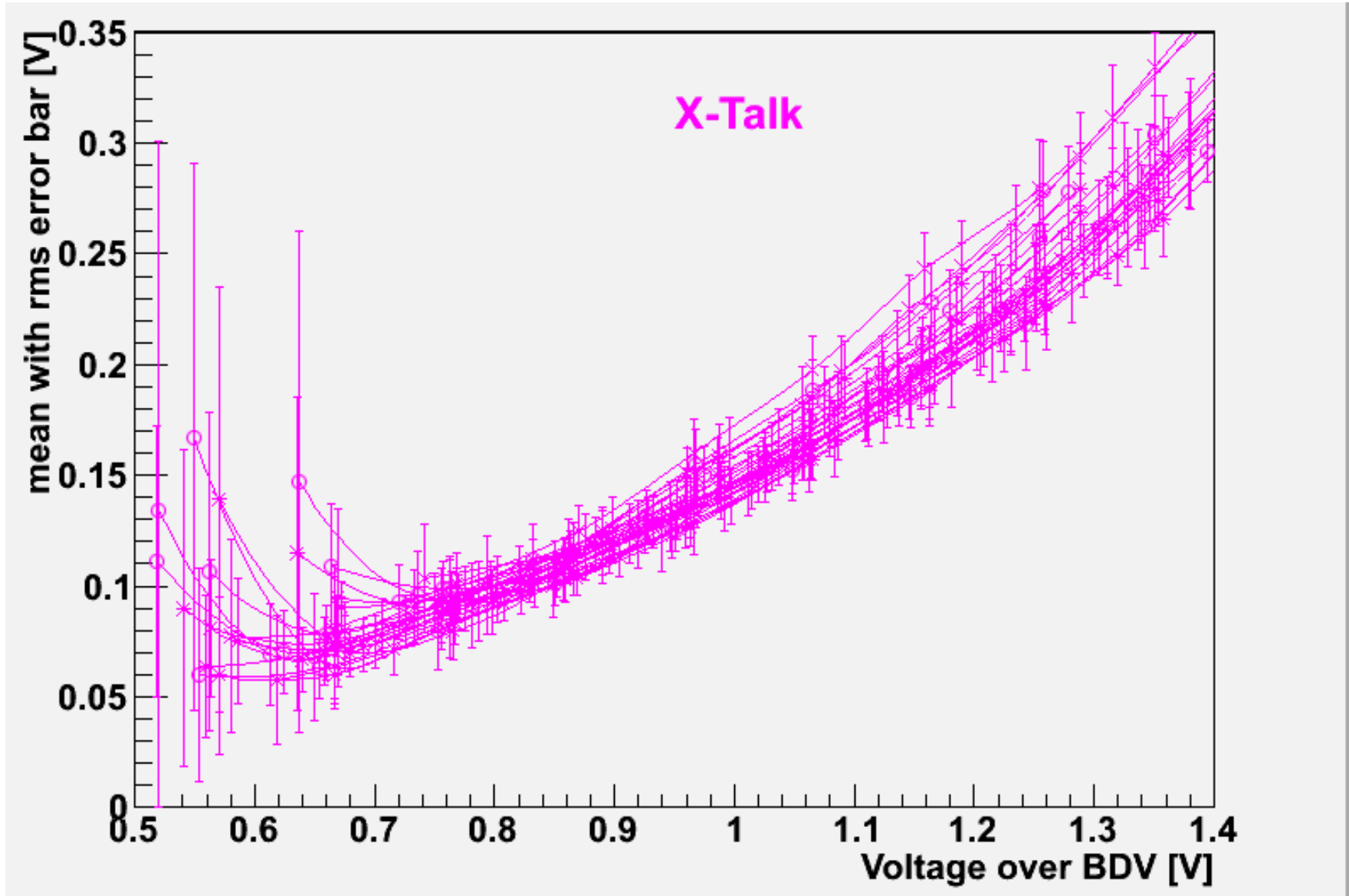


The operation point and X-talk.

