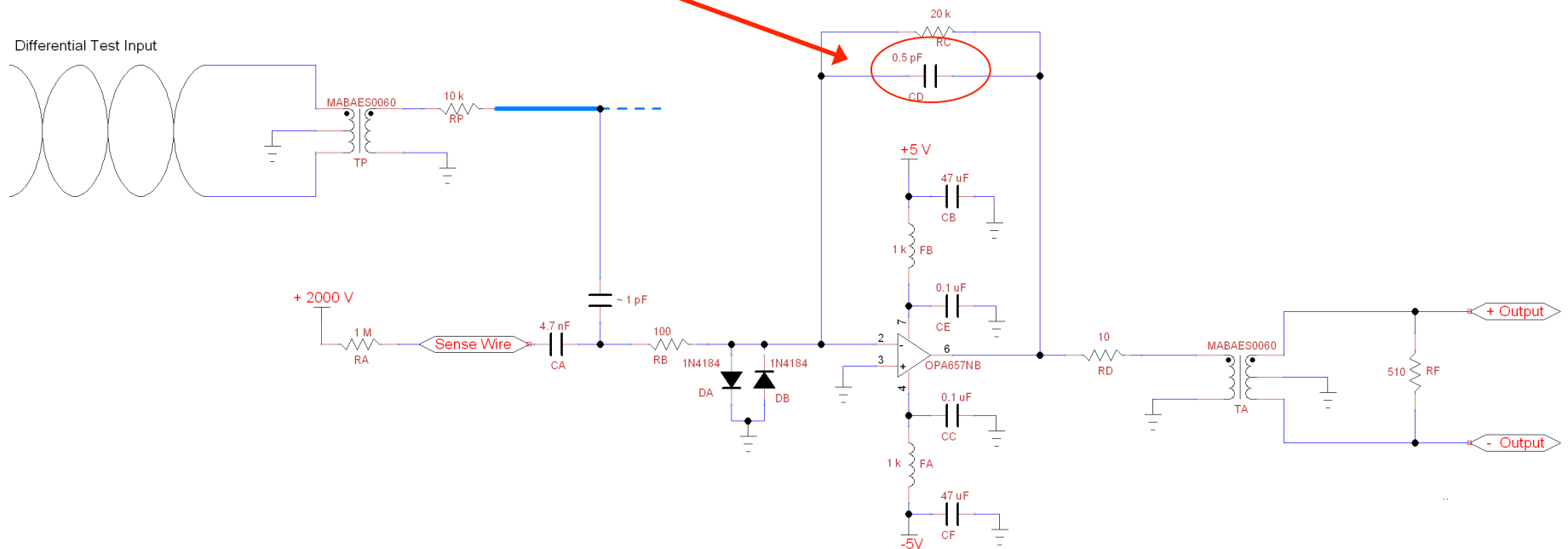


| Project sequence | Project | Number needed | Number completed | Project finished |
|-------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Epoxy G10 slats to wire plates | 8 | 8 | ✓ |
| 2 | Epoxy G10 slats to spacer plates | 8 | 8 | ✓ |
| 3 | Sand preamp cards to correct size | 48 | 0 | |
| 4 | Sand HV cards to correct size | 48 | 0 | |
| 5 | Attach HV capacitors to preamp card, test preamp card | 48 | 1 | |
| 6 | Epoxy preamp and HV bias cards to wire plates | 8 | 0 | |
| 7 | (a) Bolt together wire and spacer plates, (b) attach wheels, (c) move to Physical Science Building (PSB) | 8 | 0 | |
| 8 | In PSB clean-room: (a) string carbon-tube wires and in-between field wires, (b) HV test and fix problems, (c) string remainder of sense and field wires, (d) close detector, flow gas, bias HV and LV, test, (f) fix problems | 8 | 0 | |
| 9 | Prepare MWPCs for shipment to JLab | 8 | 0 | |

