

GlueX Reconstruction Proposal

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Top-Level Objects / Factories

- * Multiple ways to provide users with physics information:
 - * **DAnalysisIndependentResults**: The lowest level at which reconstruction results are available: DTrackTimeBased, DNeutralShowerCandidates, DBeamPhotons
 - * **DSingleRFSingleVertexResults**: Assume all tracks & showers came from a common RF beam bunch and vertex
 - * **DMultiRFSingleVertexResults**: Allow matching of tracks & showers to different RF beam bunches, but assume a single vertex per RF bunch
 - * **DMultiRFMultiVertexResults**: Allow matching of tracks & showers to different RF beam bunches, and allow multiple vertices per RF bunch

Details

- * Comments/Uses:
 - * **DAnalysisIndependentResults:** No assumptions about physics event, user can reconstruct anything they like from this information.
 - * **DSingleRFSingleVertexResults:** Single RF/vertex assumptions mean high-level data (DVertex, DChargedTrack, DNeutralTrack) are in simplest form. Useful for quick, 1st-order analyses.
 - * **DMultiRFSingleVertexResults:** More sophisticated than single-RF results, but one DVertex per beam bunch yields more complicated DNeutralTracks (shower/vertex matching).
 - * **DMultiRFMultiVertexResults:** Again more sophisticated, but again more complicated DNeutralTrack results. Also, vertex grouping algorithm may not match reaction topology.

Implementation

- * We can choose to provide users with some or all of these methods
 - * These methods provide users with increasingly accurate/sophisticated results, but with the cost of increased assumptions/complications.
- * Proposal:
 - * During cooking, create and save the **DAnalysisIndependentResults** and **DSingleRFSingleVertexResults** objects
 - * Provides all information needed for user to build high-level objects however they want.
 - * Provides quick-and-dirty, default high-level results for users to perform 1st-order analyses.
 - * For analyses, provide factories for the **DMultiRFSingleVertexResults** and **DMultiRFMultiVertexResults** objects
 - * Users can quickly build these objects with the given assumptions from the current data at analysis time.
 - * Users can also implement their own factories to reconstruct objects (e.g. a DVertex factory that performs a kinematic fit to the proton & π^- tracks)

Major Changes to Current Code

- * Create a DRFBunch factory to match tracks to RF bunches
- * Have DChargedTrackHypothesis & DNeutralTrackHypothesis inherit from DKinematicData
- * Have factory tags for DVertex and DRFBunch:
 - * The default factory assumes only one of each
 - * The factories with the “MULTIRF” / “MULTIVERTEX” tags attempt to split up the tracks into multiple vertices/bunches as needed
- * **Would other factories (e.g. DChargedTrack) then need “MULTI” tags in order to use the correct “MULTIRF”/etc. objects???**
- * Create the top-level object factories: they will reconstruct the objects with/without the “MULTI” tags

High-Level Object/Factory Details

DRFBunch

- * Match tracks & photons to RF beam bunches: one created for each group
- * Members:
 - * Time-matched DTrackTimeBased objects
 - * Time-matched DBeamPhoton objects
 - * RF Vertex (Single fit vertex for all tracks matching this RF bunch)
 - * If a track has > 1 DTrackTimeBased, use the DTrackTimeBased with the largest tracking FOM
 - * Use current vertex finder algorithm
 - * RF Time (at POCA to RF vertex)
- * Factories: Default (only one DRFBunch), “MULTIRF” (can be > 1 , detailed next slide)

DRFBunch – “MULTIRF”

- ★ For each DTrackTimeBased:
 - ★ Project the SC hit-time & RF times to the beamline (POCA)
 - ★ If no SC hit, use DC time
 - ★ Select the RF beam bunch that is closest to the projected SC time
- ★ Select the RF beam bunches that match the tagged photons
- ★ Group tracks to RF bunches:
 - ★ Of the photon-matched RF bunches, select the one with the most matched tracks (matched track: at least one matching DTrackTimeBased)
 - ★ Group these matched tracks together with that RF beam bunch
 - ★ Repeat grouping until no remaining tracks or no remaining photon-matched RF bunches
 - ★ If tracks still remain, select the RF beam bunch with the most remaining matched tracks and group the tracks to it (repeat until no tracks remaining)
 - ★ This occurs if the true photon wasn't tagged

DChargedTrackHypothesis

- * Inherits from DKinematicData
- * Construct one for each possible PID (+: Proton, π^+ , K^+ ; -: π^- , K^-)
 - * This is independent of which mass hypotheses were used during track reconstruction
- * Other members:
 - * Particle ID
 - * χ^2 's and NDF from dE/dx (DC, TOF, BCAL?), timing
 - * dMatchedTimeDetector (SYS_TOF, etc.)
 - * Associated objects: DTrackTimeBased, DRFBunch

Building DChargedTrackHypothesis

- * For each DTrackTimeBased:
 - * Position-match the TOF/BCAL/FCAL hits
- * Create a DChargedTrackHypothesis for each possible PID of each track
 - * If no DTrackTimeBased for specific mass, copy tracking results from existing fit (for kaons, choose pion fits)
 - * Calculate dE/dx χ^2 's (DC, TOF, BCAL?)
 - * Project the matching TOF/BCAL/FCAL time to the corresponding DRFBunchTrack vertex, calculate timing χ^2
 - * Calculate the overall PID FOM by weighting the χ^2 from the various sources

Charged Particle TOF: Misc.