S.Kuleshov

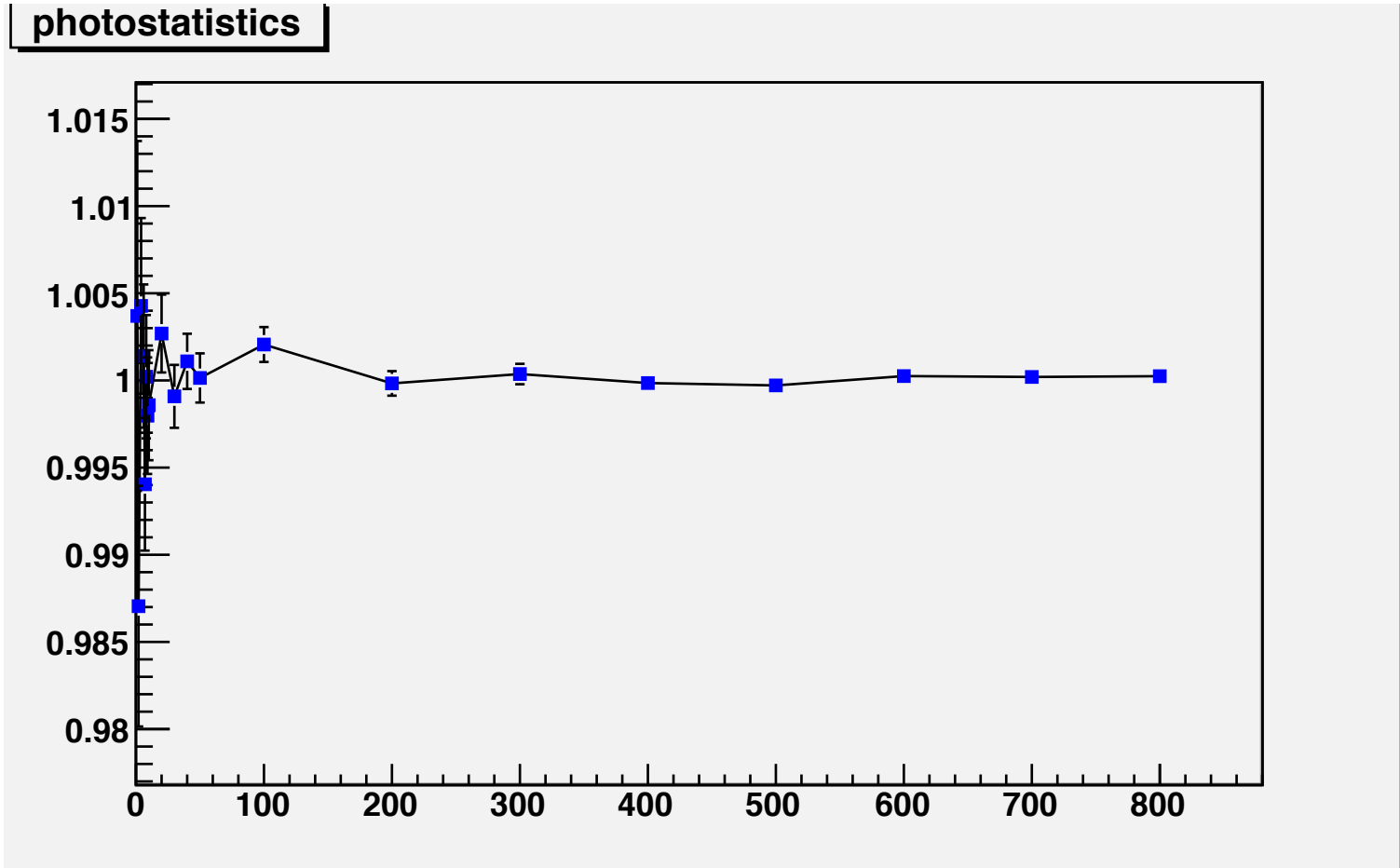
UTFSM's measurements.