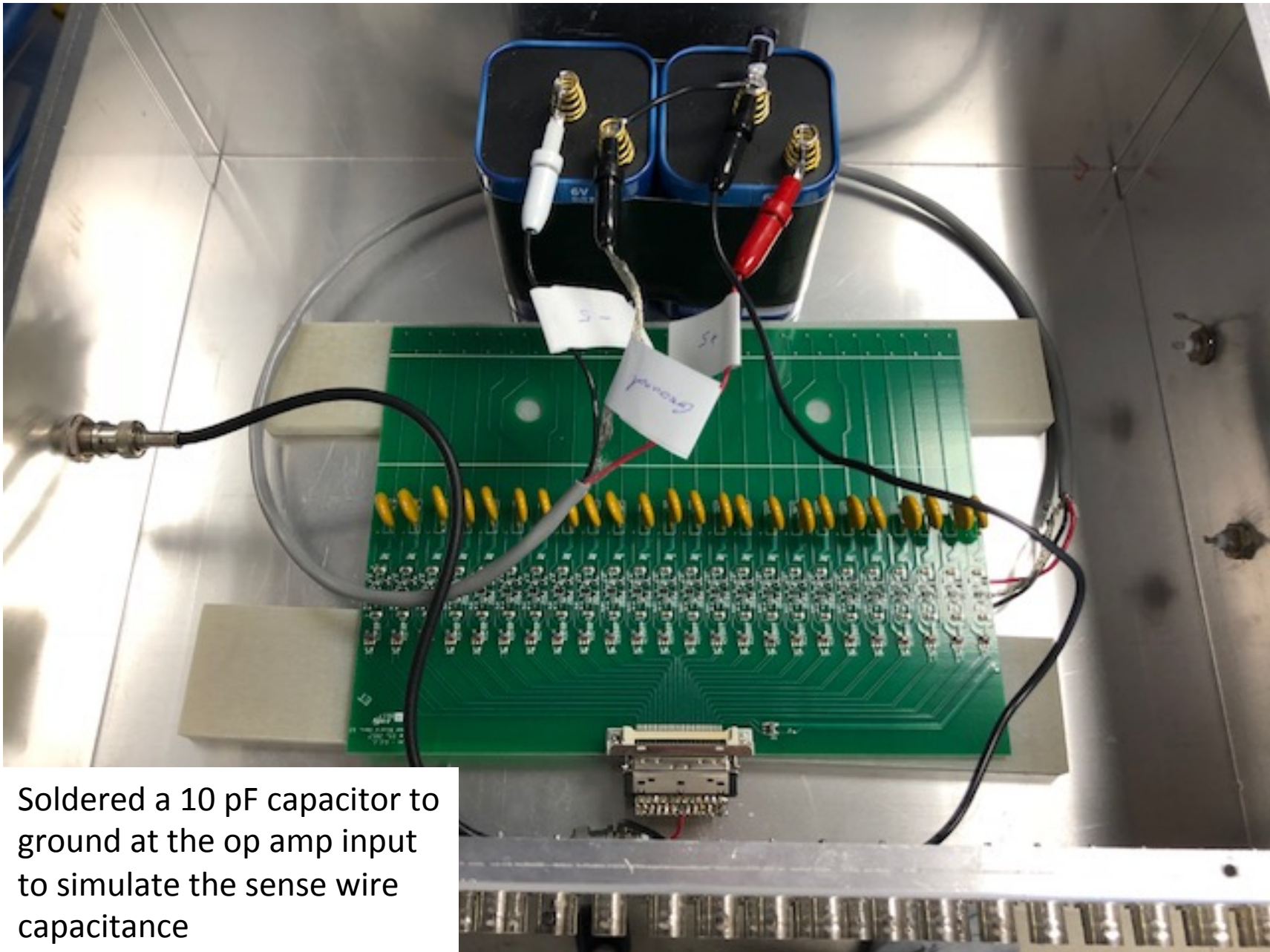
$$1/(2\pi R_F C_F) = \sqrt{(GBP)/(4\pi R_F C_D)}$$
 from T.I. application note

