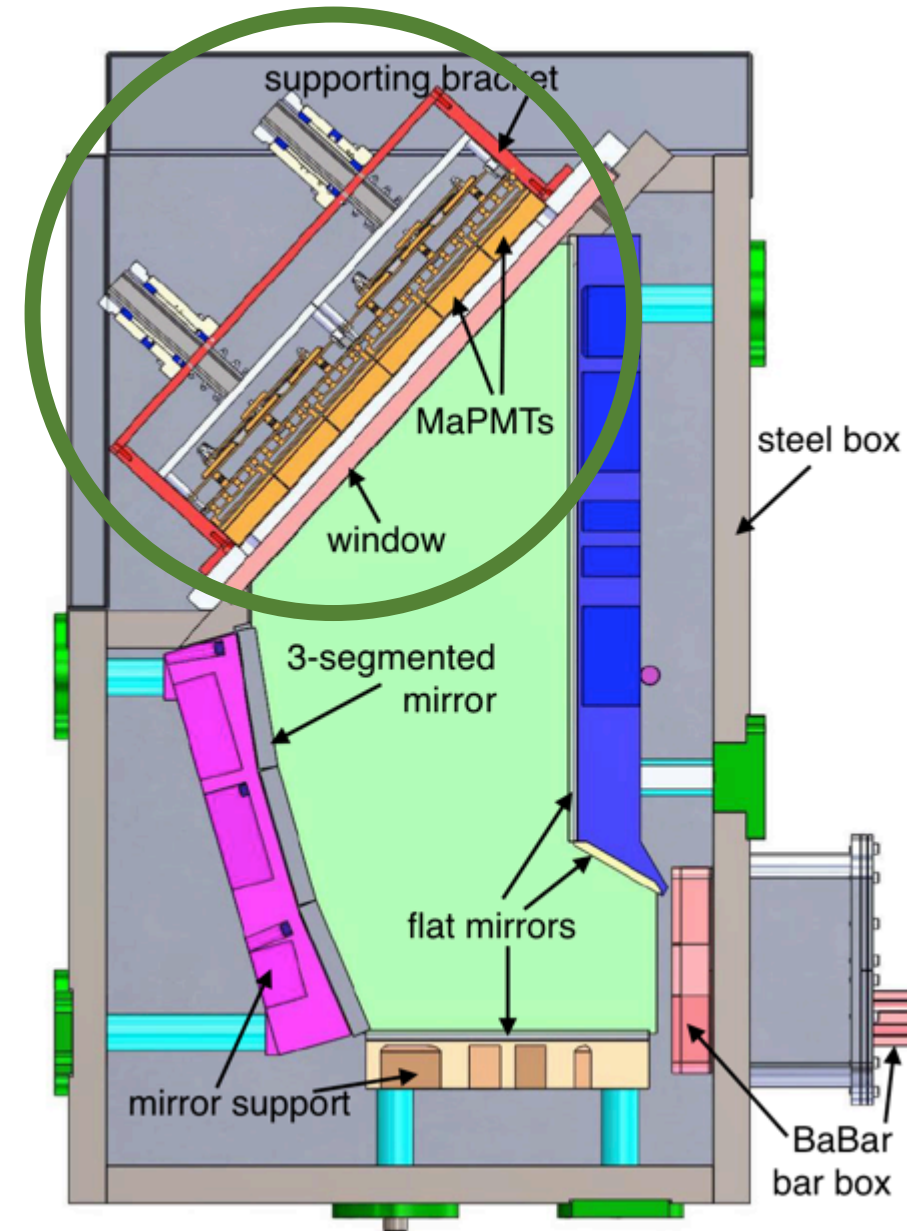


# Optimization of the PMTs layout

Maria Patsyuk and Roman Dzhygadlo

# Motivation

- We need  $18 \times 6 \times 2 = 216$  PMTs for full equipment of the GlueX DIRC
- We ordered  $18 \times 5 \times 2 = 180$  PMTs
- Simulation can show how to distribute those PMTs over the window of the optical box optimally
- In case some PMTs arrive later, we can equip first the most important part of the phase space

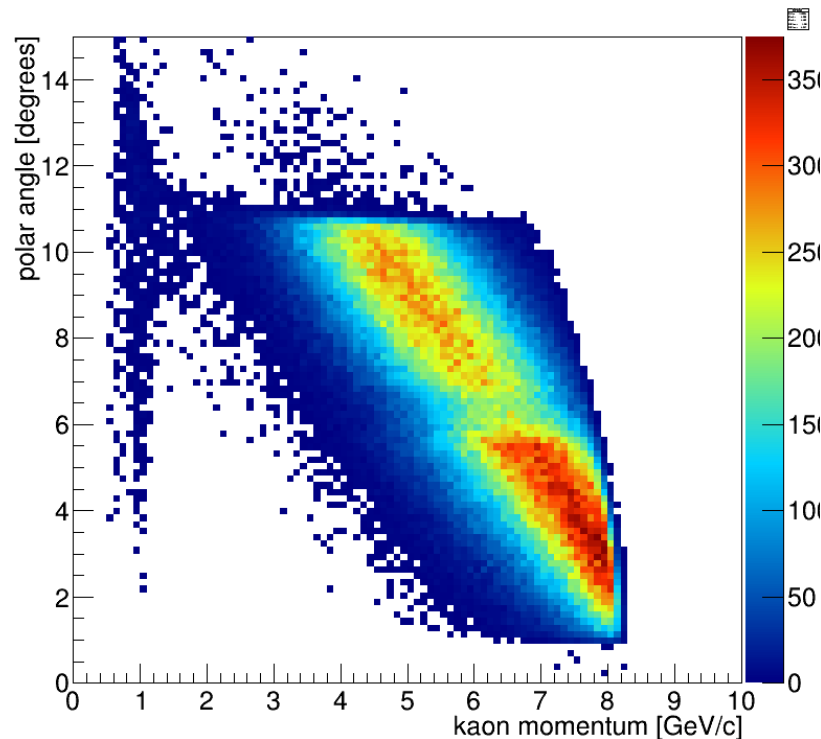


# Simulation

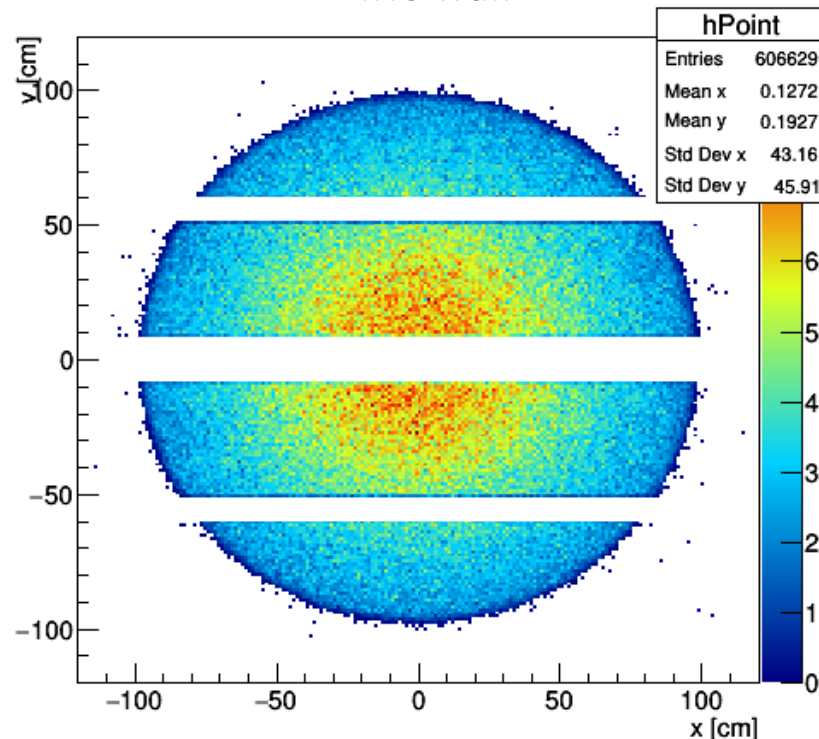
- DIRC eventually delivers PID likelihoods
- Reconstruction method is currently under implementation:
  - Does not reconstruct the shape!
  - Detector resolution is approximately  $1/\sqrt{N_{\text{pho}}}$
- Photon yield is an important observable:
  - Characterizes the detector resolution