The SiPM model

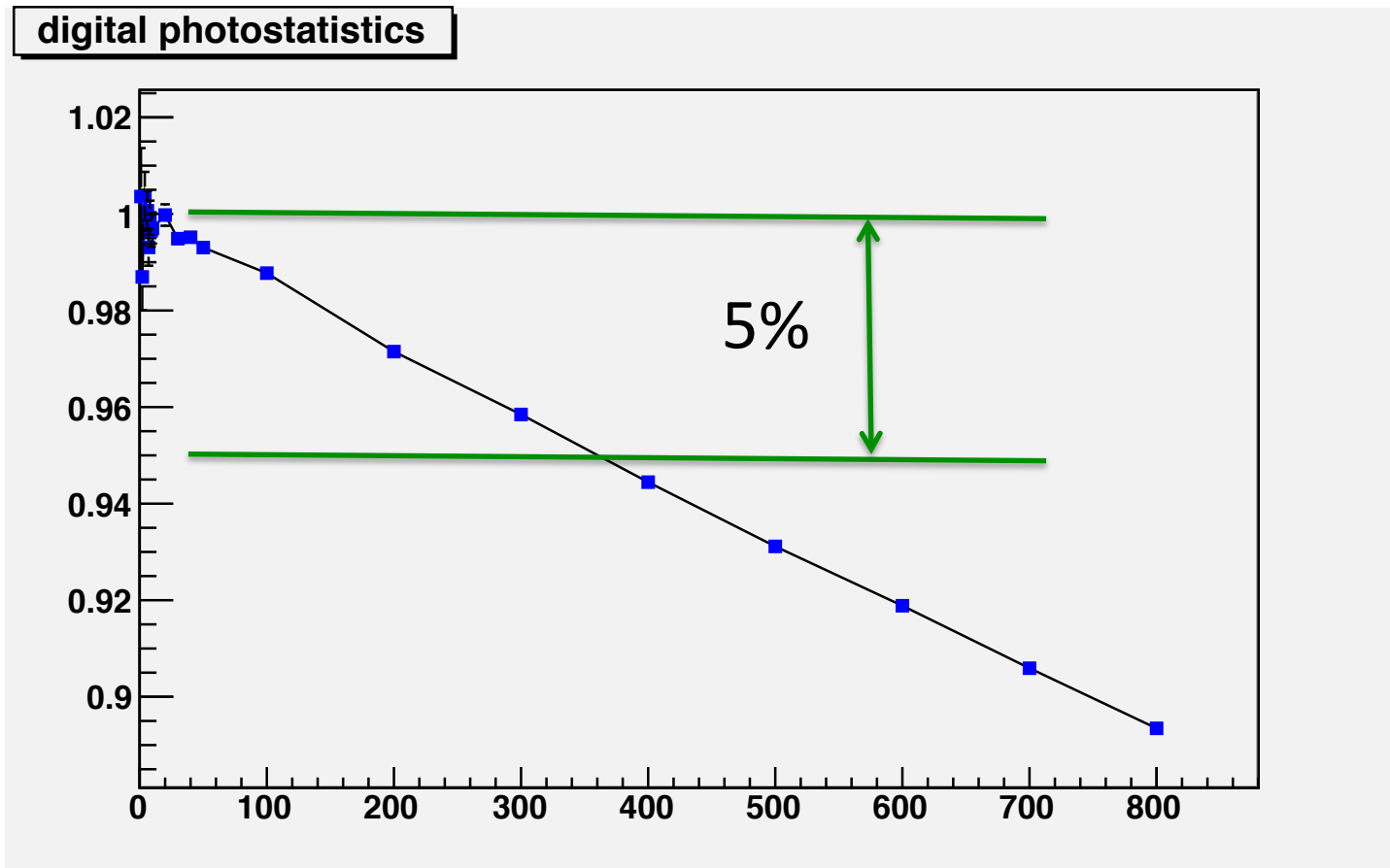
- MPPC cell is a matrix 60x60 pixels.
- For selected N or averaged number of photons on the surface of the MPPC Poisson generator provided the number of “photons” N_{ph} for each event.
- “photons” were strewn over the matrix with the uniform distribution. One **or more** photons in a pixel made the pixel fired. N_{pixin} – number initialized pixels for each event.
- 8 pixels around each fired pixel were considered to be fired with probability “8 pixel-talk”/8. If pixel had been fired before it was excluded from the consideration. N_{pixout} - the number fired pixels.
- “8 pixel-talk” (X-talk)= 0.10 (0.105), 0.15 (0.165), 0.20 (0.24), 0.25 (0.31), 0.30(0.40), 0.40(0.51), 0.50(0.81)
- N=1,2,4,6,7,8,9,10,20,30,40,50,100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800
- 10000 events in each point