- * If no BCAL/FCAL/TOF hit, use DC time instead
- * If track hits in multiple systems: use BCAL, then TOF, then FCAL hits
 - * TOF: best time resolution, but BCAL: hits sooner, significant energy loss
- * If > 1 BCAL/FCAL/TOF position-matched hit in the chosen system
 - * If none are $> 3\sigma$ apart in time, hit-time = weighted average
 - * If at least one is $> 3\sigma$ apart in time, use reconstructed DC time instead

DChargedTrack

* Members:

- * Vector of DChargedTrackHypothesis objects corresponding to the same track
- * Associated objects: DRFBunch

* Methods:

- * `charge()` : Returns track charge
- * `Pion()` : Returns either the π^+ or π^- DChargedTrackHypothesis
- * `Kaon()` : Returns either the K^+ or K^- DChargedTrackHypothesis
- * `Proton()` : Returns either the proton DChargedTrackHypothesis or NULL
- * `BestFOM()` : Returns the DChargedTrackHypothesis with the best FOM

DNeutralShowerCandidate

- * Implementation unchanged
- * Members: shower position, energy, time, and uncertainties
- * Associated objects: DFCALShower/DBCALShower
- * Create a DNeutralShowerCandidate for each DFCALShower and DBCALShower that is not unambiguously matched to a DChargedTrack
 - * e.g. if a neutral shower matches the proton DTrackTimeBased fit for a track but not the pion fit, then it is still a DNeutralShowerCandidate
 - * This is especially the case for low-momentum tracks where the track-fitting fails.
 - * **IS THIS NECESSARY???**

DVertex

- * Members:
 - * Vertex position
 - * Time (calculated using track times from PIDs with best FOM)
 - * Vector of DChargedTrack objects
 - * Associated objects: DRFBunch
- * Creation (multiple factories):
 - * DVertex_factory (Default):
 - * Creates a single DVertex for each DRFBunch
 - * Copies the vertex position from the DRFBunch
 - * DVertex_factory_multiple (tag = "MULTIVERTEX")
 - * Try to reconstruct multiple vertices either via the current algorithm or by grouping via track DOCAs
 - * Other
 - * User-defined factories that could be used to create vertices for their own analysis (e.g. try to pair specific PIDs with a kinematic fitter, etc.)

DNeutralTrackHypothesis

- * Inherits from DKinematicData
- * For each DNeutralShowerCandidate, create a hypothesis for each ID (γ , n) & DVertex combination
 - * Vertices: if no charged tracks, then use target center
- * Other members:
 - * Particle ID
 - * χ^2 's and NDF from timing
 - * dMatchedTimeDetector (SYS_BCAL, SYS_FCAL)
 - * Associated objects: DVertex, DRFBunch, DNeutralShowerCandidate, DBCALShower/DFCALShower
- * Project BCAL/FCAL shower time to vertex, compare to vertex time: calculate χ^2

DNeutralTrack

* Members:

- * Vector of DNeutralTrackHypothesis objects corresponding to the same track
- * Associated objects: DNeutralShowerCandidate, DBCALShower/DFCALShower

* Methods:

- * Photon() : Returns the photon DNeutralTrackHypothesis with the highest FOM (may be more than one DVertex)
- * Neutron() : Returns the neutron DNeutralTrackHypothesis with the highest FOM (may be more than one DVertex)
- * BestFOM() : Returns the DNeutralTrackHypothesis with the best FOM

DParticleSet

- * Implementation virtually unchanged
- * One per DVertex
- * Members:
 - * DVertex
 - * Vectors of DNeutralTrack objects & DChargedTrack objects corresponding to this DVertex
 - * Associated objects: DRFBunch

Top-Level Object/Factory Details

DAnalysisIndependentResults

- * Members:
 - * Vector of DNeutralShowerCandidate objects
 - * Vector of DTrackTimeBased objects
 - * Vector of DBeamPhoton objects
- * These are the lowest-level reconstruction objects that a user may want to use as a starting point to perform his/her analysis.
- * All objects derived from these include assumptions or algorithm choices for vertexing, matching to RF bunches, PID, etc. that a user may wish to change for his/her analysis.

DSingleRFSingleVertexResults

- * Members:
 - * Vector of DParticleSet objects
- * The default factories for the DRFBunch and DVertex objects are used

DMultiRFSingleVertexResults

- * Members:
 - * Vector of DParticleSet objects
- * The default DVertex factory is used, but the “MULTIRF” DRFBunch factory is used.

DMultiRFMultipleVertexResults

- * Members:
 - * Vector of DParticleSet objects
- * The “MULTIRF” and “MULTIVERTEX” tags are used for the DRFBunch and DVertex factories, respectively.