# Simulated reaction: phi1850, 1 Mil events

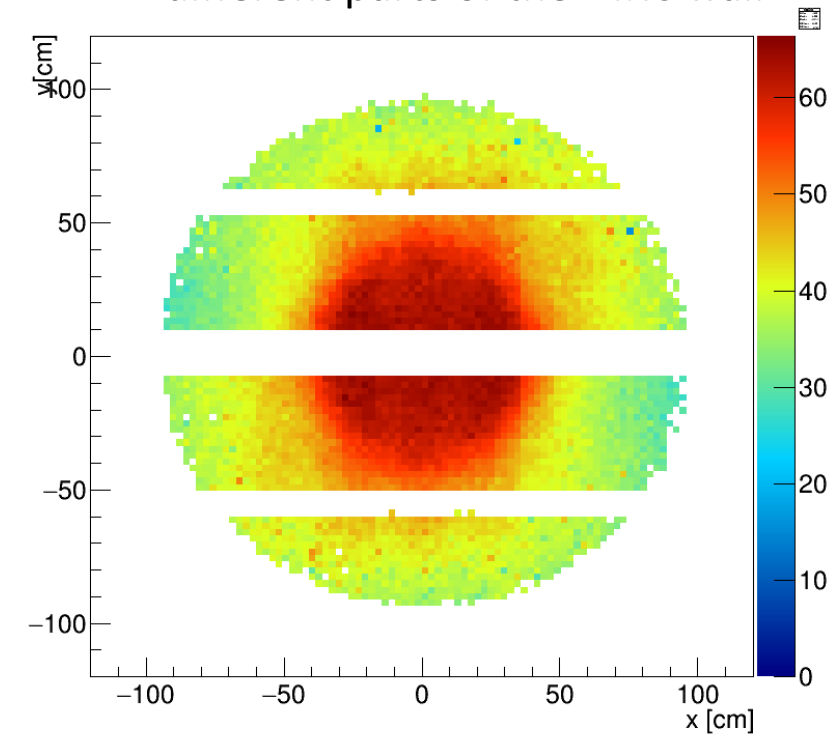
Momentum and polar angle of the detected kaons. Kaons with  $p > 2.5$  GeV/c emit maximum number of Cherenkov photons per unit length



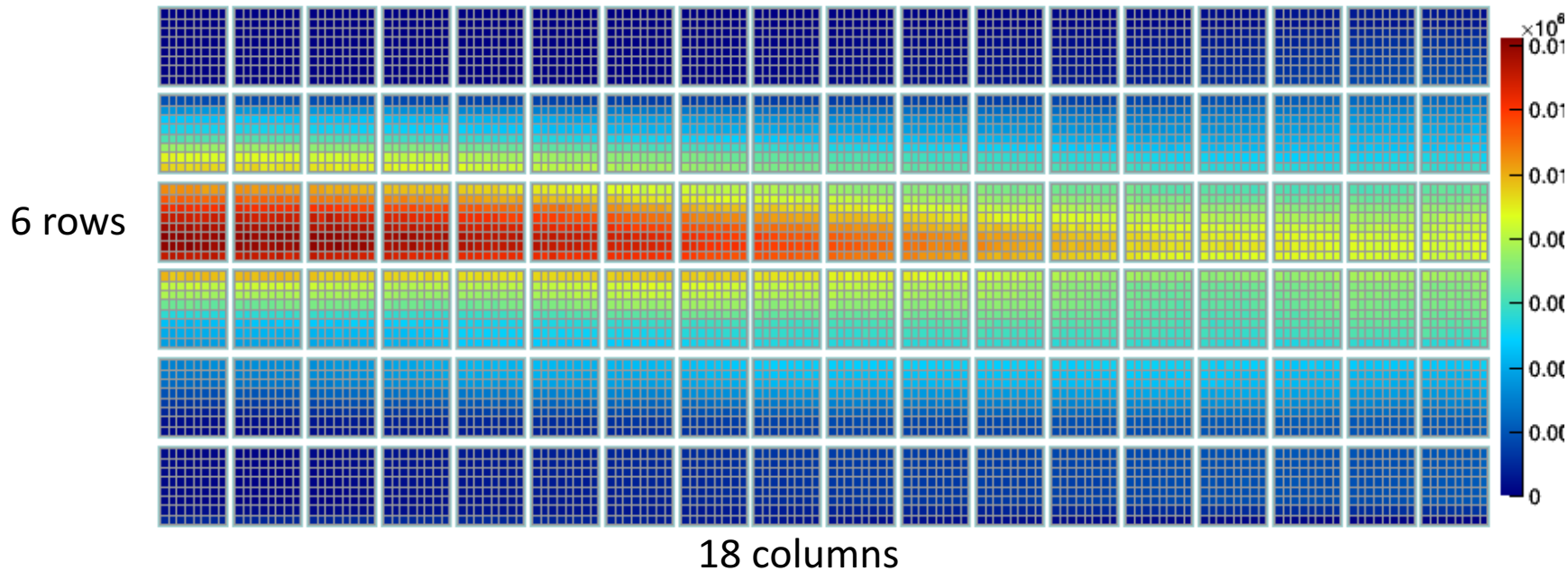
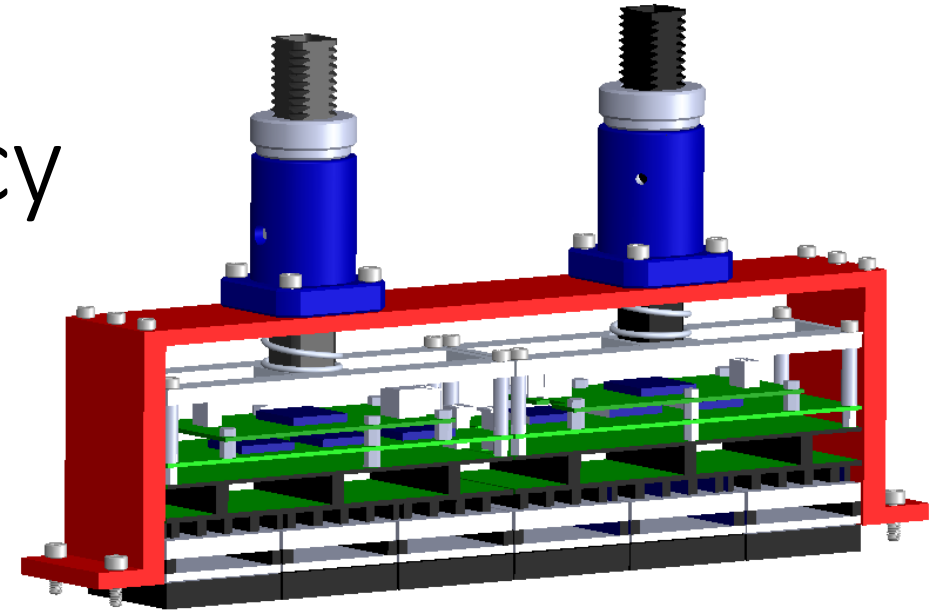
Distribution of kaons on the DIRC wall



Photon yield per track for different parts of the DIRC wall



# Cumulative photon occupancy

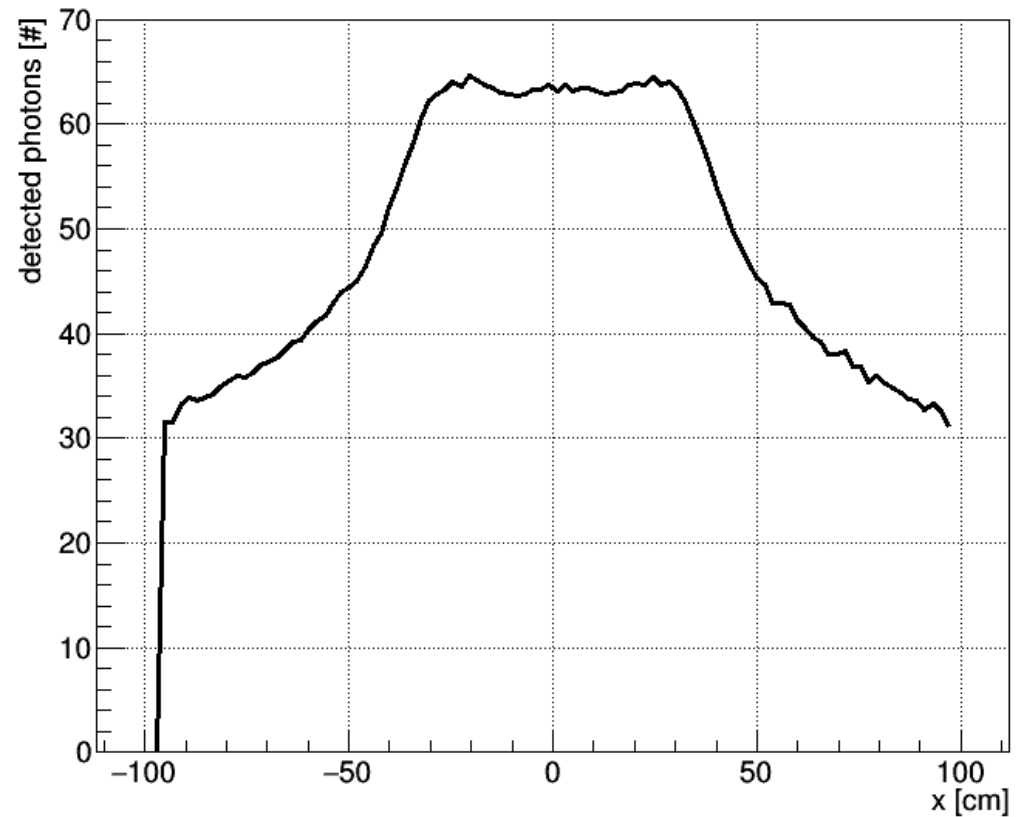
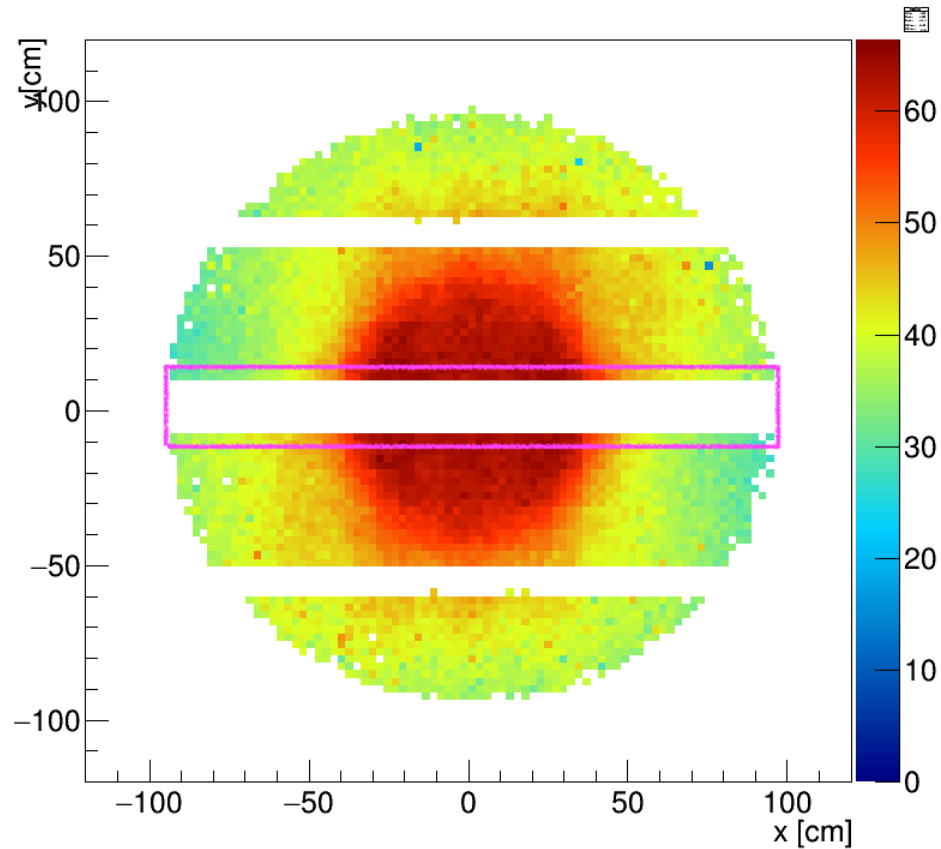