$\langle N \text{ ph.} \rangle / N$ vs. N



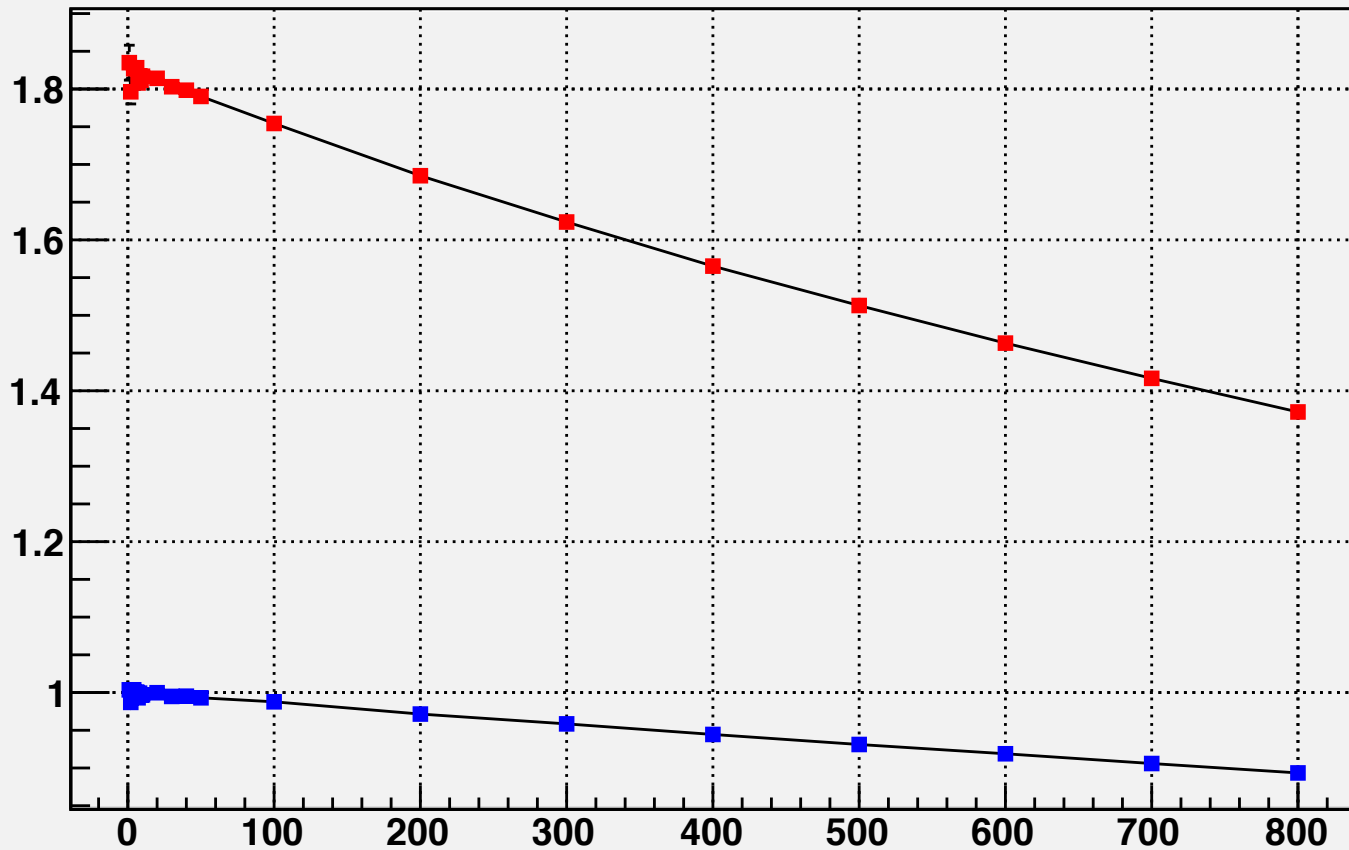
The effect of surface pixelation

$\langle N \text{ pixin} \rangle / N$ vs. N

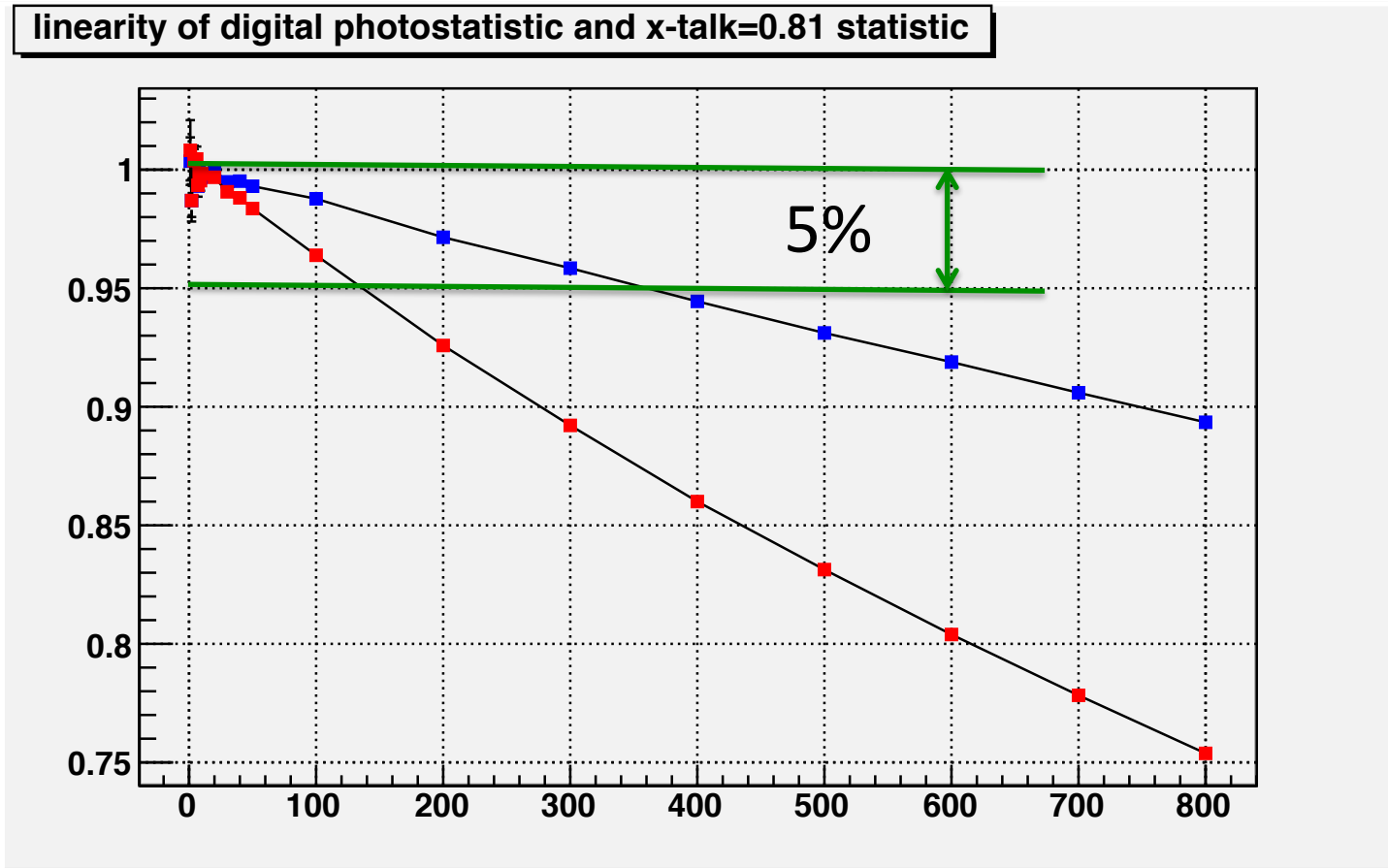


The pixelation and X-talk effects. Blue points: $\langle N_{\text{pixin}} \rangle / N$ vs. N .
Red points: $\langle N_{\text{pixout}} \rangle / N$ vs. N . $X\text{-talk} = 0.81$.