The equation predicts $C_F = 0.3 \text{ pF}$

We used 0.5 pF

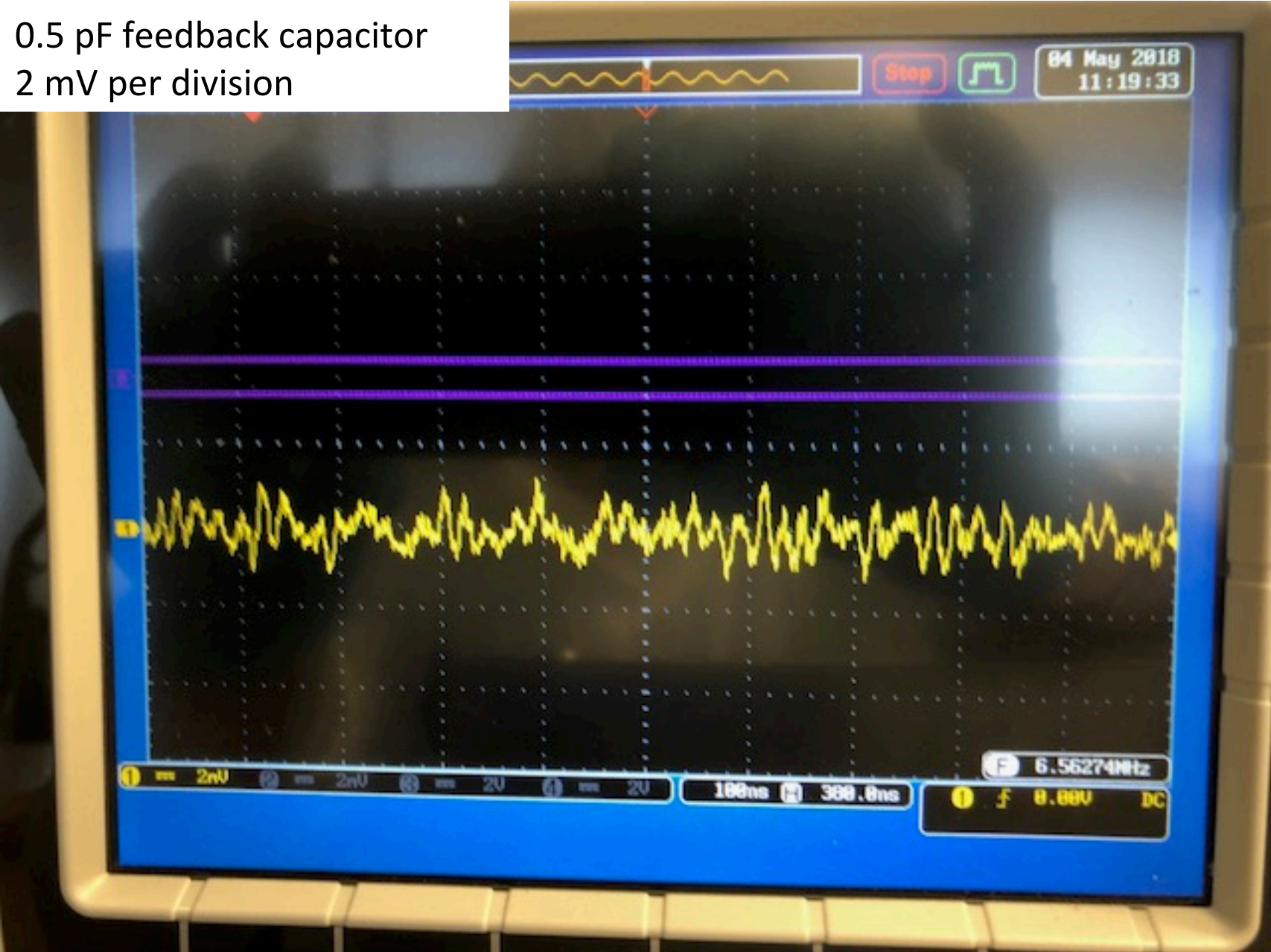


| | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|
| Title Sense Channel Circuit | | |
| Author Bobby Johnston UMass MENP | | |
| File C:\Users\Bobby\Desktop\Sense_Schematic | Document | |
| Revision 12 | Date June 19, 2017 | Sheets 1 of 1 |

