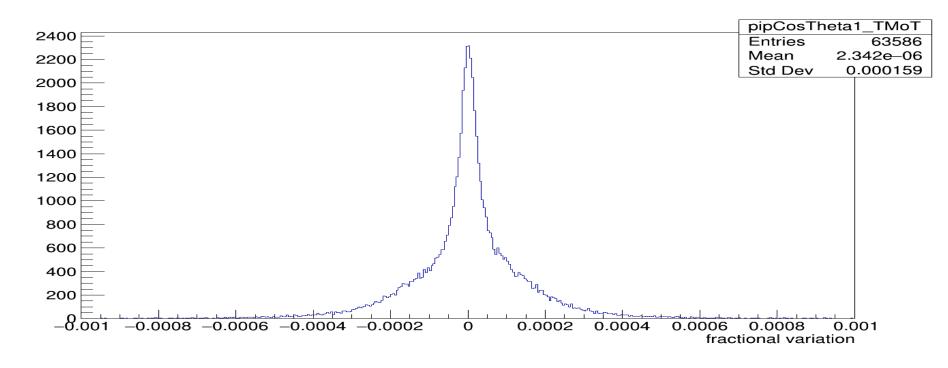
$$|\mathbf{p}_1|E_{\gamma}\cos\theta_1$$

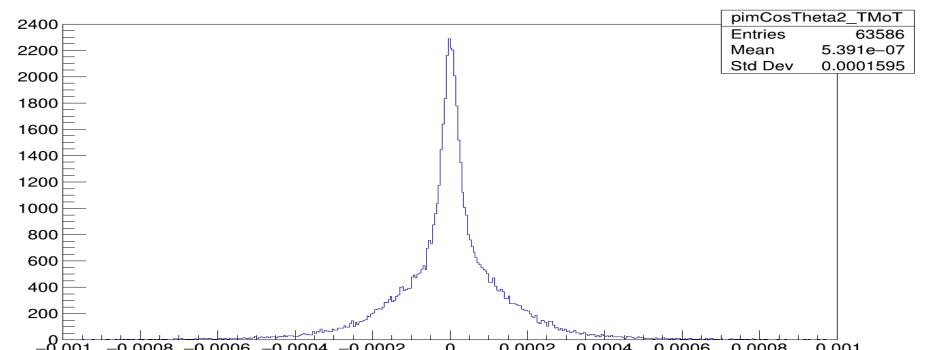
$$p_1 \cdot p_2 = E_1 E_2 - \mathbf{p}_1 \cdot \mathbf{p}_2 = E_1 E_2 - |\mathbf{p}_1| |\mathbf{p}_2| \cos \theta_{\pi\pi}$$

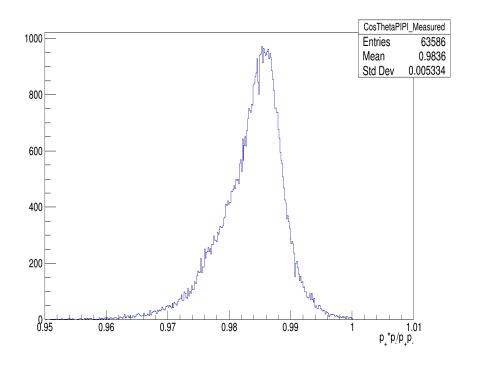
$$|\mathbf{p}_1||\mathbf{p}_2|\cos\theta_{\pi\pi}$$

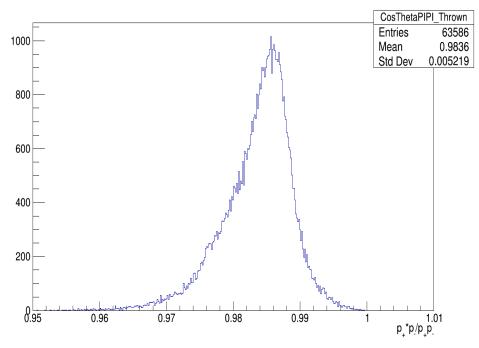
(And while we're at it, let's look at momenta in general)