digital photostatistic and $x\text{-talk} = 0.81$ statistic

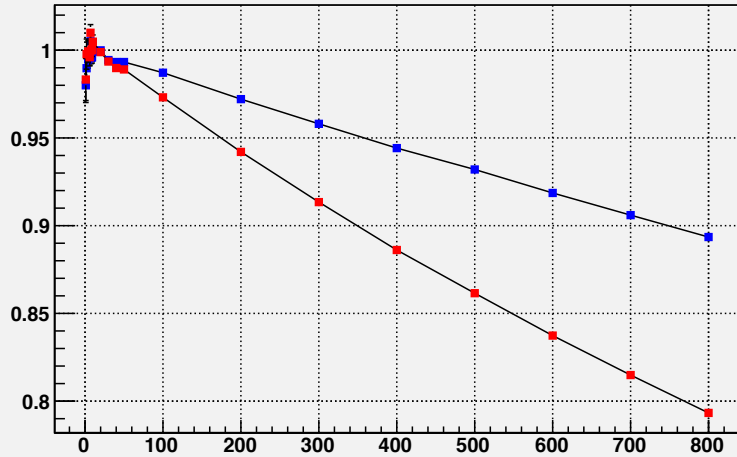


The pixelation and X-talk effects. Blue points: $\langle N_{\text{pixin}} \rangle / N$ vs. N .
Red points: $\langle N_{\text{pixout}} \rangle / (N \times (1 + X\text{-talk}))$ vs. N . $X\text{-talk} = 0.81$.

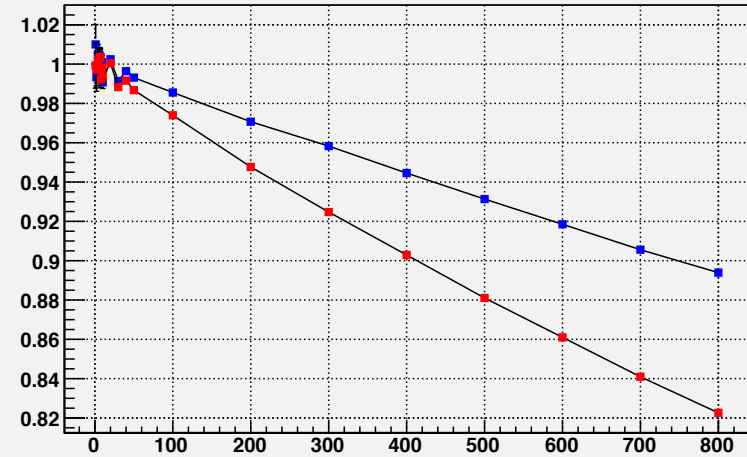


X-talk=0.58, 0.40, 0.31, 0.24

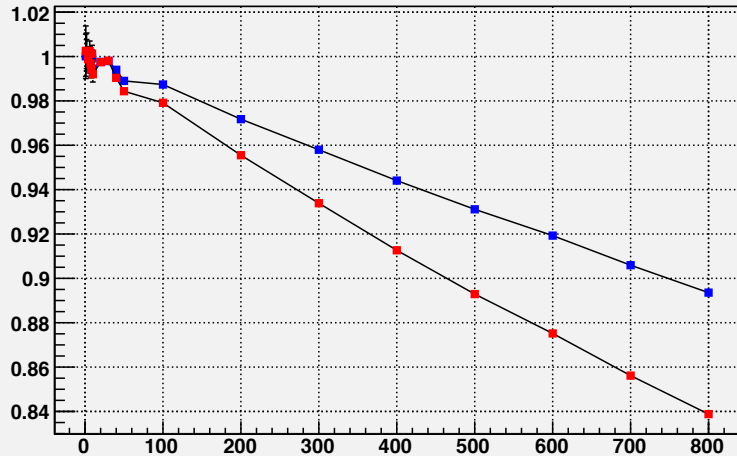
linearity of digital photostatistic and x-talk=0.58 statistic