# Baseline photon yield

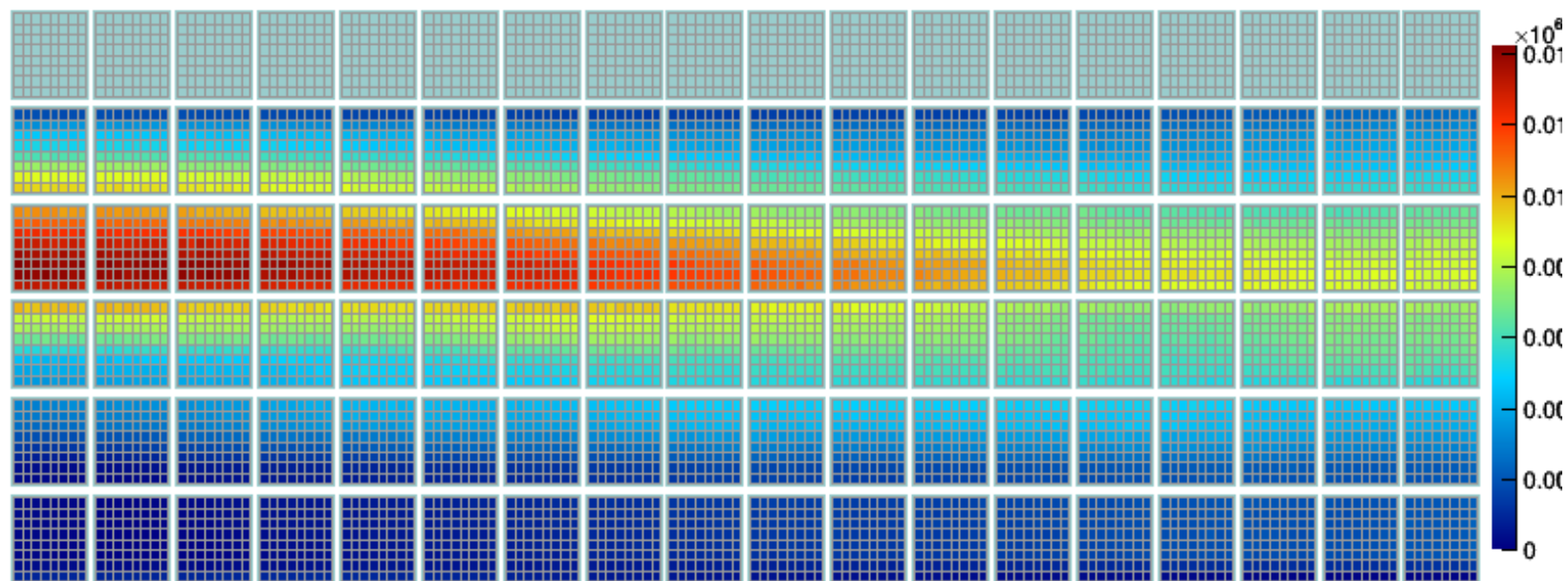
65 photons / track for perpendicular incidence

Estimation based on SuperB prototype: 32 photons / track

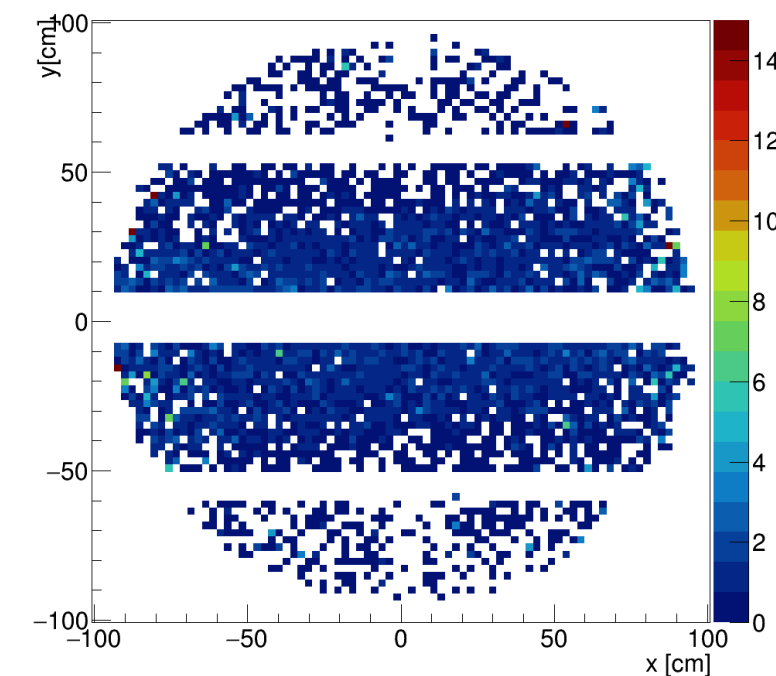
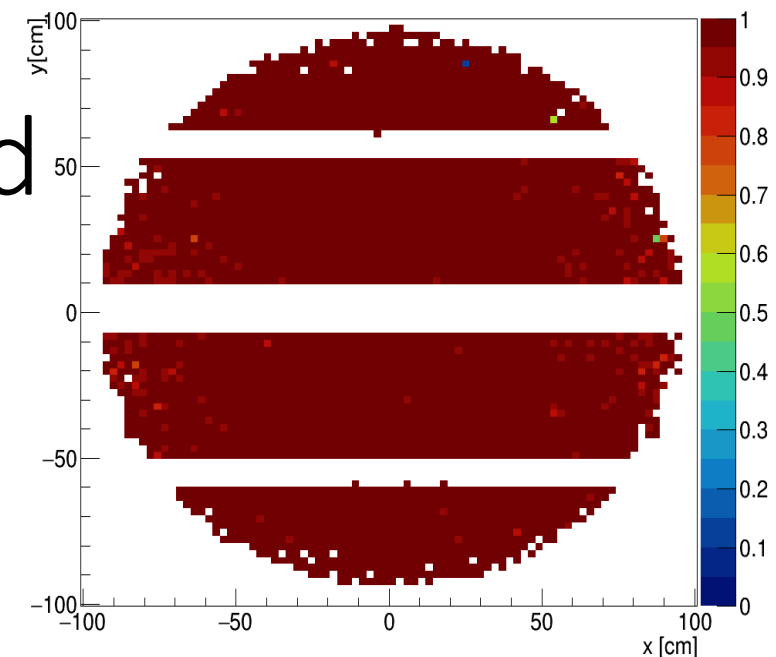
Estimation based on the PANDA Barrel DIRC prototype test beams: 65 photons /track