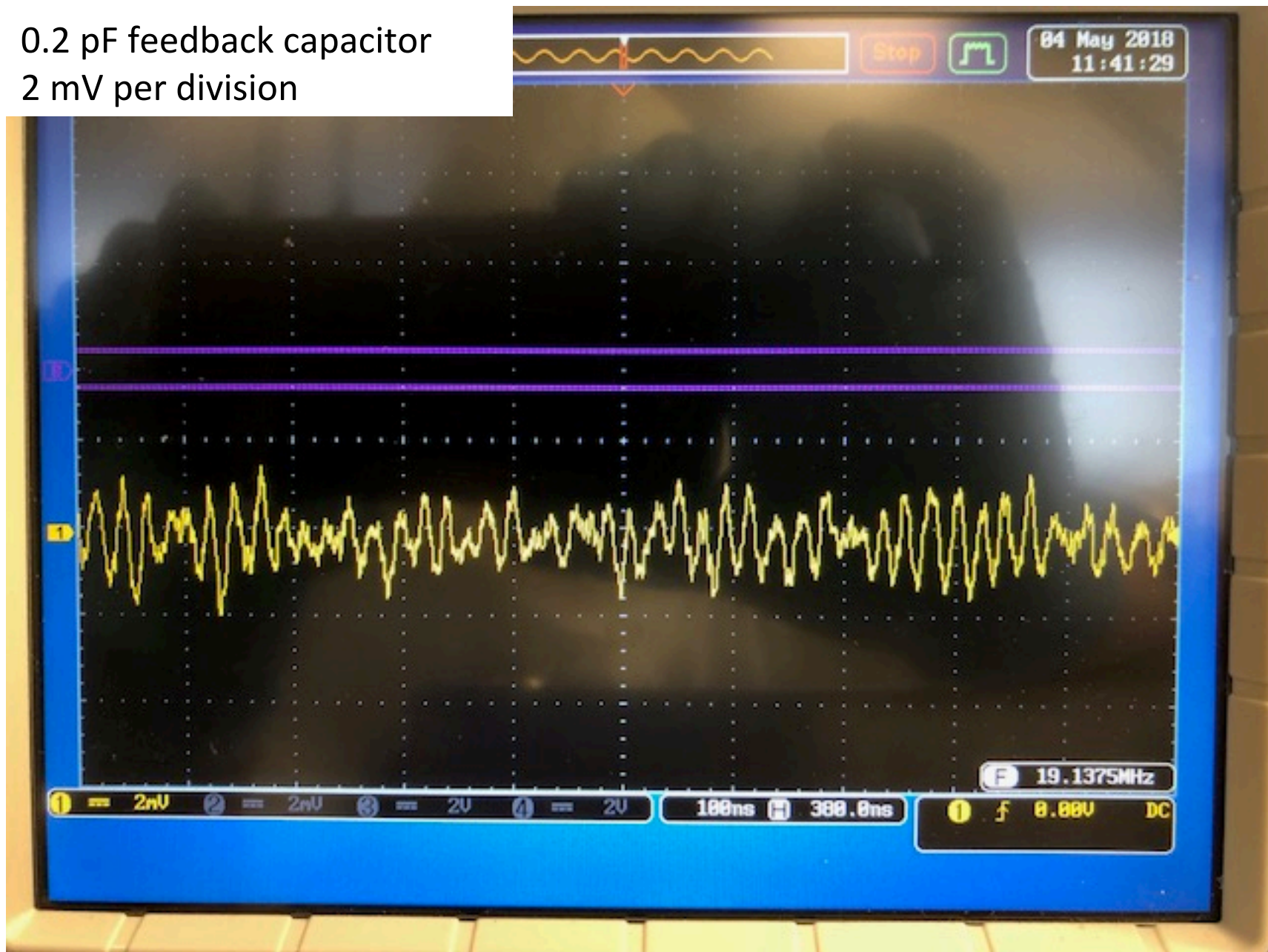


Soldered a 10 pF capacitor to ground at the op amp input to simulate the sense wire capacitance