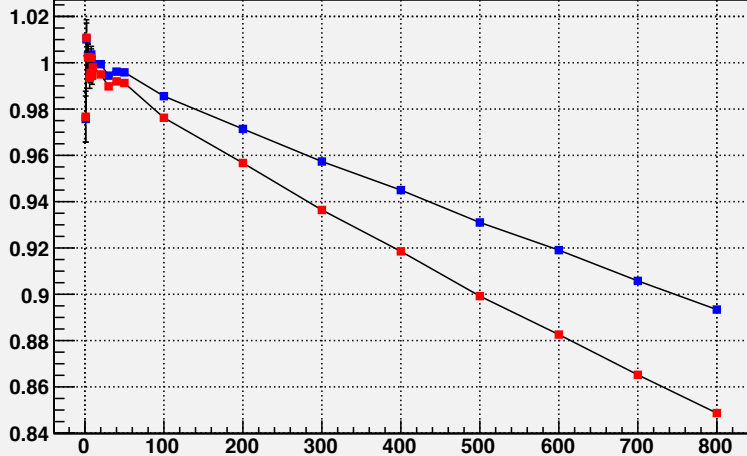
linearity of digital photostatistic and x-talk=0.40 statistic



linearity of digital photostatistic and x-talk=0.31 statistic

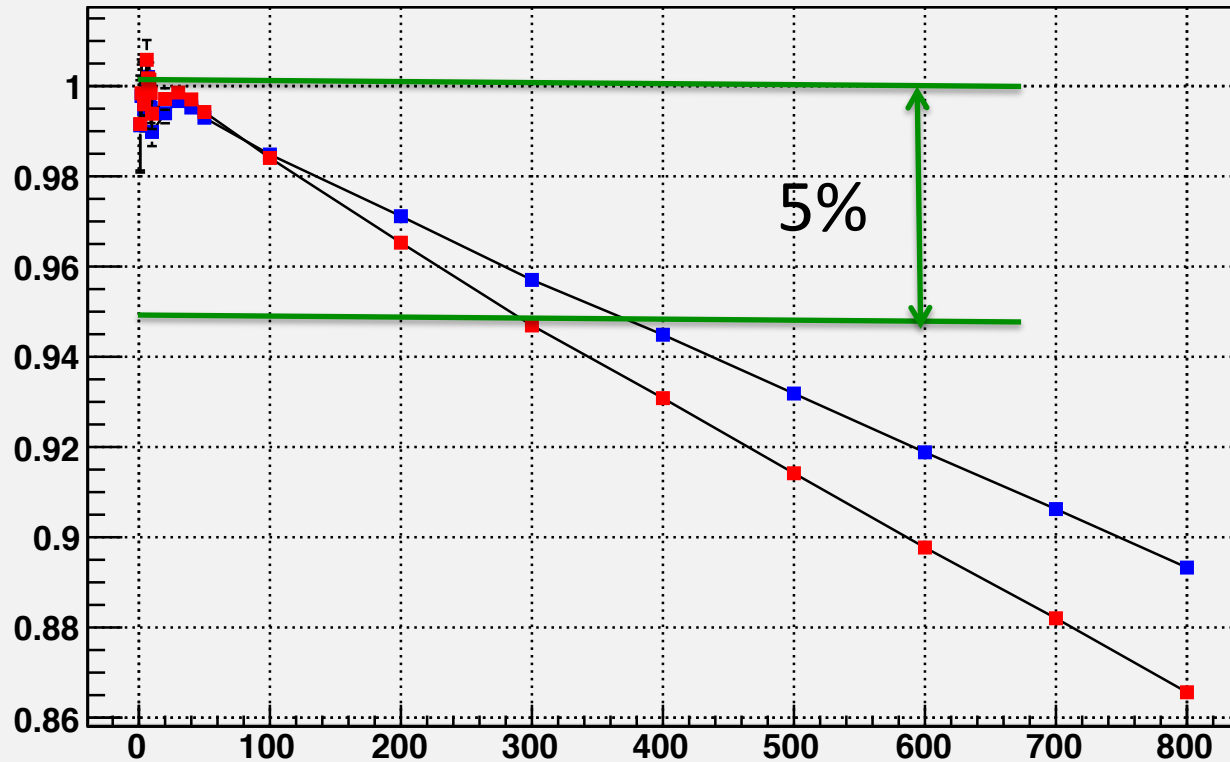


linearity of digital photostatistic and x-talk=0.24 statistic



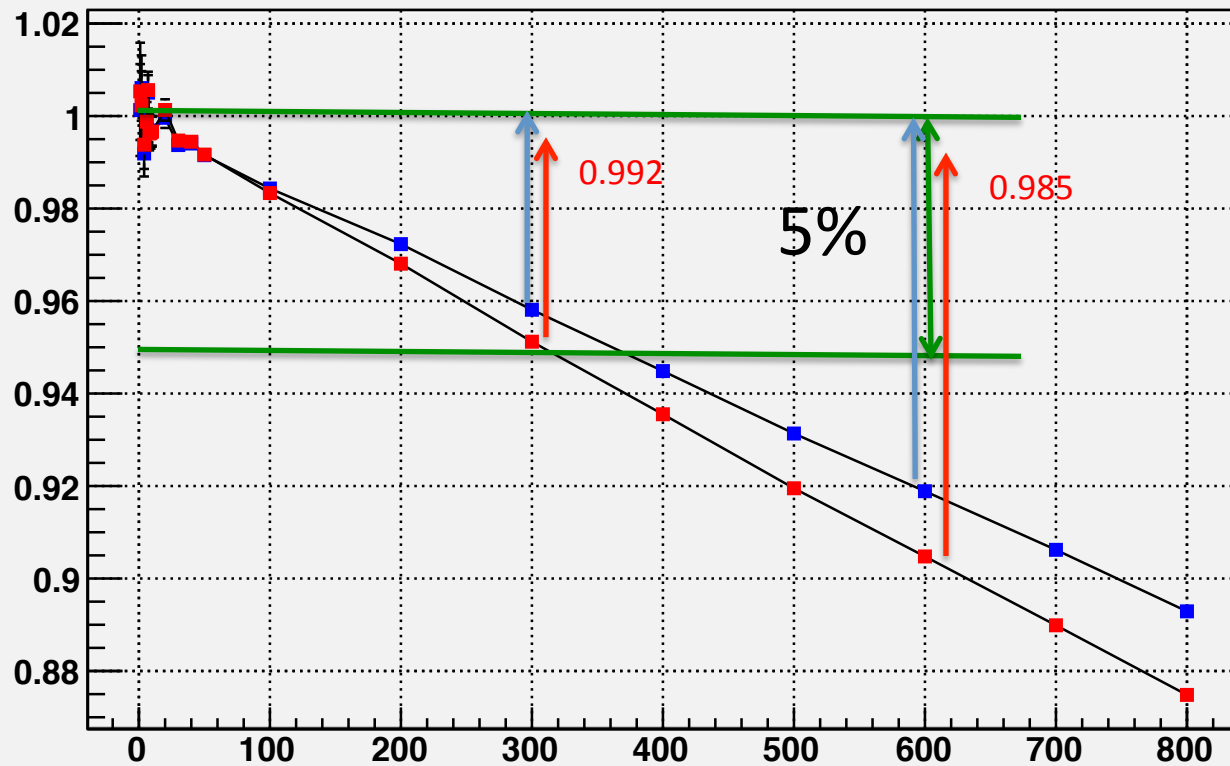
X-talk=0.165

linearity of digital photostatistic and x-talk=0.165 statistic



X-talk=0.105

linearity of digital photostatistic and x-talk=0.106 statistic



Let's suppose that we compensated the nonlinearity. $\text{Rms}(x\text{-talk})/x\text{-talk}=10\%$ will bring an additional term to the energy resolution:???