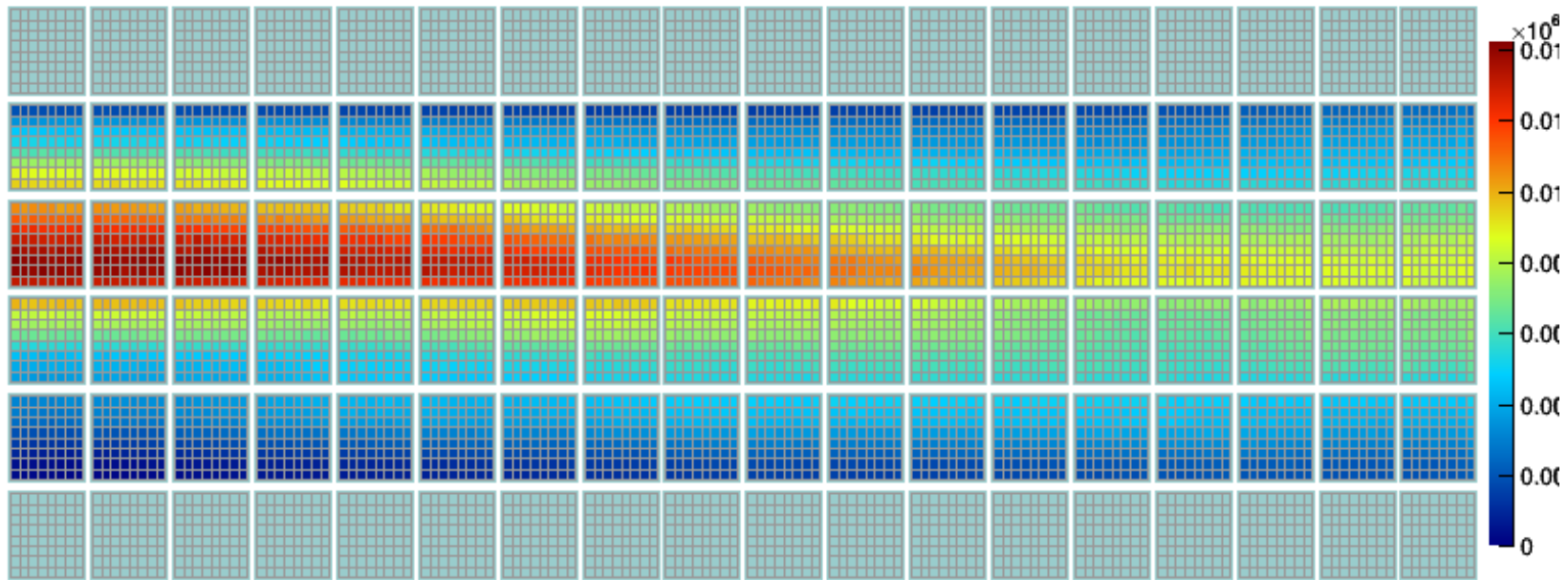
# #1: 5 rows, upper row is not equipped



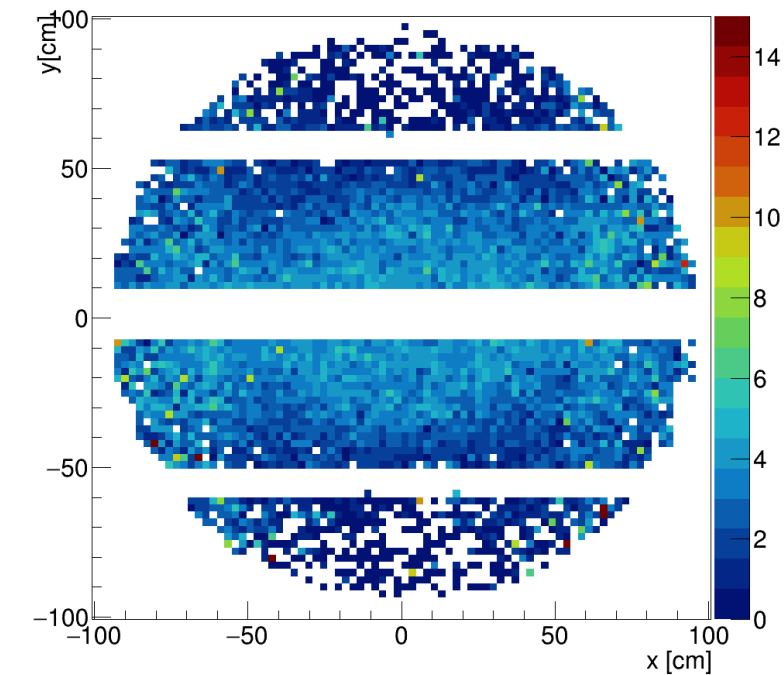
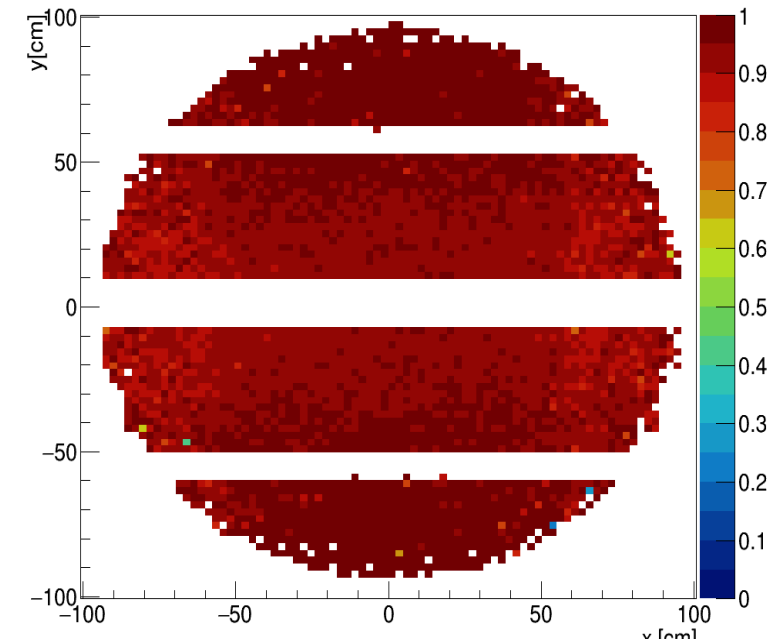
Photon loss is less than 5%, which is up to 3 photons/track