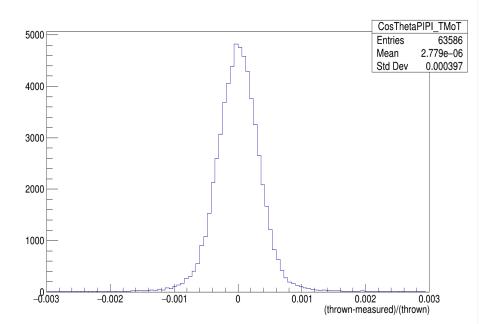






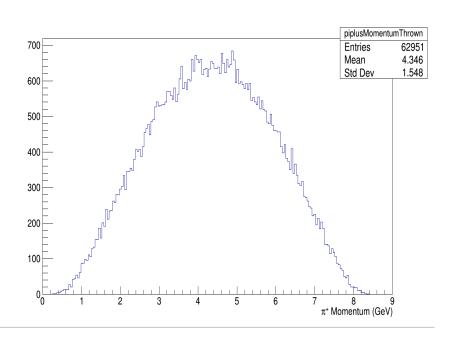


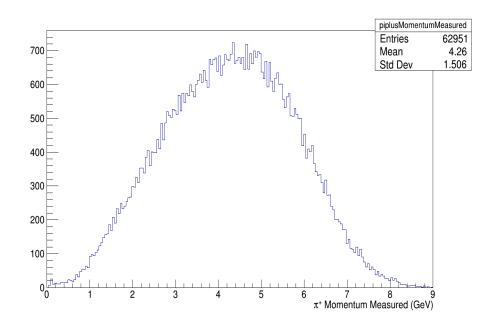


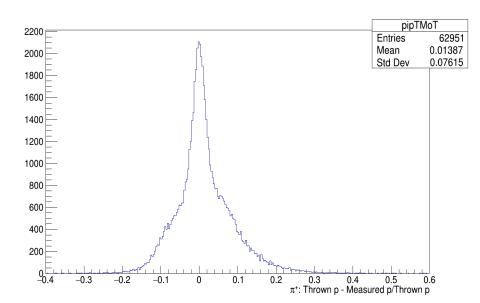


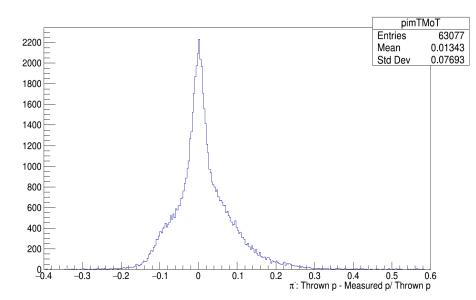
Angles look good...

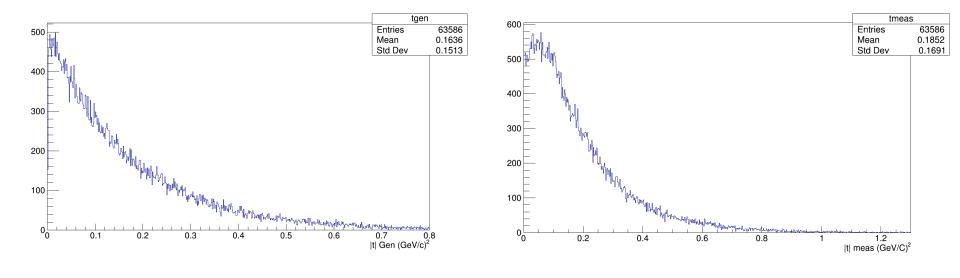
What about 3-Momentum?

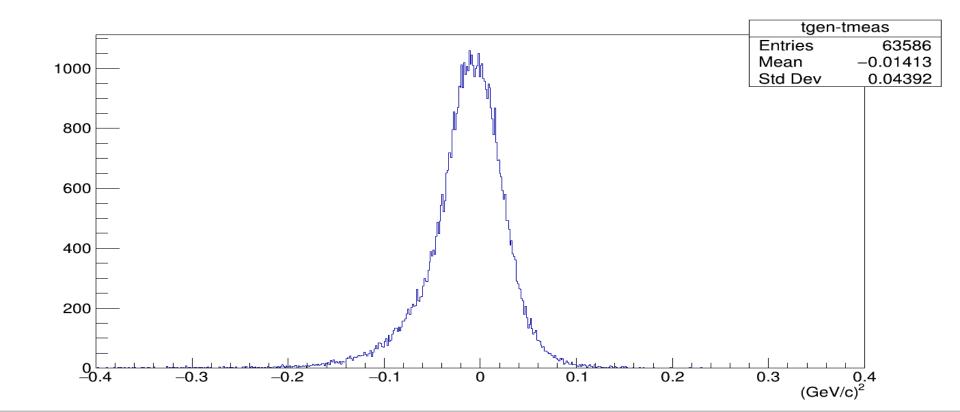












Ok, what about Energies?