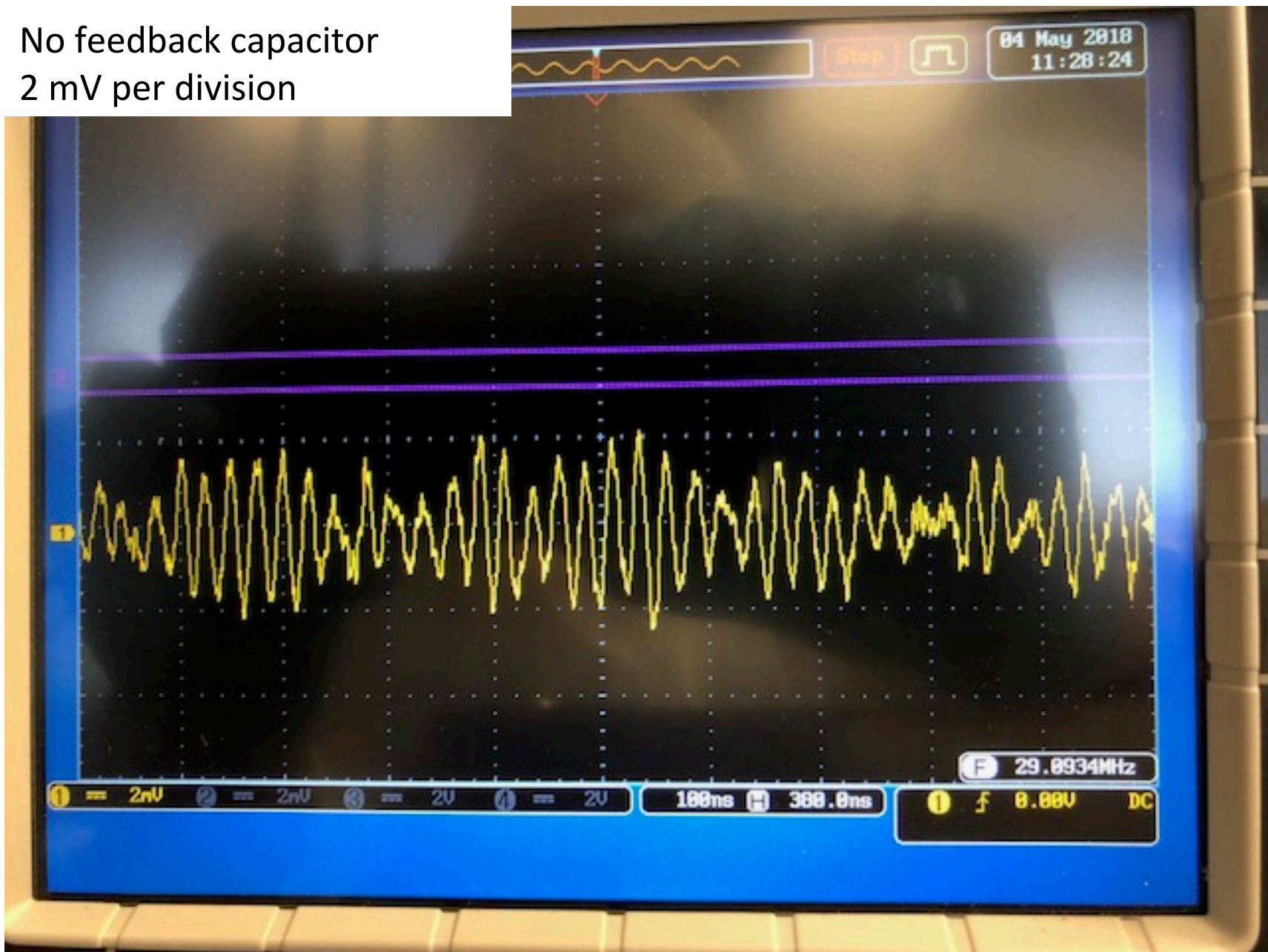
0.5 pF feedback capacitor
2 mV per division



0.2 pF feedback capacitor
2 mV per division



No feedback capacitor
2 mV per division



Conclusion:

- 0.5 pF is probably close to the optimal value for the feedback capacitance
- No need to change electronics

Move ahead with the next stages of construction:

- Size the electronics cards using a belt sander.
- Attach the HV blocking capacitors to the preamp cards
- Test preamp cards
- Epoxy the preamp and HV cards to the wire plates





Proposed analysis

- Standard GlueX ρ^0 analysis is fully exclusive? Requires detection of the recoil proton, π^+ and π^- ? Energy to satisfy the trigger requirement comes from the proton, pions, or both.
 - Because of the requirement for recoil proton detection, the data doesn't go to very low t .
- Look for events with 2 charged tracks going into FCAL, without the recoil proton, where the energy deposited in FCAL is over trigger threshold.
 - Sometimes pions shower in FCAL, so we would trigger on some fraction, about 50%, of forward going $\pi^+\pi^-$ pairs.
 - The GlueX data are for proton target, where coherent processes are weak compared to a nuclear target. Nevertheless, in the invariant mass distribution would expect to see:
 - i. The low-mass, low- t tail of the ρ^0
 - ii. Bethe-Heitler e^+e^- pairs, not muon pairs since muons don't shower
 - iii. $\pi^+\pi^-$ Primakoff events.