## #2: 4 rows and 18 columns

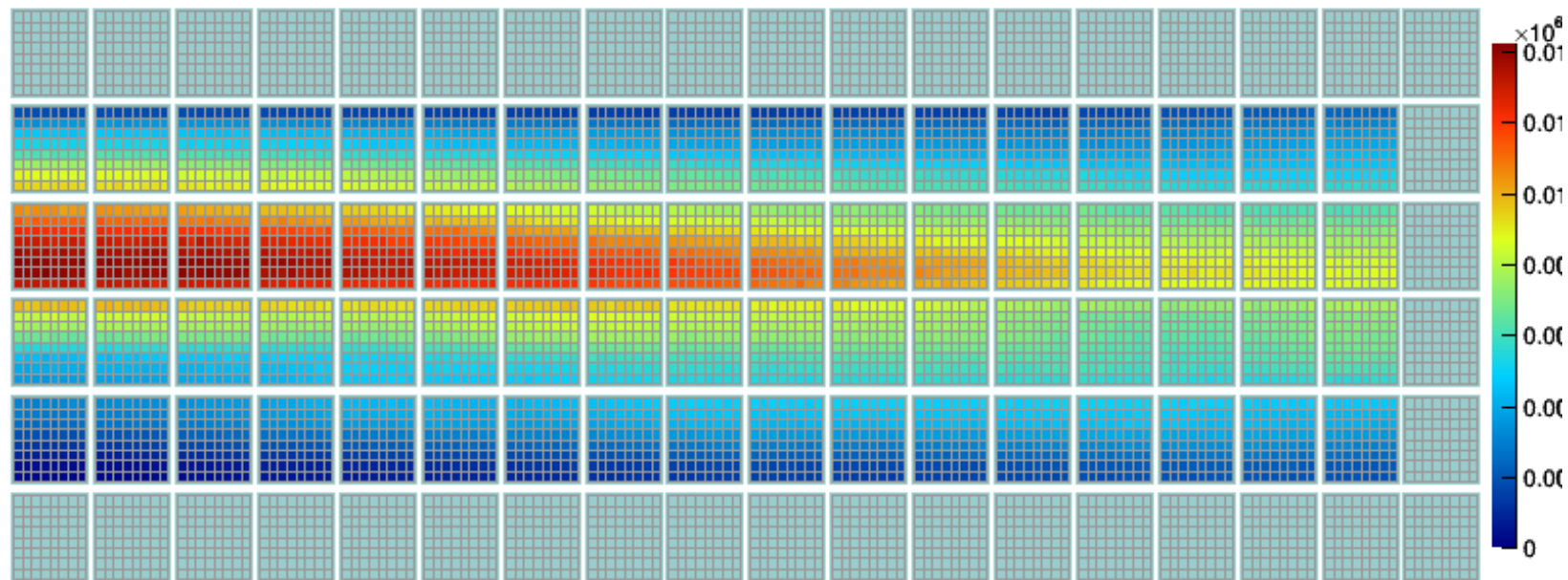


Photon loss is less than 10%, which is up to 5 photons/track

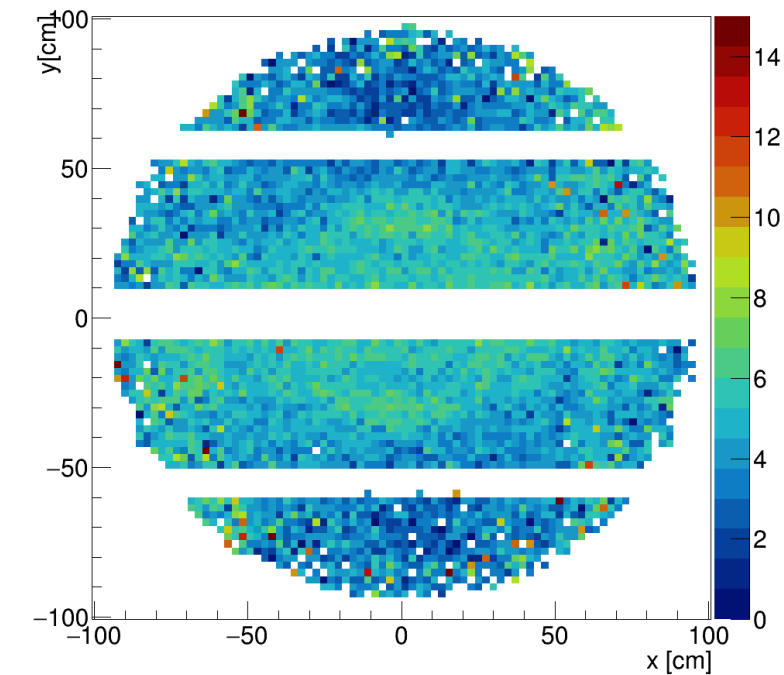
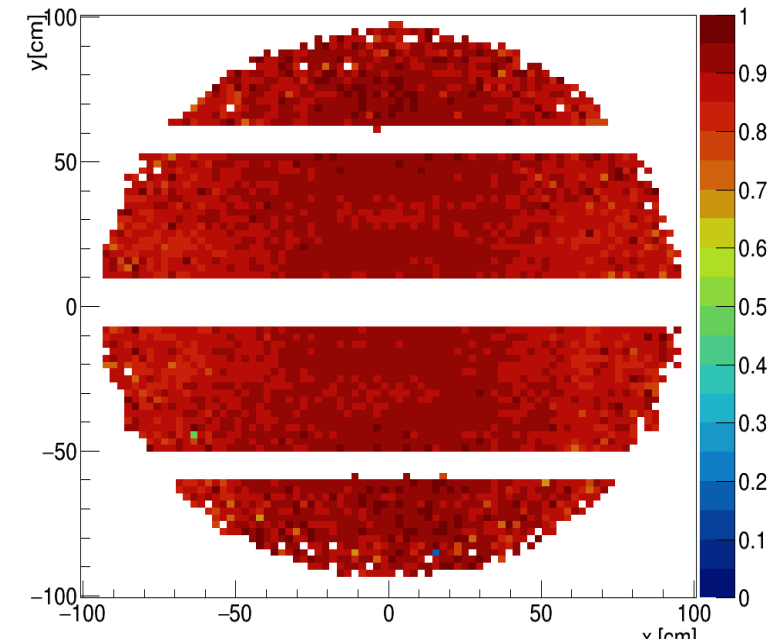




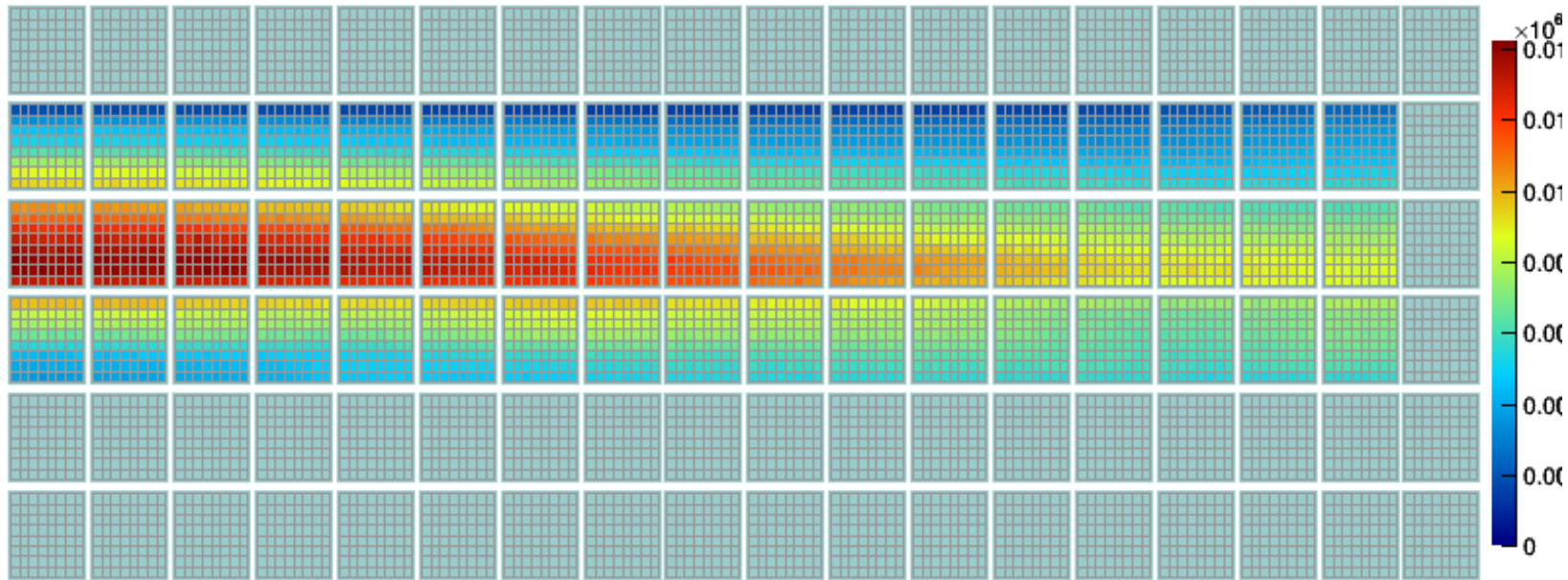
# #3: 4 rows and 17 columns



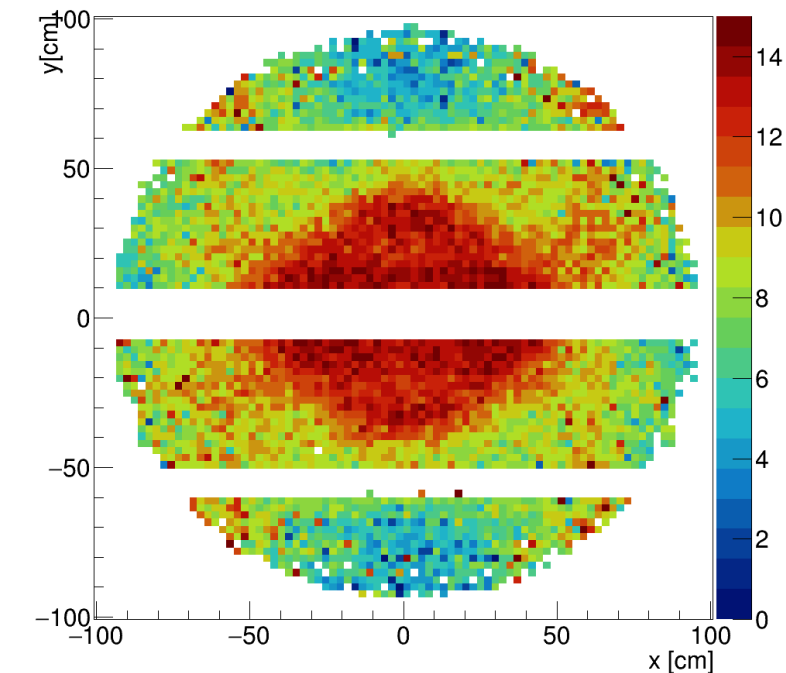
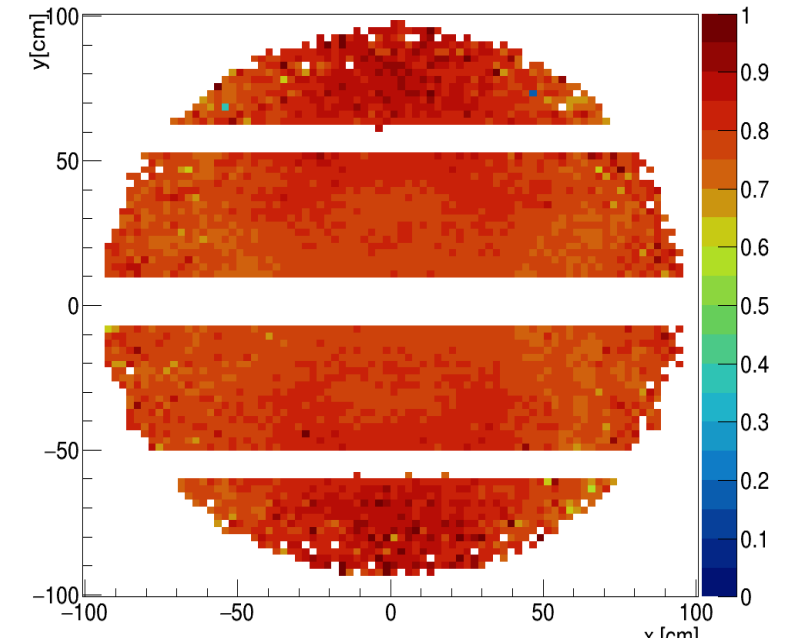
Photon loss is less than 15%, which is up to 7 photons/track



