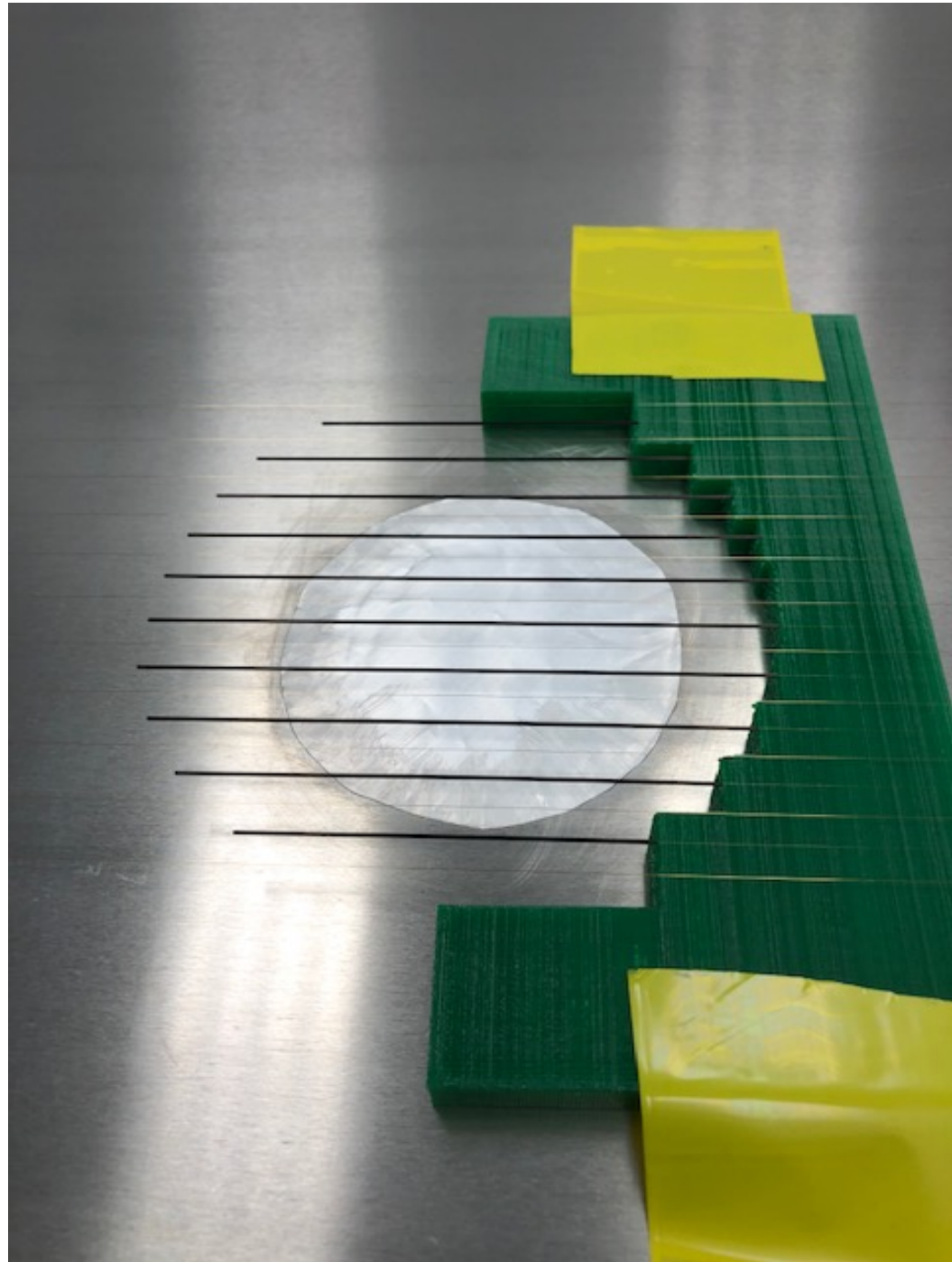


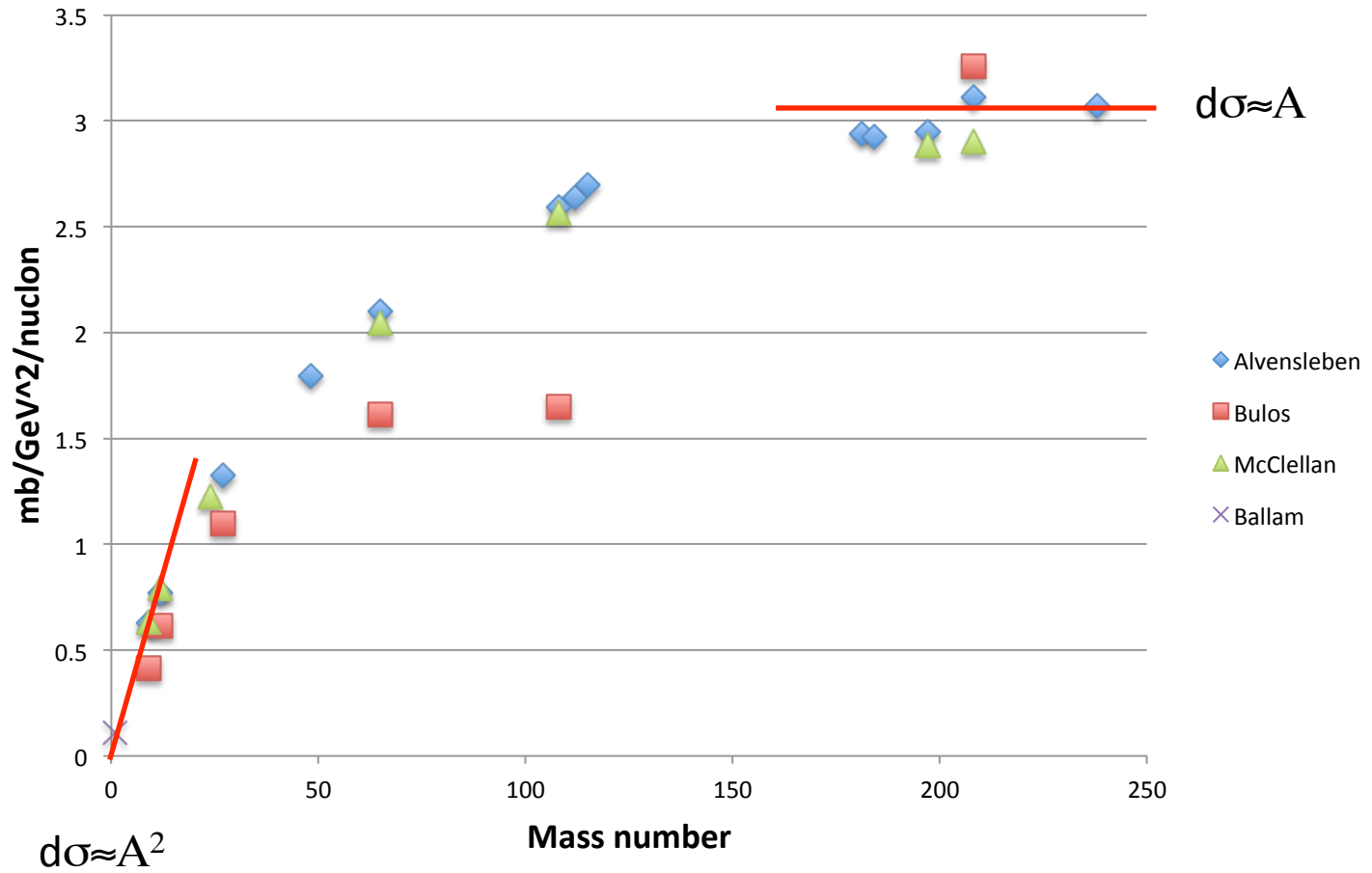
Carbon tube installation



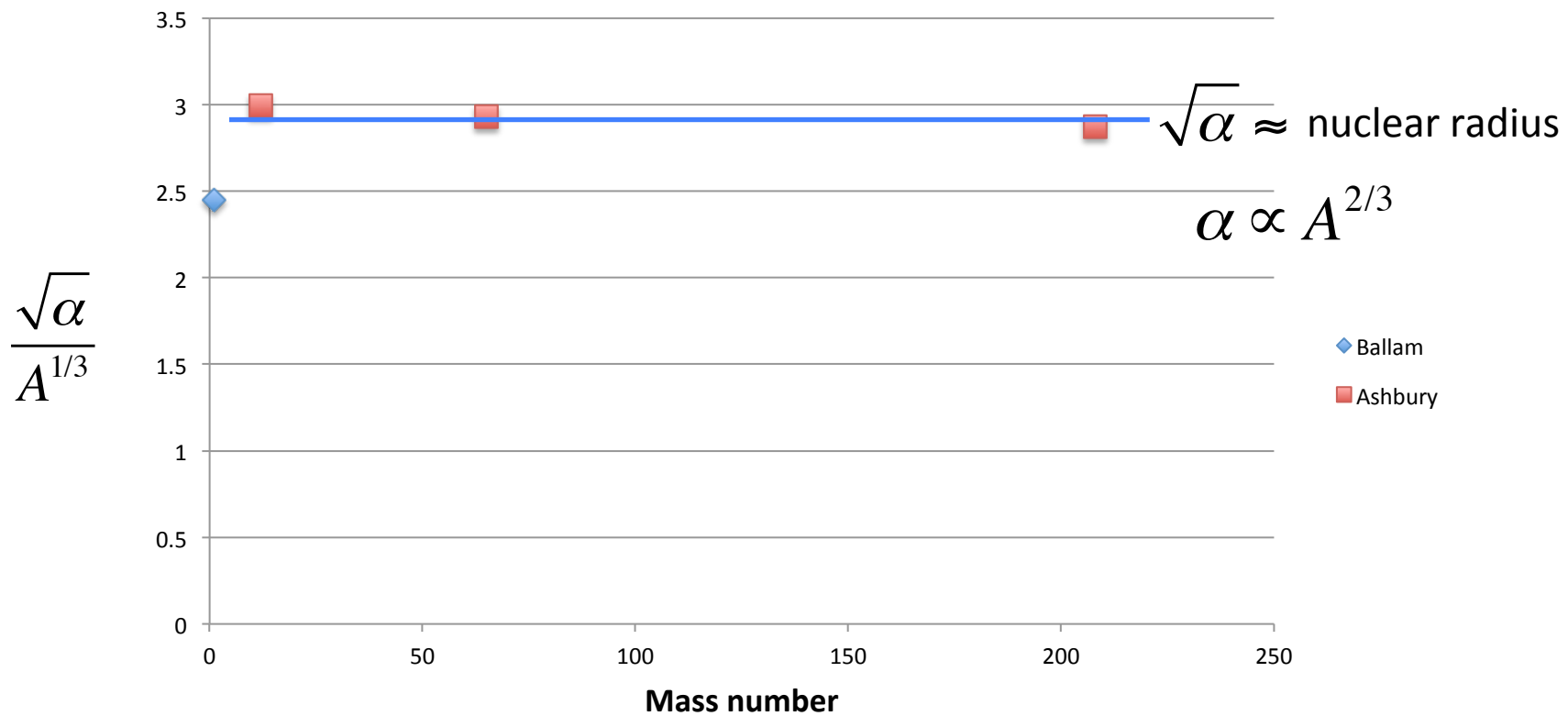
Target studies for CPP

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}(t)}{dt} \cong \frac{d\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}(t_{\min})}{dt} e^{-\alpha t}$$

$$\frac{\frac{d\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}(t_{\min})}{dt}}{A}$$



$$\frac{d\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}(t)}{dt} = \frac{d\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}(t_{\min})}{dt} e^{-\alpha t}$$



$$\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho} = \frac{d\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}(t_{\min})}{dt} \int_{t_{\min}}^{\infty} e^{-\alpha t} dt = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{d\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}(t_{\min})}{dt}$$

$$\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}(A < 20) \propto A^{4/3}$$

$$\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}(A > 150) \propto A^{1/3}$$

