

# YAGA

yet another geometry approach

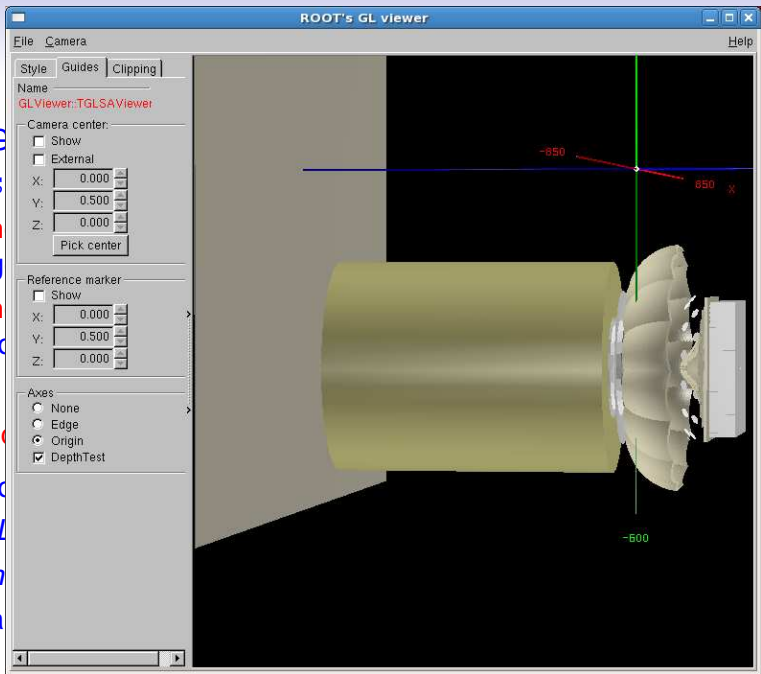
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# The Detector Geometry

- Geometry defined in  
`${HALLD_HOME}/src/programs/Simulation/hdds`
- **hdds-geant** generates geometry `hddsGeant3.F` for the geant3 based Monte Carlo
- **hdds-root** generates geometry `hddsroot.C` for interactive root session.

use **hddsroot.C** interactively in root:

- `root`
- `.L hddsroot.C`
- `hddsroot()`
- and use the gui:



- G
- \$
- h
- g
- h
- r
- use h
- r
- .L
- h
- a

# Use hddsroot.C in DANA

Modify hddsroot.C to **hddsroot.cc** in my private HDGEOMETRY

```
#include "DRootGeometry.h";
TGeoManager * hddsroot()
{
//
// This file has been generated automatically via the
// utility hdds-root directly from main_HDDS.xml
// (see ROOT class TGeoManager for an example of use)
//
//gSystem->Load("libGeom");
//TGeoRotation *rot;
//TGeoNode *Node, *Node1;

//TGeoManager *detector = new TGeoManager("hddsroot","hddsroot.C");
//-----List of Materials and Mixtures-----
.
.
.
//Double_t *origin = new Double_t[3];
//origin[0] = 450; origin[1] = -50; origin[2] = -200;
//TGeoBBox *clip = new TGeoBBox("CLIP",300,300,300,origin);
//gGeoManager->SetClippingShape(clip);
//gGeoManager->DefaultColors();
//gGeoManager->SetVisLevel(9);
//HALL->Raytrace();
return gGeoManager;
}
```

# The Header file

## The header file **DRootGeometry.h**

```
#include <TROOT.h>
#include <TGeoManager.h>
#include <TGeoMaterial.h>
#include <TGeoMedium.h>
#include <TGeoVolume.h>
#include <TGeoPgon.h>
#include <TGeoMatrix.h>

TGeoManager* hddsroot();
```

USE hddsroot.cc and DRootGeometry.h in the DANA framework

# Use hddsroot.cc in DANA

## my small MyProcessor.cc DANA program

```
//  
// MyProcessor.cc  
//  
#include <iostream>  
using namespace std;  
#include "HDGEOMETRY/DRootGeometry.h"  
...  
jerror_t MyProcessor::brun(JEventLoop *eventLoop, int runnumber) {  
    TGeoManager *DGeom = hddsroot();  
    Double_t TotRadLen = 0;  
    DGeom->InitTrack(0.,0.,65.,0.,cos(85./180.*3.1415926),cos(5./180.*3.1415926));  
    while (!DGeom->IsOutside()) { // you should use this to propagate till outside  
        TGeoNode *cnod = DGeom->FindNode();  
        Double_t RadLen = cnod->GetMedium()->GetMaterial()->GetRadLen();  
        DGeom->FindNextBoundary();  
        Double_t len = DGeom->GetStep();  
        const Double_t *cpoint = DGeom->GetCurrentPoint();  
  
        if (RadLen==0) {  
            cout<<"Error RadLen is zero! at point "<<*cpoint<<" "  
                <<*(cpoint+1)<<" "<<*(cpoint+2)<<endl;  
            cout<<"Geometry tree: "<<path<<endl;  
        }  
        if ((*cpoint+2)<500)&&RadLen!=0.)  
            TotRadLen += len/RadLen;  
        DGeom->Step();  
    }  
    cout<<"Total Radiation Length: "<<TotRadLen<<endl;  
    return NOERROR;  
}
```

# And it works (sort of)

## the result:

```
Begin of run
Initialize geometry
Info in <TGeoManager::TGeoManager>: Geometry Geometry, default geometry created
Info in <TGeoManager::SetTopVolume>: Top volume is SITE. Master volume is SITE
Error in <TGeoMaterial::SetRadLen>: Invalid material (null): a=0.000000 z=0.000000 -> user va
Info in <TGeoManager::CheckGeometry>: Fixing runtime shapes...
Info in <TGeoManager::CheckGeometry>: ...Nothing to fix
Info in <TGeoManager::CloseGeometry>: Counting nodes...
Info in <TGeoManager::Voxelize>: Voxelizing...
Info in <TGeoManager::CloseGeometry>: Building cache...
Info in <TGeoNavigator::BuildCache>: --- Maximum geometry depth set to 100
Info in <TGeoManager::CloseGeometry>: 60774 nodes/ 374 volume UID's in default geometry
Info in <TGeoManager::CloseGeometry>: -----modeler ready-----
X= 0    Y=0    Z=65.
Name:    LIH2
Density: 0.0708
RadLen:  816.933
Total Radiation Length: 0.132619
```

It works **but**: Not all Materials have a radiation length set.  
Material\_HDDS.xml needs to be checked.  
hdds-root.cpp already modified to get radiation length for  
Vacuum correct;