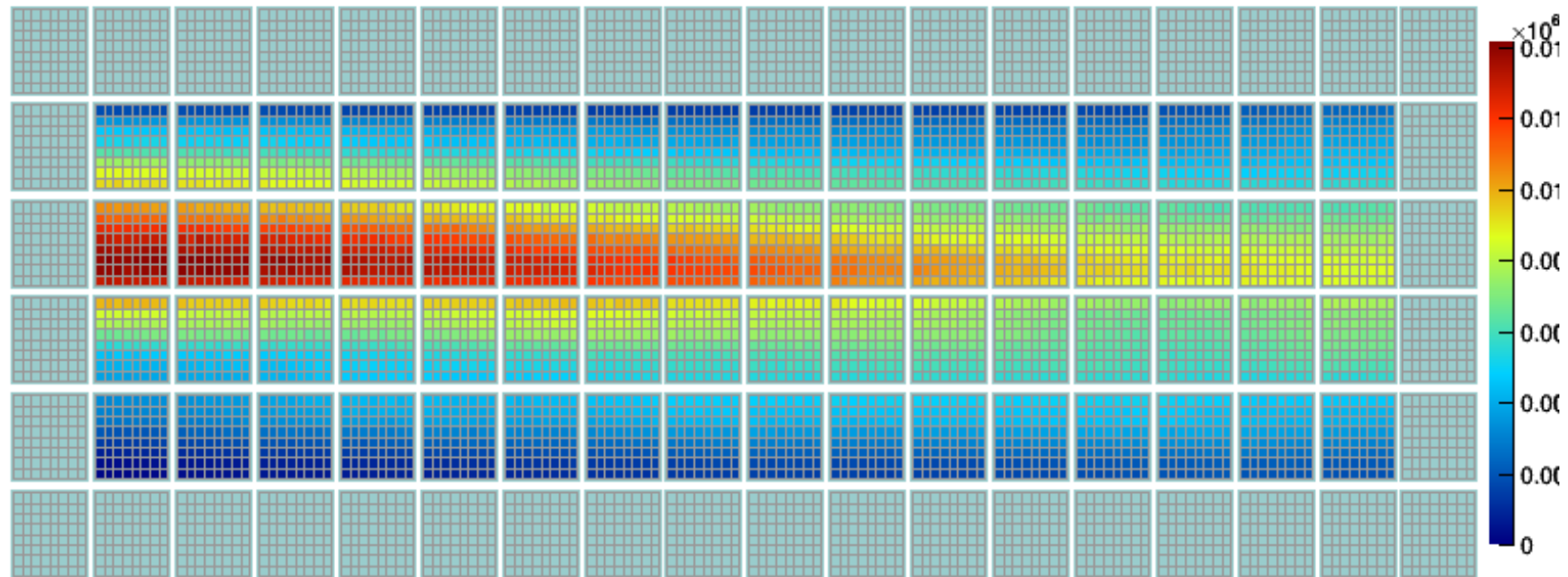
# #4: 3 rows and 17 columns



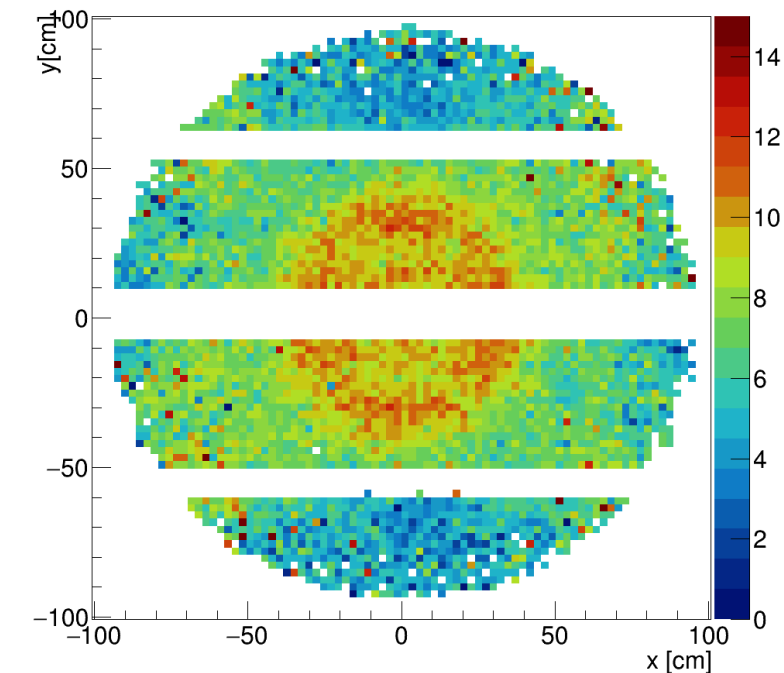
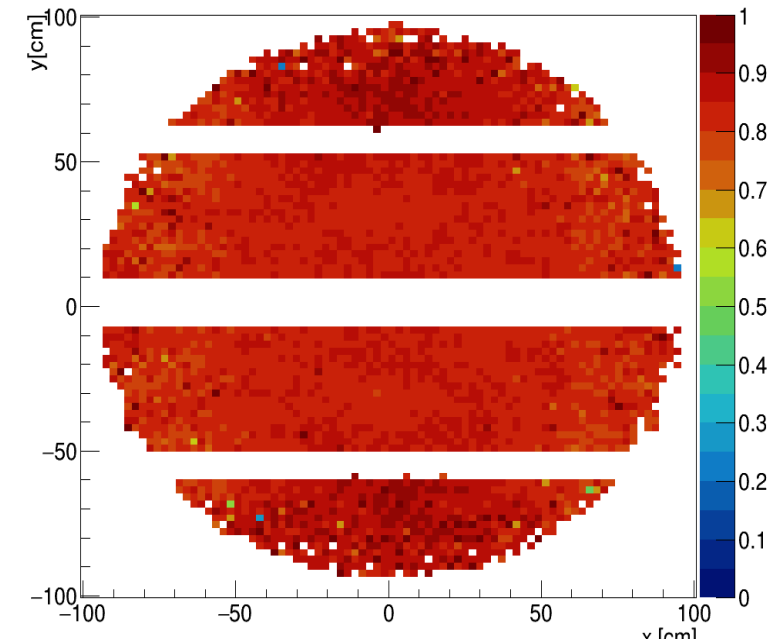
Photon loss is less than 40%, which is up to 15 photons/track