Integrate Primakoff and ρ^0 cross sections over:

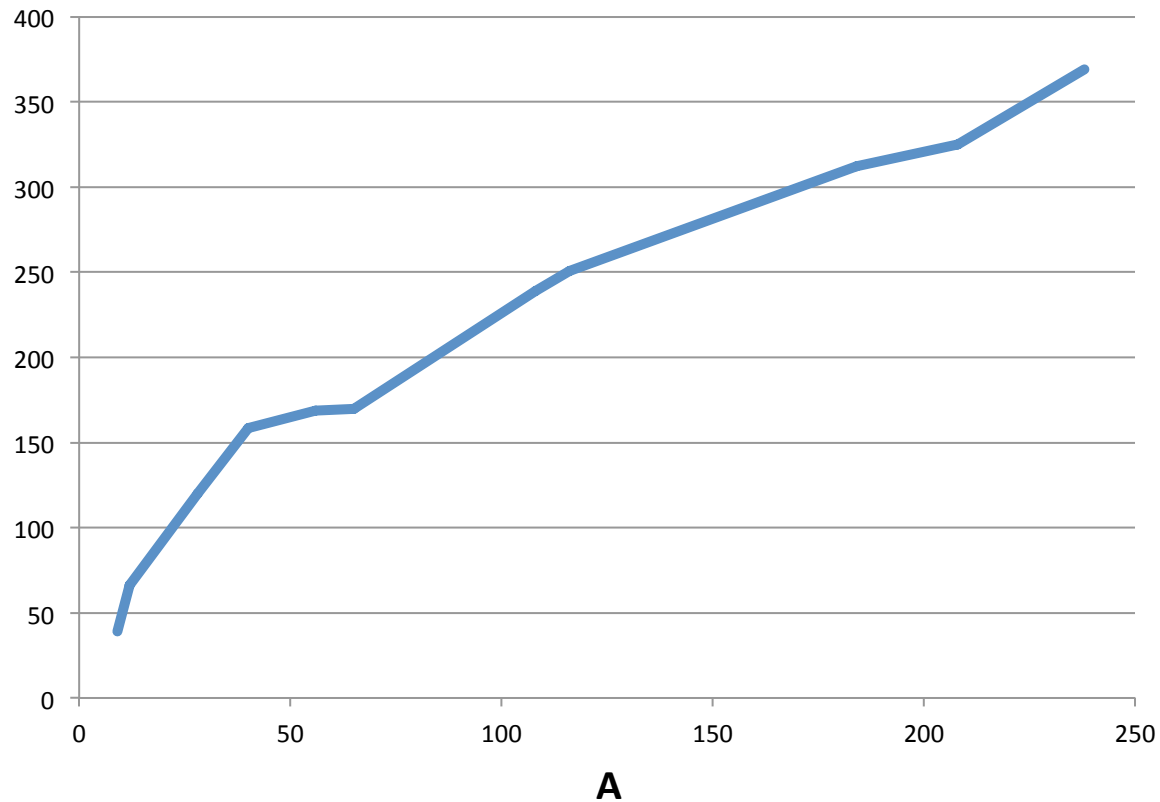
1. approximate range of angles accepted by the MWPCs
2. $\pi\pi$ invariant mass less than 500 MeV
3. momentum transfers less than

$$q_{\perp} < \frac{\hbar c}{R_{1/2 \text{ density}}}$$

this will,

- minimize final state absorption of the pions, and
- reduce ρ^0 signal relative to Primakoff.

$$\text{Overall "Figure Of Merit"} = \text{Primakoff rate/RL} \times \frac{\sigma_{\text{primakoff}}}{\sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow \rho}}$$



Conclusions: by this measure ^{238}U is a slightly better target per R.L. than ^{208}Pb , but not by much. ^{208}Pb is significantly better than ^{120}Sn .