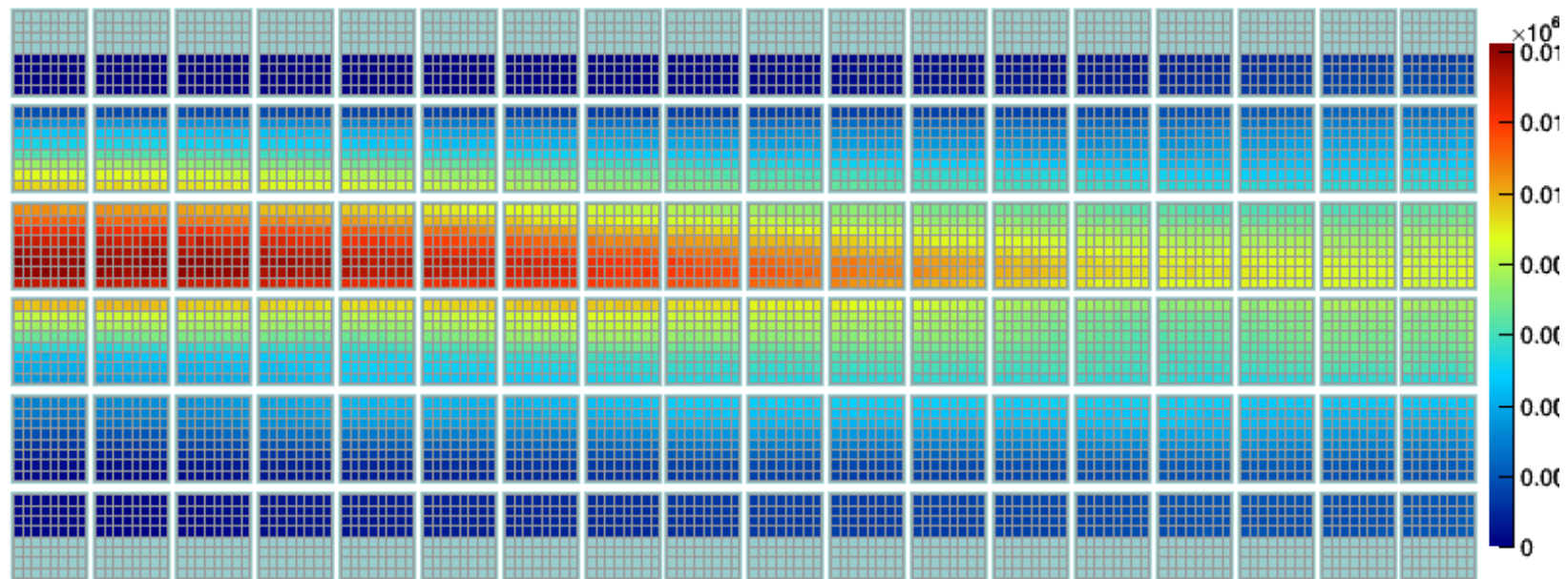
# #6: 4 rows and 16 columns



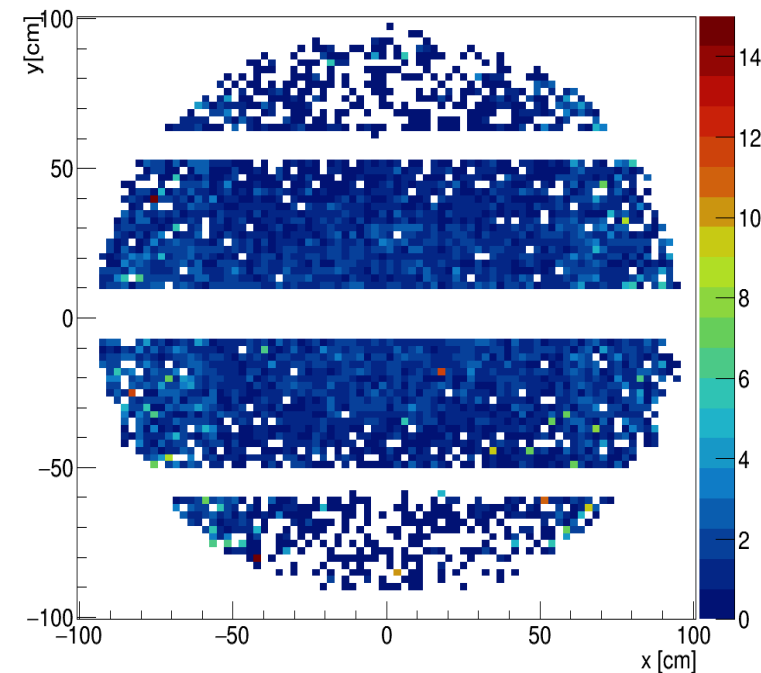
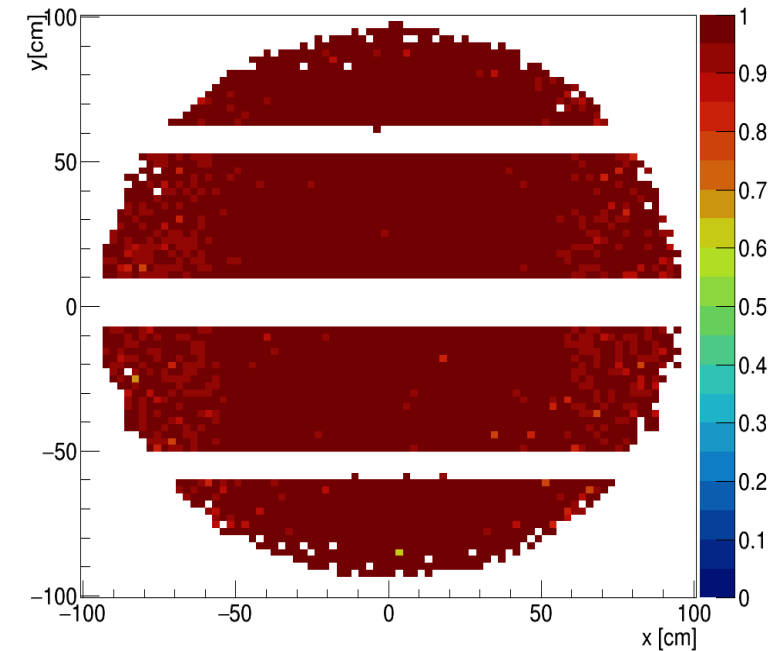
Photon loss is less than 30%, which is up to 13 photons/track



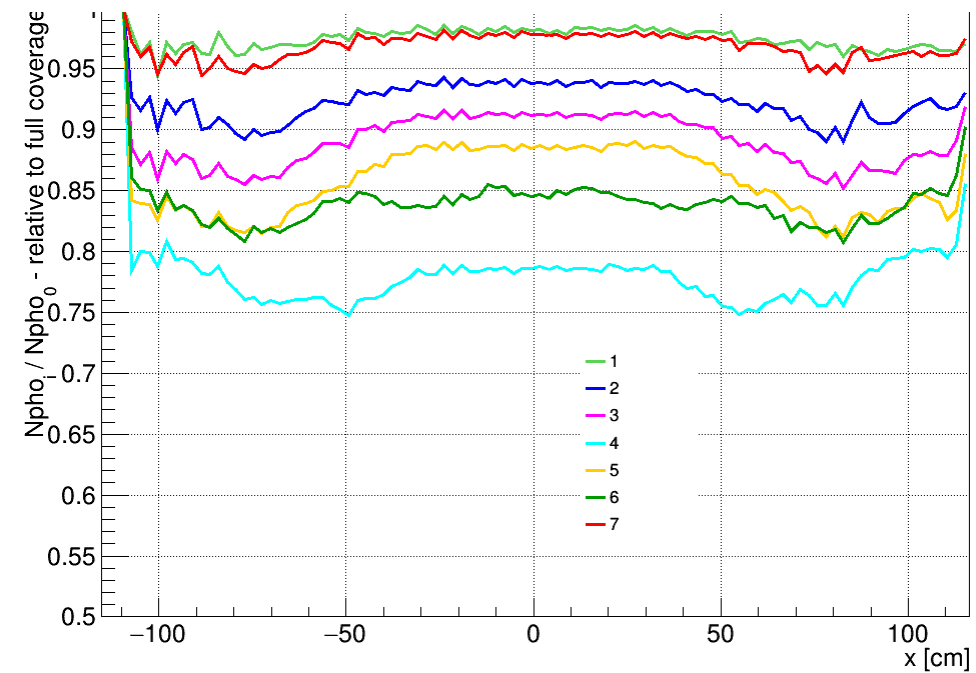
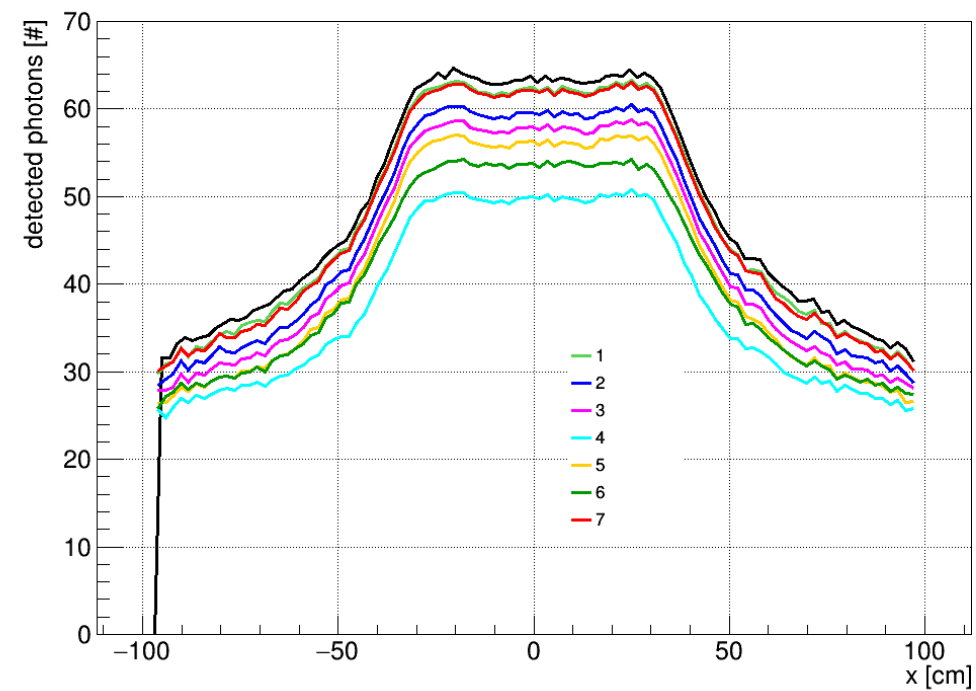
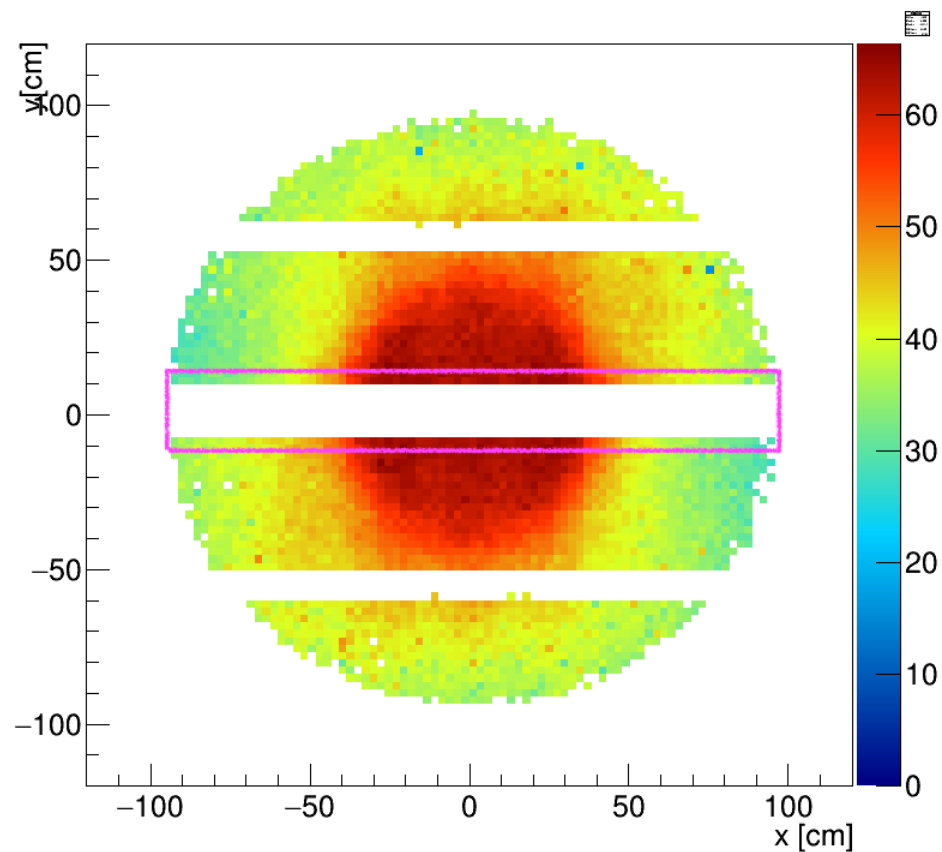
# #7: 5 centered rows



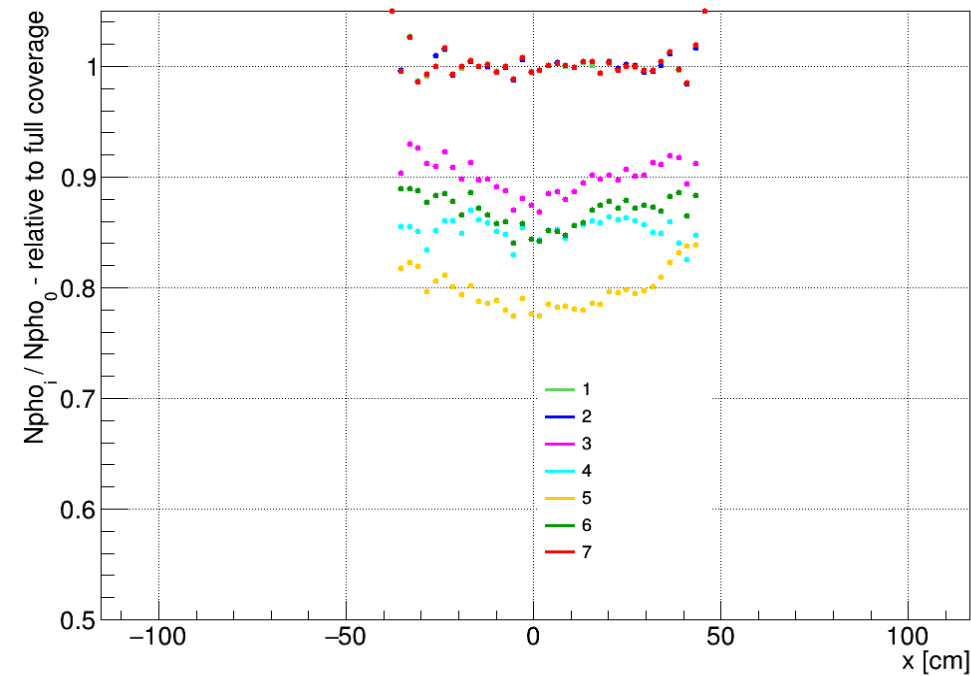
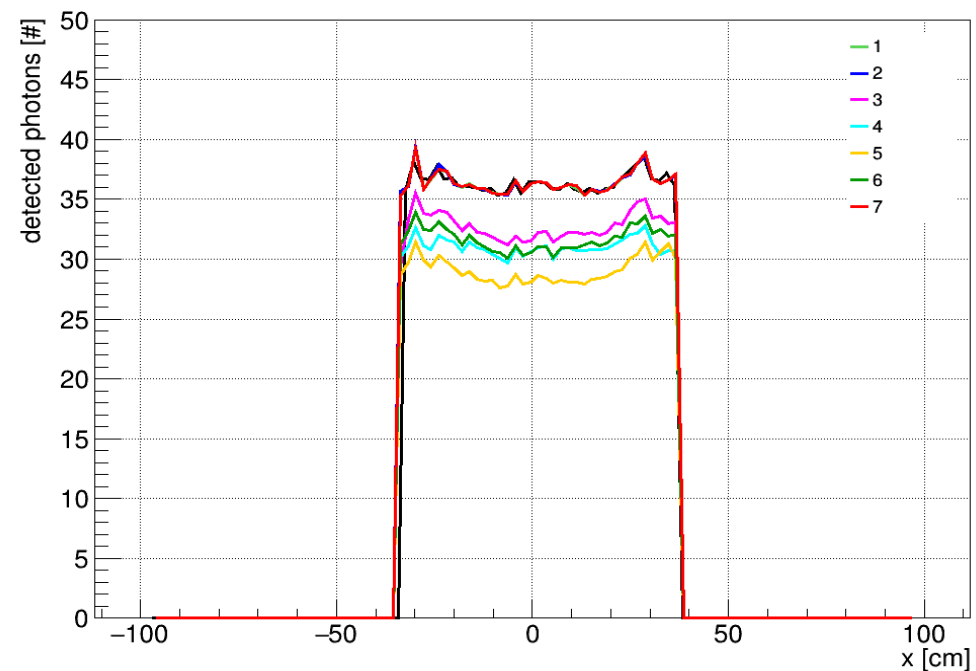
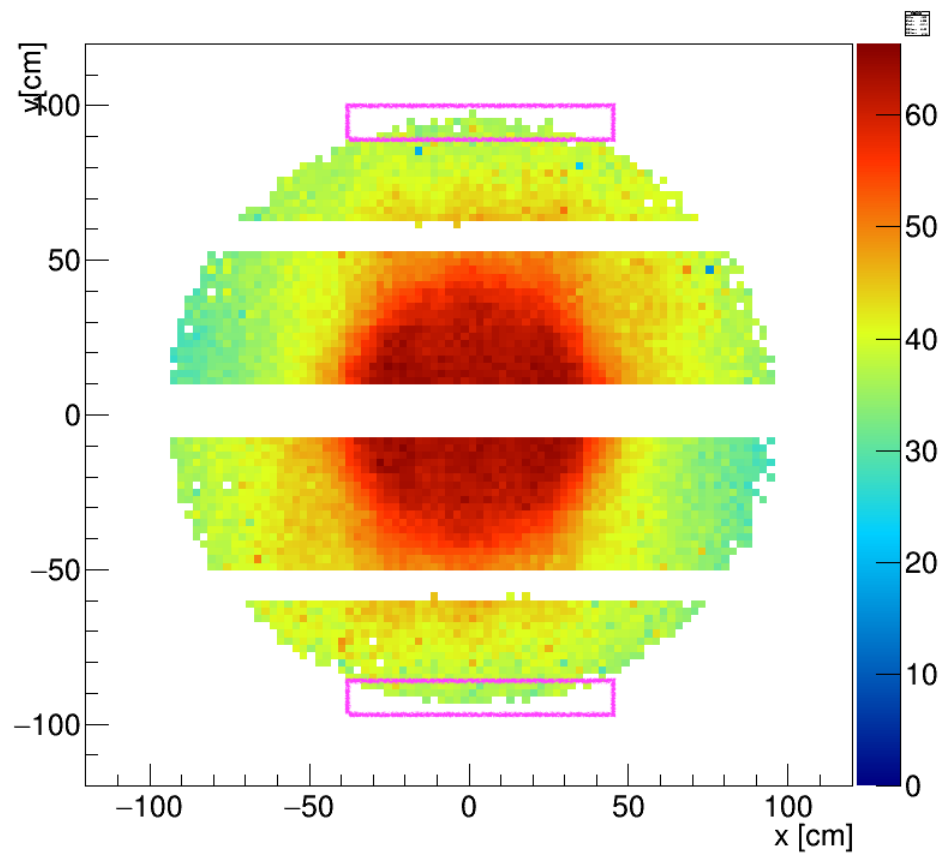
Photon loss is less than 5%, which is up to 3 photons/track (similar to #1)



# Photon yield for the middle bars



# Photon yield for the edge bars



# Conclusions

- 5 equipped rows are expected to provide  $\sim 98\%$  photon yield compared to the full coverage
- It does not matter much: remove one edge row or center the remaining 5 rows

# Next steps

- Check with kaon gun and other reactions of interest
- Check reconstruction  $\rightarrow$  likelihoods